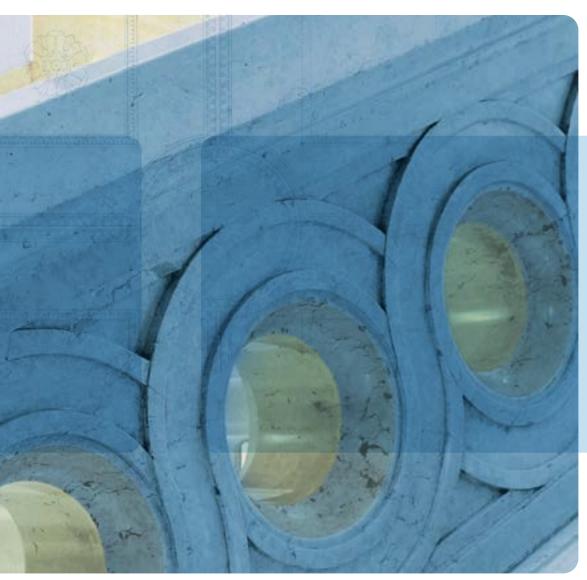
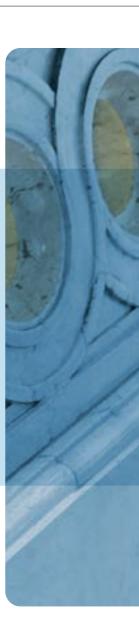


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CROATIAN NATIONAL BANK

BULLETIN 296

Zagreb, February 2025

General information on Croatia

Economic indicators

| | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|---------|---------|---------|--------|----------|-------|
| Population (million) ^a | 4.238 | 4.204 | 4.174 | 4.125 | 4.088 | 4.065 | 4.048 | 3.879 | 3.856 | 3.853 | |
| GDP (million EUR, current prices) ^b | 44,872 | 45,971 | 47,570 | 49,736 | 52,217 | 54,906 | 50,747 | 58,347 | 67,615 | 78,048 | |
| GDP per capita (in EUR) | 10,587 | 10,936 | 11,396 | 12,058 | 12,774 | 13,506 | 12,537 | 15,042 | 17,535 | 20,257 | |
| GDP – real year-on-year of growth (in %) | -0.6 | 2.3 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 3.1 | -8.3 | 12.6 | 7.3 | 3.3 | |
| Average HICP year-on-year inflation rate | 0.2 | -0.3 | -0.6 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 2.7 | 10.7 | 8.4 | 4.0 |
| Average CPI year-on-year inflation rate | -0.2 | -0.5 | -1.1 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 0.8 | 0.1 | 2.6 | 10.8 | 8.0 | 3.0 |
| Current account balance (million EUR)c | 132 | 1,172 | 996 | 1,673 | 583 | 1,348 | -674 | 318 | -2,345 | 320.8 | |
| Current account balance (as % of GDP) | 0.3 | 2.6 | 2.1 | 3.4 | 1.1 | 2.5 | -1.3 | 0.5 | -3.5 | 0.4 | |
| Current and capital account balance (million EUR) ^c | 314 | 1,478 | 1,687 | 2,132 | 1,257 | 2,252 | 394 | 1,713 | -676 | 2,541 | |
| Current and capital account balance (as % of GDP) | 0.7 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 4.3 | 2.4 | 4.1 | 0.8 | 2.9 | -1.0 | 3.3 | |
| Exports of goods and services (as % of GDP) | 41.9 | 45.0 | 46.7 | 49.5 | 49.9 | 51.3 | 41.3 | 49.9 | 59.6 | 53.3 | |
| Imports of goods and services (as % of GDP) | 42.3 | 44.8 | 45.6 | 48.8 | 50.8 | 51.7 | 48.3 | 52.6 | 65.9 | 55.5 | |
| Gross external debt (million EUR, end of year) ^c | 49,538 | 48,639 | 45,044 | 43,879 | 42,820 | 40,569 | 41,272 | 47,322 | 49,883 | 60,892 | |
| Gross external debt (as % of GDP) | 110.4 | 105.8 | 94.7 | 88.2 | 82.0 | 73.9 | 81.3 | 81.1 | 73.8 | 78.0 | |
| Net external debt (million EUR, end of year) ^c | 25,548.1 | 23,387.1 | 19,450.9 | 15,575.2 | 12,604.0 | 8,593.7 | 7,296.7 | 3,007.2 | 871.2 | -5,642.7 | |
| Net external debt (as % of GDP) | 56.9 | 50.9 | 40.9 | 31.3 | 24.1 | 15.7 | 14.4 | 5.2 | 1.3 | -7.2 | |
| Exchange rate on 31 December (USD : 1 EUR) | 1.214 | 1.089 | 1.054 | 1.199 | 1.145 | 1.123 | 1.227 | 1.133 | 1.067 | 1.105 | 1.039 |
| Average exchange rate (USD : 1 EUR) | 1.329 | 1.110 | 1.107 | 1.130 | 1.181 | 1.120 | 1.142 | 1.183 | 1.053 | 1.081 | 1.082 |
| Consolidated general government net lending (+)/borrowing (-) (million EUR) ^d | -2,303 | -1,598 | -496 | 272 | -22 | 124 | -3,670 | -1,489 | 95 | -667 | |
| Consolidated general government net lending (+)/borrowing (-) (as % of GDP) ^d | -5.1 | -3.5 | -1.0 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 0.2 | -7.2 | -2.6 | 0.1 | -0.9 | |
| General government debt (as % of GDP) ^d | 83.2 | 82.8 | 79.3 | 76.2 | 72.8 | 70.9 | 86.5 | 78.2 | 68.5 | 61.8 | |
| Long-term interest rates (annual, in %)e | 4.05 | 3.55 | 3.49 | 2.77 | 2.17 | 1.29 | 0.83 | 0.45 | 2.70 | 3.80 | 3.31 |
| Unemployment rate (ILO, persons above 15 years of age) ^f | 17.3 | 16.2 | 13.1 | 11.2 | 8.4 | 6.6 | 7.4 | 7.5 | 6.80 | 6.1 | |
| Employment rate (ILO, persons above 15 years of age) ^f | 43.3 | 44.2 | 44.6 | 45.8 | 46.9 | 47.6 | 47.3 | 48.3 | 49.3 | 49.5 | |

a The population estimate of the Republic of Croatia for 2000 is based on the 2001 Census and that for the 2001 - 2020 period on the 2011 Census. Population estimates in

a The population estimate of the Republic of Croatia for 2000 is based on the 2001 Census and that for the 2001 – 2020 period on the 2011 Census. Population estimates in 2021 and 2022 were calculated on the basis of the 2021 Census. Data for 2022 are preliminary.

b The GDP data are presented according to the ESA 2010 methodology. Data relating to the period before 1 January 2023 have been converted into euros at fixed exchange rate (1 euro = 7.53450 kuna). Data for 2020, 2021 and 2022 are preliminary.

c Balance of payments and external debt data are compiled in accordance with the methodology prescribed by the sixth edition of the Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Manual (BPM6) and the new sector classification of institutional units in line with ESA 2010.

d Fiscal data is shown according to the ESA 2010 methodology.

Average long-term government bond yield with a remaining maturity of about 10 years

Data for the 2007 – 2013 period are revised and therefore no longer comparable to data for the 2000 – 2006 period.

Sources: CBS, MoF, ECB and CNB.

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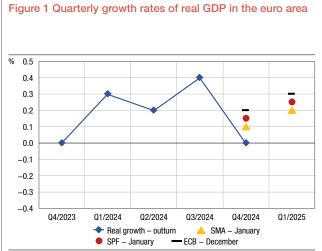


Information on economic, financial and monetary developments

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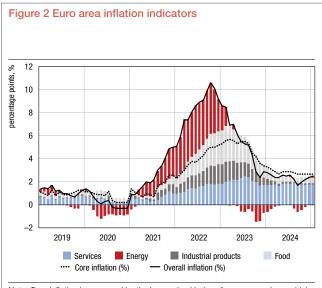
Summary

The euro area economy stagnated in the last quarter of 2024, although it had grown relatively strongly in the previous three months. Economic activity at year-end was weaker than expected, even excluding volatile data for Ireland, which recorded a 1.2% fall. Economic performance was modest across several of the largest euro area economies: Germany's economic activity, for example, contracted by 0.2%, and the French economy recorded an unexpected if slight drop of 0.1%, following strong growth in the summer months, when the Olympics were held. Economic activity in Italy stagnated, but in Spain it continued to grow at a rather strong pace (0.8%) and surprised on the upside in Portugal (1.5%). The adverse developments are in line with monthly confidence indicators, which forecast continued modest growth for the euro area economy, with a pronounced weakness in the manufacturing sector. As regards the first quarter of 2025, most of the available projections point to a gradual recovery (Figure 1). The euro area composite purchasing managers' index (PMI) shifted to the expansion range in January



Notes: The abbreviation ECB – December refers to the ECB's December projections of real growth in the euro area. (Broad Macroeconomic Projection Exercise, BMPE). The abbreviations SMA (Survey of Monetary Analysts) and SPF (Survey of Professional Forecasters) refer to the results of the ECB's January 2025 survey of market participants.

Sources: Eurostat and ECB.



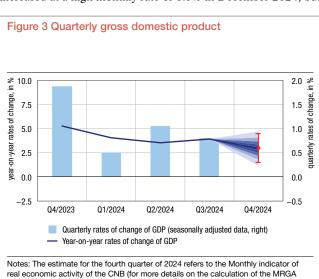
Note: Core inflation is measured by the harmonised index of consumer prices, which excludes energy, food, alcoholic beverages and tobacco prices.

Sources: Eurostat and CNB calculations

2025, with the manufacturing indicator showing signs of stabilisation in the contraction range. In contrast, the services sector indicator worsened, but remained in the expansion range.

According to Eurostat's flash estimate, euro area inflation accelerated slightly from 2.4% in December 2024 to 2.5% in January 2025 (Figure 2), which was entirely due to energy inflation increasing from 0.1% in December to 1.8% in January. In contrast, food inflation decelerated from 2.6% in December to 2.3% in January. Core inflation, which excludes energy and food prices, held steady at 2.7% in January, unchanged from the level recorded in the previous four months. Industrial goods inflation held steady at 0.5%, close to the long-term average in the pre-pandemic period. Services inflation slowed down slightly from 4.0% in December to 3.9% in January, but remained relatively high amid the continued strong growth of wages in some service activities. The momentum of overall euro area inflation, an indicator of current inflationary pressures, accelerated to 2.4% in January, mainly due to the strong growth of the momentum of energy inflation, while the core inflation momentum remained at 1.8%.

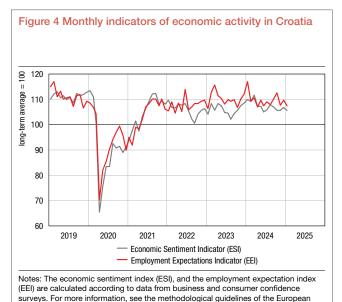
According to monthly data for the fourth quarter of 2024, Croatia's economic activity continued to grow, although somewhat more slowly than in the previous three months. According to the CNB's nowcasting model of economic activity, Croatia's real GDP growth in the fourth quarter could decelerate to 0.6% on a quarterly level, from 0.8% in the third quarter, and to 2.9%, from 3.9% in the third quarter, on an annual level (Figure 3). The continued expansion is primarily driven by an extremely strong growth of domestic demand and favourable developments in trade and construction. The real retail trade turnover rose by 2.1% at the end of the previous year from the quarter before, continuing the growth started at the beginning of 2023. Trade growth was boosted by the strengthening of foreign demand, resulting from the annual growth of tourist arrivals and nights (11% and 10%, respectively) in the fourth quarter, following a weaker performance in the peak tourist season. Construction developments remained favourable, with the sector recording a growth of 3.0% in October and November relative to the third quarter average. The industrial production volume increased at a high monthly rate of 6.3% in December 2024, but



Notes: The estimate for the fourth quarter of 2024 refers to the Monthly indicator of real economic activity of the CNB (for more details on the calculation of the MRGA indicator, see CNB survey Kunovac, D., and B. Spalat: "Nowcasting GDP Using Available Monthly Indicators"). The models are estimated on the basis of data published up to 31 January 2025. The red dot denotes an estimate of the quarterly change in real GDP, with historical errors of estimates within ±1 standard deviation. Sources: CBS (seasonally adjusted by the CNB) and CNB calculations.

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Commission.

Source: EC.

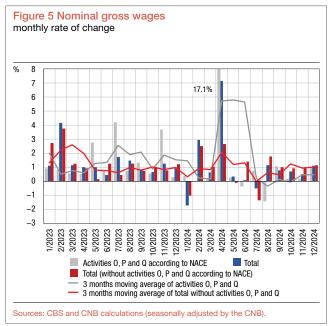
this was not enough to offset the decrease in the previous two

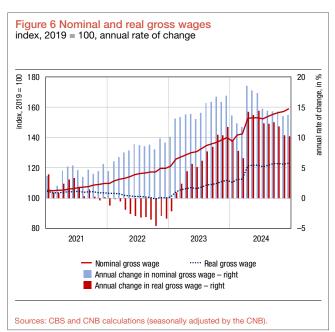
the fourth quarter of 2024 from the third quarter. The decrease was relatively broadly-based: it was only the production of intermediate goods and energy that grew from the previous quarter's average

months. As a result, industrial production decreased by 0.6% in

Although most survey indicators of consumer and business optimism in Croatia weakened at the beginning of the first quarter of 2025, they remained relatively high. Trade and service activity indicators weakened the most, but all indicators remained well above their long-term averages. Confidence improved only in industry early in the year, for the second month in a row, exceeding its long-term average. In line with the high levels of business and consumer optimism, the economic sentiment index (ESI) also considerably exceeds its long-term average, and employment is expected to continue growing in most activities (Figure 4).

Employment in the labour market continued to grow at a slower pace in the last quarter of 2024 and the unemployment rate continued to drop, while the nominal wage growth accelerated. The total number of employed persons in Croatia increased by 0.4% in the fourth quarter from 0.9% in the third quarter. Employment in public administration, education, health care and social services (activities O, P and Q) grew by 0.8%, increasing its contribution to total employment growth since April, while employment in the rest of the economy rose by 0.3%. There were slightly over 1.7m employed persons at the end of 2024, 3.6% more than in December 2023. The number of unemployed persons continued to fall in the last quarter of 2024 and was 6.6% lower than in the previous quarter. It dropped to approximately 90 thousand in December 2024, a decrease of 20.4% from the same month in 2023. The registered unemployment rate was below 5% of the labour force in December 2024 (seasonally adjusted data), dropping by 1.3 percentage points from the end of 2023. The average nominal gross wage grew at an accelerated rate of 2.4% in the fourth quarter of 2024 from 0.7% in the third quarter (Figure 5). The growth of wages in activities loosely comprising the public sector (O, P and Q) accelerated to 0.9% and in the rest of the economy to 3.2%. The average nominal gross wage grew at an annual rate of 13.8% in the fourth quarter, compared with 14.5% in the third quarter (Figure 6), up by 20.5% in the public sector and by 11.3% in the rest of the economy. Holding steady in the third quarter, real



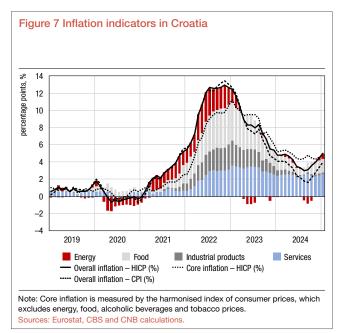


wages grew by 0.9% in the fourth quarter of 2024 from the average in the preceding three months and by 10.7% from the same period in the previous year.

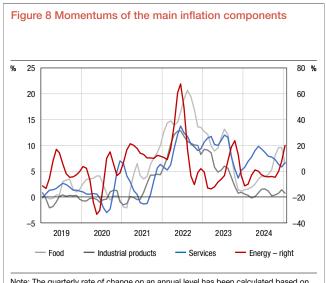
Inflation in Croatia accelerated in January 2025, largely due to the strengthening of current inflationary pressures in the energy subcomponent, driven by an increase in the administered prices of refined petroleum products and energy, and in the services subcomponent, and to a smaller extent due to adverse base effects. According to Eurostat's flash estimate, inflation in Croatia, as measured by the harmonised index of consumer prices (HICP), picked up to 5.0% in January 2025, from 4.5% in December 2024 (Figure 7). Overall inflation accelerated mainly because of the noticeable acceleration of energy inflation (up to 5.3% from 2.4% in December 2024), primarily arising from the growth of current pressures, while the contribution of adverse base effects was considerably lower. The strong positive current pressures pushed up the annual rate of services inflation

Inflation measured by the national consumer price index (CPI), which does not cover the consumption of non-residents and institutional households, picked up from 3.4% in December 2024 to 4.0% in January 2025.

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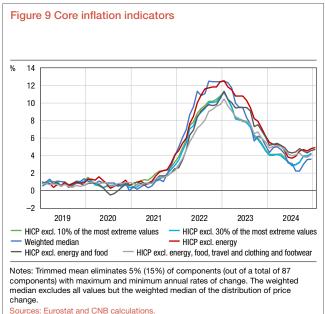


to 8.2% from 7.7% in December 2024, while food inflation accelerated only slightly, to 5.4% from 5.3% in December, due to unfavourable base effects stemming from a sharp decrease in food prices in January in the previous year. As a result, the momentums² of services and energy inflation grew strongly in January, considerably exceeding their usual values (Figure 8). The momentum of food inflation also exceeded its usual values, although it was considerably lower. The momentum of industrial goods inflation also fell in January, standing at low levels, which is an indication of the absence of inflationary pressures in this inflation subcomponent. Core inflation (which excludes energy and food prices) accelerated slightly from 4.6% in December 2024 to 4.7% in January 2025, due to the continued acceleration of services inflation (Figure 9), partly offset by a slowdown in industrial goods inflation (down from 0.8% in December to 0.6% in January). Services thus continue to be a key component of overall inflationary developments in Croatia, contributing 2.6 percentage points to the overall consumer price inflation



Note: The quarterly rate of change on an annual level has been calculated based on the quarterly moving average of seasonally adjusted harmonised indices of consumer prices.

Sources: Eurostat and CNB calculations.



of 5.0%, while the contribution of food is 1.6 percentage points.

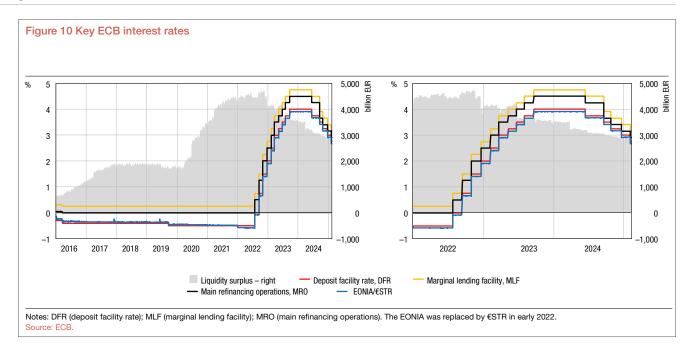
At its meeting on 30 October, the Governing Council of the ECB decided to further gradually moderate the degree of monetary policy restriction (Figure 10). The deposit facility rate, a relevant indicator of the ECB's monetary policy, was set at 2.75% starting from 5 February, a reduction of 25 basis points. The Governing Council noted that the disinflationary process was well on track. However, domestic inflation has remained high, mostly because wages and prices in certain sectors are still adjusting, with a substantial delay, to the past inflation surge. Still, wage growth has decelerated in line with expectations, and corporate profits have offset the impact of the robust growth of labour costs on inflation. The reduction in key interest rates is gradually spilling over to financing conditions, with the result that the borrowing costs of corporations and households are gradually declining. However, with key interest rates still in restrictive territory, new loans largely continue to be granted at higher than existing interest rates, which means that the transmission of the previous tightening of monetary policy to existing loans is still under way. The economy is still affected by headwinds, but the growth of real income and the gradually fading effects of restrictive monetary policy should spur demand over time. The Governing Council is determined to ensure that inflation stabilises sustainably at its 2% medium-term target and it will continue to base its decisions on a data-dependent approach. The Governing Council is not pre-committing to a particular rate path.

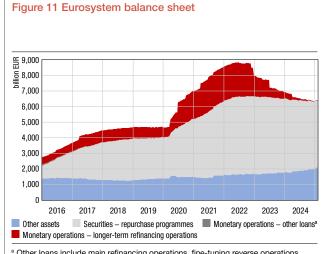
The size of the Eurosystem's balance sheet has continued to decrease gradually (Figure 11). On 18 December 2024, banks repaid the remaining amounts borrowed under the targeted longer-term refinancing operations, which concluded this part of the balance sheet normalisation process. The portfolio of securities purchased within the asset purchase programme (APP) and the portfolio of the pandemic emergency purchase programme (PEPP) of the Eurosystem are declining steadily at a measured and predictable pace; the principal payments from maturing securities under the APP have not been reinvested since July 2023 while the reinvestment of the PEPP portfolio was completed at the end of the previous year.

The reduction in key ECB interest rates in January 2025 soon spilled over to interest rates on the money market. In late January, market participants expected key ECB interest rates to continue to be reduced at a lower intensity than in the

² Momentum is a short-term inflation indicator, which shows annualised three month-on-three month rates of price change, seasonally adjusted.

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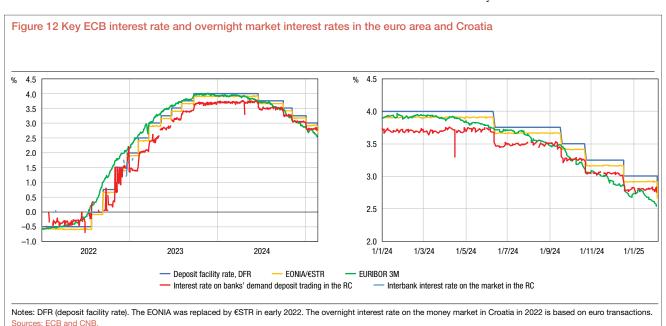


^a Other loans include main refinancing operations, fine-tuning reverse operations, structural reverse operations, marginal lending facility and credits related to margin calls.

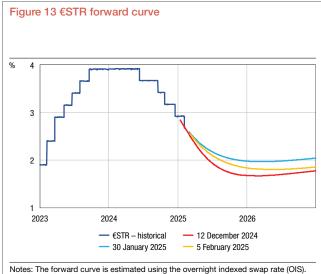
Note: The Eurosystem monetary balance sheet asset items are shown in grey and red and non-monetary in blue.

Source: ECB

period preceding the December Governing Council meeting, but immediately after the January meeting expectations grew of a sharper interest rate cut. The €STR fell by the amount of reduction in key interest rates (25 basis points) and amounted to 2.7% on 5 February (Figure 12). Similar developments were seen in the Croatian money market, where the overnight interest rate on demand deposit trading fell to 2.5% in early February. As regards market expectations, the €STR forward curve shifted to higher values between the ECB Governing Council meetings in December 2024 and January 2025, dropping to somewhat lower values after the meeting in January (Figure 13). The forward curve shifted to higher values primarily as a result of the transmission of an increase in the US yield curve. This was due to the effect of more favourable data from the US labour market, published on 10 January, and the growth of inflationary expectations, stemming from an increase in crude oil prices and the expected inflationary effects of announced changes in the US trade policy. These factors led to a significant adjustment of market expectations towards slower cuts in the Fed's key interest rates. The change in market expectations towards slower cuts in the ECB's key interest rates also resulted from



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Notes: The forward curve is estimated using the overnight indexed swap rate (US). Forward curves show the selected forward curves formed on the day of the ECB Governing Council meeting in December 2024 and January 2025 an on the day of the last available data on 5 February 2025.

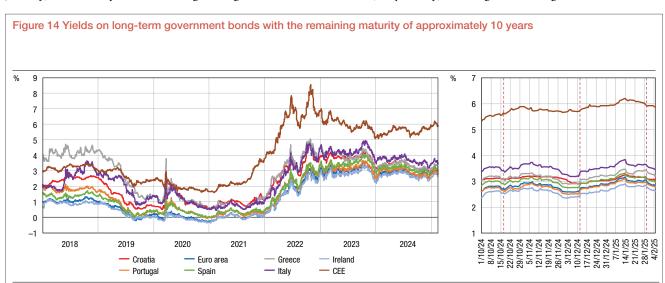
Sources: Bloomberg and CNB calculations

the growth of inflationary expectations for the euro area, influenced to some extent by data on a higher than expected inflation in Spain and Germany, released in late December and early January. However, after the ECB Governing Council meeting in January, market participants started to expect somewhat sharper cuts in the ECB's key interest rates. This could be attributed to weaker-than-forecast data on the economic growth for the euro area, published on 30 January, and growing concerns over potentially negative impacts of the US trade policy, stemming from the announced changes in the US tariff policy towards Canada, Mexico and China and indications that similar measures could soon be applied to the European Union.

Euro area long-term government bond yields rose after the ECB Governing Council meeting in December 2024 and started to decrease gradually in mid-January 2025. Euro area long-term government bond yields grew after the ECB Government Council meeting in December 2024, reaching 3.2% in mid-January 2025 (Figure 14), an increase of 46 basis points, primarily mirroring the growth of yields on long-term US bonds. US long-term government bond yields started to decline in mid-January, followed by euro area long-term government bond

yields, which dropped to 2.8% in early February. The decrease in euro area long-term government bond yields in late January and early February was partly due to weak euro area economic indicators released in late January and growing concerns surrounding the impact of the US trade policy on the euro area economy. Croatia's long-term government bond yields closely followed trends in euro area long-term government bond yields, standing at 3.0% at the beginning of February 2025, 13 basis points higher than on the day of the ECB Governing Council meeting in December 2024. In early February 2025, the government issued a EUR 2.0bn eurobond maturing in 2037. The bond bears a yield of 3.3%, with the realised yield slightly lower than that of the last year's ten-year eurobond issue (3.4%).

The costs of corporate financing by credit institutions fell to a two-year low in December 2024, while average interest rates on pure new housing loans and general-purpose cash loans to households hovered around the levels from the previous month. The average interest rate on pure new corporate loans stood at 4.14% in December, decreasing by 27 basis points from November (Figure 15), primarily due to a decrease in the average interest rate on working capital loans. In contrast, the cost of household borrowing remained almost unchanged in December from the previous month, amounting to 5.95% for general purpose cash loans and to 3.81% for housing loans. The easing of the restrictive ECB monetary policy continued to be transmitted strongly to corporate financing conditions, with the result that the average interest rate on pure new corporate loans was 129 basis points lower in December 2024 than the highest level recorded during the last monetary policy tightening cycle in December 2023. The interest rate on general-purpose cash loans to households was only 32 basis points lower in December 2024 than at the beginning of the year, while the interest rate on housing loans dropped by 7 basis points from the highest level recorded in April 2024. As regards existing loans, the interest rate on corporate loans decreased by 11 basis points in December, dropping to 4.34%. The interest rate on new corporate loans was thus lower than interest rates on the stock of loans for the third successive month, which opens up the possibility of refinancing existing loans at lower interest rates and stimulates additional decreases in interest rates on existing loans. Interest rates on general-purpose cash loans and housing loans to households held almost steady in December at 6.01% and 3.12%, respectively, reflecting minor changes in interest rates on



Notes: CEE – countries of Central and Eastern Europe (the Czech Republic, Hungary, Poland and Romania); yields for the euro area and CEE have been weighted by the share of GDP of the countries included. Data from the euro area do not include those from Estonia, Latvia, Luxembourg and Malta. The red dotted lines denote ECB Governing Council meetings in the period of time shown. Last data are for 5 February 2025

Sources: Bloomberg, Eurostat and CNB calculations.

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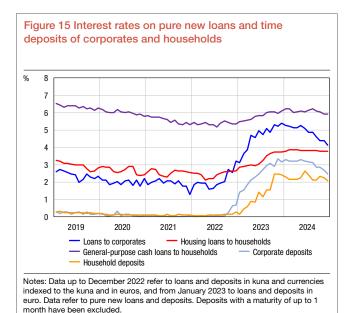


Figure 16 Corporate and household loans and deposits year-on-year rates of change, transaction-based 26 24 22 20 18 16 14 12 10 8 6 4 2 n -2 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 Loans to households Corporate deposits Household deposits Source: CNB

existing loans with a fixed interest rate and loans with a variable interest rate indexed to the NRR.

Source: CNB.

Interest rates on pure new time deposits of corporates and households were lower in December than in the previous month. The average interest rate on pure new corporate deposits decreased by about 20 basis points, dropping to 2.50% (Figure 15) and that on household deposits fell to 2.07%. In December, as in the previous two months, households rescheduled maturing time deposits contracted in late 2023, most of them with one large bank, with maturities between 2 and 3 months and between 6 and 12 months and at interest rates lower than in November, which contributed to a decrease in the average interest rate on pure new household time deposits. Interest rates on existing total corporate and household deposits dropped by 4 basis points (to 0.62%) and by 1 basis point (to 0.48%), respectively. Interest rates on existing time deposits decreased, with slight changes in interest rates on overnight deposits.

Domestic deposits continued to grow in December 2024. Total domestic deposits (excluding the general government) rose by EUR 0.8bn (1.5% transaction-based) in December from November. Overnight deposits increased by EUR 1.0bn, with corporate and household deposits contributing equally to the increase; this rise was offset to a degree by a drop in time deposits (EUR 0.1bn), attributable to corporate deposits (EUR 0.3bn), while household time deposits almost held steady and the deposits of other non-bank financial institutions (mostly investment funds) grew by EUR 0.2bn.³ The annual growth of total deposits slowed down from 6.5% in November to 4.5% in December 2024 (Figure 16) due to the base effect related to the strong growth of all domestic sectors' deposits in December 2023, which significantly exceeded their growth in December last year. Household overnight and time deposits increased the most,

while the stock of overnight corporate deposits decreased at the end of 2024 from the end of 2023 and corporate time deposits grew at a decelerated rate. After corporate and household time deposits peaked in May and June 2024, respectively, the share of corporate deposits in total deposits gradually fell to 25.6% in December and the share of household deposits went down to 27.4% in the same month.

Corporate loans continued to grow in December 2024 and so did household loans, led by housing loans, while general-purpose cash loans increased less than in the previous months of 2024. Loans to domestic sectors (excluding the general government) rose by EUR 0.3bn (0.8%, transaction-based), reflecting the continued growth of corporate lending (EUR 0.2bn). Household loans also continued to grow, rising by EUR 0.1bn, but their growth was slightly weaker than in the previous months, due primarily to a slowdown in general-purpose cash loans. Corporate loans grew at an accelerated annual rate from 5.5% in November to 6.4% in December (Figure 16). Excluding the effect of the repayment of one large company's syndicated loan from January 2024, the annual growth rate of corporate loans in 2024 was 8.2%. Household lending increased at an only slightly accelerated annual rate, up from 12.0% in November to 12.1% in December (transaction-based), with housing and general-purpose cash loans growing at the same rate as in November (9.1% and 15.9%, respectively). However, excluding the impact of a large bank acquiring credit card issue in October, the annual growth rate of household loans accelerated from 11.0% in November to 11.1% in December. The momentum4 of loans strengthened additionally in December. The momentum of housing loans also accelerated (to 10.3%), exceeding the annual growth rate, whereas the momentum of general-purpose cash loans fell below the annual growth rate to 12.5%.

³ In December, citizens invested EUR 546m in the eighth issue of government securities maturing in 3 months, with an option to reinvest almost EUR 400m from matured treasury bills purchased in September. The stock of these securities increased by EUR 150m in December, reaching EUR 4.2bn, the highest level national securities have reached since the government launched the issue.

Momentum is a short-term indicator of lending activity which shows annualised three months-on-three months rates of change in loans.



Classification and presentation of data on claims and liabilities

The Croatian National Bank uses the ESA 2010 standard for all its official statistics and ESCB statistics, which implies sectoral classification of the reporting units and their counterparties in accordance with the Decision on the statistical classification of institutional sectors, published by the Central Bureau of Statistics (CBS). This classification by sectors is based on the European System of Accounts (ESA 2010), a mandatory statistical standard of the European Union, and is aligned with the basic international statistical standard - the System of National Accounts (SNA 2008). ESA 2010 is applied to external statistics (tables on the balance of payments, international investment position and external debt), general government debt statistics and to monetary statistics.

Table 1 Overview of the sector classification under ESA 2010

Sector classification under ESA 2010

Non-financial corporations

Public non-financial corporations

National private non-financial corporations

Foreign controlled non-financial corporations

Financial corporations

Monetary financial institutions

Central bank

Other monetary financial institutions

Deposit-taking corporations, except the central bank (Credit institutions)

Financial corporations, except monetary financial institutions and insurance corporations and pension funds (Other financial corporations)

Non-money market investment funds

Other financial intermediaries, except insurance corporations and pension

funds (Other financial intermediaries)

Financial auxiliaries

Captive financial institutions and money lenders

Insurance corporations

Pension funds

General government

Central government

State government

Local government Social security funds

Households

Non-profit institutions serving households

Rest of the world

Sector classification under ESA 2010 Non-financial corporations Public non-financial corporations National private non-financial corporations Foreign controlled non-financial corporations Financial corporations Monetary financial institutions Central bank Other monetary financial institutions Deposit-taking corporations, except the central bank (Credit institutions) Money market funds Financial corporations, except monetary financial institutions and insurance corporations and pension funds (Other financial corporations) Non-money market investment funds Other financial intermediaries, except insurance corporations and pension funds (Other financial intermediaries) Financial auxiliaries Captive financial institutions and money lenders Insurance corporations Pension funds General government Central government State government Local government Social security funds Households Non-profit institutions serving households Rest of the world

Data on claims and liabilities are classified according to institutional sectors and financial instruments.

The non-financial corporations sector consists of public non-financial corporations, national private non-financial corporations and foreign controlled non-financial corporations. This sector covers all institutional units which meet the criteria prescribed by the sector classification of institutional units for the relevant subsector. Non-financial corporations consist of institutional units which are independent legal entities and market producers, and whose principal activity is the production of goods and (or) non-financial services.

The major changes relate to the financial corporations sector. The financial corporations sector is subdivided into the following subsectors: monetary financial institutions, other financial corporations, insurance corporations and pension funds.

Monetary financial institutions consist of the central bank and other monetary financial institutions. The central bank is the Croatian National Bank. Other monetary financial institutions consist of deposit-taking corporations except the central bank and money market funds. Deposit-taking corporations except the central bank are credit institutions (banks, savings banks and housing savings banks). Credit institutions are institutions authorised by the Croatian National Bank under the Credit Institutions Act. The credit institutions sector does not include banks undergoing liquidation or bankruptcy proceedings. Money market funds include all financial corporations and quasi-corporations, except those classified in the central bank and in the credit institutions subsector, which are principally engaged in financial intermediation. Their business is to issue investment fund shares or units and make investments primarily in short-term debt instruments, deposits and money market fund shares or units. Their investment objective is to maintain the principal of the fund and generate yield in accordance with interest rates on money market instruments.

Other financial corporations consist of investment funds other than money market funds, other financial intermediaries, financial auxiliaries and captive financial institutions and money

Non-money market investment funds consist of all forms of collective investment schemes, except those classified in the money market funds subsector, which are principally engaged in financial intermediation. Their business is to issue investment fund shares or units which are not close substitutes for deposits and, on their own account, to make investments primarily in long-term financial assets.

Other financial intermediaries are institutions which are principally engaged in financial intermediation by incurring liabilities in forms other than currency, deposits, and close substitutes for deposits. They include leasing companies, factoring corporations, banks undergoing liquidation or bankruptcy proceedings, credit unions, etc.

Financial auxiliaries are institutions which are principally engaged in auxiliary financial activities and include, for instance, stock exchanges, exchange offices, financial regulatory authorities, insurance agents and brokers, investment firms, investment and pension fund management companies, the Central Depository and Clearing Company (CDCC), the Croatian Financial Services Supervisory Agency (HANFA), the Financial Agency (FINA), etc.

Captive financial institutions and money lenders include all financial corporations and quasi-corporations which are neither engaged in financial intermediation nor in providing financial auxiliary services and where most of their assets or their

liabilities are not transacted on open markets. They include in particular: (a) units as legal entities such as trusts, estates, agencies accounts or "brass plate" companies; (b) holding companies that hold controlling levels of equity of a group of subsidiary corporations and whose principal activity is owning the group without administering or managing the group and providing any other service to the businesses in the group; (c) special purpose entities that qualify as institutional units and raise funds in open markets to be used by their parent corporations; (d) units which provide financial services exclusively with own funds, or funds provided by a sponsor and incur the financial risk of the debtor defaulting. Examples are money lenders, corporations engaged in lending to students or for foreign trade from funds received from a sponsor such as a government unit or a non-profit institution, and pawnshops that predominantly engage in lending; (e) special purpose government funds, usually called sovereign wealth funds, if classified as financial corporations.

Insurance corporations consist of all financial corporations and quasi-corporations which are principally engaged in financial intermediation as a consequence of the pooling of risks mainly in the form of direct insurance or reinsurance.

Pension funds consist of all financial corporations and quasi-corporations which are principally engaged in financial intermediation as a consequence of the pooling of social risks and needs of the insured persons (social insurance). Pension funds as social insurance schemes provide income in retirement, and often benefits for death and disability.

The general government sector consists of institutional units which are non-market producers whose output is intended for individual and collective consumption, and are financed by compulsory payments made by units belonging to other sectors, and institutional units principally engaged in the redistribution of national income and wealth.

It consists of the following subsectors: central government, state government, local government and social security funds. The central government consists of state administration bodies (ministries, offices of the Government of the Republic of Croatia, state administration organisations and state administration offices in counties) and Croatian Motorways (from January 2008), Croatian Roads, Croatian Waters, Croatian Radiotelevision, Croatian Railways Infrastructure, Croatian Energy Market Operator (HROTE), Croatian Agency for SMEs, Innovations and Investments (HAMAG Bicro), Croatian Energy Regulatory Agency (HERA), the State Agency for Deposit Insurance and Bank Resolution (DAB) and the Croatian Bank for Reconstruction and Development.

Social security funds include the Croatian Pension Insurance Institute, the Croatian Health Insurance Fund and the Croatian Employment Service. Local government includes units of local and regional self-government and institutional units established and controlled by the local government. There is no state government subsector in the Republic of Croatia.

The households sector primarily consists of individual consumers but also of individual consumers and entrepreneurs (market producers). This sector also includes individuals or groups of individuals as producers of goods and non-financial services for exclusively own final use.

The non-profit institutions serving households sector consists of non-profit institutions which are separate legal entities,

which serve households and which are private non-market producers. Their principal resources are voluntary contributions in cash or in kind from households in their capacity as consumers, from payments made by government and from property income.

The rest of the world sector is a grouping of units without any characteristic functions and resources; it consists of non-resident units insofar as they are engaged in transactions with resident institutional units, or have other economic links with resident units. Its accounts provide and overall view of the economic relationships linking the national economy with the rest of the world. The institutions of the EU and international organisations are included. The rest of the world sector includes all foreign natural and legal persons.

From December 2010 on, the sector classification of counterparties in tables of the A-G group is made in accordance with the Decision on the statistical classification of institutional sectors published by the Croatian Bureau of Statistics (CBS). This classification by sectors is based on the European System of Accounts (ESA 2010). The data are based on the reporting system in accordance with the Decision on statistical and prudential reporting.

All data on claims and liabilities in tables A1 to D11 refer to balances at the end of the reporting period, and in tables D1 and D5, also to monthly net transactions. The value of transactions during the reporting period is calculated as the difference between the balance of financial positions at the end of the period (current and previous month) adjusted by the movement in the exchange rate, revaluation and reclassification. Revaluations comprise loans write-offs and price adjustments of securities. Reclassifications cover the changes in the balance sheet balances incurred because of the changes in the composition and structure of monetary financial institutions (e.g. disappearance of a reporting unit from the reporting population because of liquidation or bankruptcy), a change in the classification of financial instruments or changes in statistical definitions.

In tables A1 through D11 and G1 through G6, the household sector also includes non-profit institutions serving households. The tables also include foreign bank branches.

Foreign currency items are reported in their euro equivalent at the CNB's midpoint exchange rate at the end of the reporting period. All items are reported on a gross basis (i.e. before value adjustments).

New tables D also report historical data, according to which the euro is treated as the "domestic currency", i.e., the corresponding kuna and euro positions (including kuna positions with a euro currency clause) are consolidated. Values in the new tables D are reported in the euro, whereas in the tables containing a breakdown by "the domestic currency" and "the foreign currency", the domestic currency in the period until 31 December 2022 includes the kuna, the euro and the kuna with a euro currency clause, and as of 31 January 2023 only the euro. Historical data released in new tables G, as of December 2011, are calculated temporarily on the basis of different methodologies, depending on the type of weight, instrument and counterparty. For the positions that do not contain a note historical data are calculated by merging kuna positions with and without a currency clause and foreign exchange positions (i.e. by merging old tables A, B and C), while the calculation of historical data for other positions is explained in each table.

Republic of Croatia contribution to euro area monetary aggregates

65,120.6 39,185.5 55,635.2 65,270.0 66,487.8 67,530.9 69,284.9 70,508.0 33,872.0 50,252.2 67,467.4 65,365.0 65,140.1 65,563.3 28,809.1 29,114.3 29,868.1 30,815.1 32,351.3 35,092.4 43,699.1 59,430.0 69,771.0 37,752.2 69,152.7 -228.5 -101.8 -187.0 -106.9 -252.6 -307.4 -344.5 -800.7 -87.3 -118.1 Debt securities up to 2 years MMF units issued 1,114.6 1,238.6 1,334.5 61.5 1,156.0 1,108.1 1,035.4 435.0 466.4 497.7 624.7 106.1 Repo loans received 52.0 9.00 619.3 948.5 737.6 624.8 ,028.5 817.2 592.3 665.5 43.0 727.8 470.8 269.9 89.7 152.4 14.7 657.1 764.4 195.1 M2 37,120.6 49,751.0 54,788.6 66,705.5 69,500.2 28,103.8 28,710.6 29,745.5 32,432.3 34,101.4 39,491.4 44,043.5 64,678.7 64,576.0 65,375.8 66,438.8 29,445.7 31,228.7 63,986.0 64,246.1 64,271.1 38,199.2 Deposits redeemable at notice up to 3 months 9.5 5.5 5.5 0. 6.0 5.0 3.0 3.5 Deposits with agreed 320.9 272.9 208.3 120.7 187.2 107.8 95.8 208.5 213.9 257.7 285.8 299.2 233.5 230.7 247.7 maturity up to 2 years 242.1 17,653.9 16,519.3 13,369.0 13,564.2 14,441.5 14,458.5 14,445.6 16,174.3 14,065.2 10,544.7 8,339.8 7,296.7 12,912.4 14,787.4 15,425.9 12,253.1 9,203.1 7,602.4 14,680.9 17,208.4 10,447.5 10,601.2 49,579.9 50,297.6 51,690.9 14,759.9 18,094.3 21,640.0 35,562.4 42,040.9 53,550.0 49,631.4 53,080.3 52,871.5 53,323.6 12,905.3 26,455.2 30,101.1 47,396.1 51,095.7 50,190.1 49,585.1 52,504.2 513.0 566.5 505.5 484.2 Overnight deposits 8,138.5 36,718.6 44,884.6 39,465.3 39,588.0 40,226.0 8,235.2 10,278.2 11,871.2 17,959.8 25,624.2 30,615.3 42,744.6 41,722.6 42,937.8 42,687.9 14,872.3 41,494.8 42,484.6 40,202.7 39,655.9 22,393.4 2,981.8 4,529.8 1,945.0 10,297.6 9,612.5 2,458.1 3,734.5 4,111.3 4,809.3 9,095.4 9,489.9 9,496.5 9,475.8 9,434.5 9,781.5 2,215.1 2,249.3 2,312.1 2,674.2 3,392.7 9,579.1 9,480.2 9,623.9 ECB key from September December November October February January August March April 2016 Year 2013 2014 2015 2017 2018 2019 2020

Table A1 Republic of Croatia contribution to euro area monetary aggregates end of period, million EUR

Table A1 Republic of Croatia contribution to euro area monetary aggregates • The table shows data on end-of-month balances for the monetary aggregates M1, M2 and M3, calculated according to the definition of the European Central Bank (ECB). The main characteristics of monetary aggregates under the ECB's definition:

- inclusion of liabilities of monetary financial institutions to euro area non-monetary sectors,
- exclusion of the monetary neutral sector (the central government has the status of a monetary neutral sector),
- limited maturity of items included (liabilities of up to 2 years and deposits redeemable at notice of up to 3 months),
- equal treatment of the liabilities in domestic and foreign currency.
- inclusion of money market funds (MMF) shares/units into M3.

The composition of monetary aggregates, as defined by the ECB is:

- M1 contains currency in circulation and overnight deposits,
- M2 includes beside M1 also deposits with agreed maturity of up to 2 years and deposits redeemable at notice of up to 3 months,
- M3 includes M2, repurchase agreements, debt securities with the maturity of up to 2 years and MMF shares/units issued.

The item Currency in circulation is calculated on the basis of the Capital Share Mechanism, which foresees the split of the total amount of issued banknotes in the euro area between the different national central banks of the euro area with respect to their share in the capital of the ECB.

The contribution of the Republic of Croatia to euro area monetary aggregates does not represent the monetary aggregates of the Republic of Croatia. The concept of residency is the one of the euro area. Due to the consolidation within the MFI sector on the level of euro area countries the aggregate M3 could become smaller than M2.

Consolidated balance sheet of monetary financial institutions

Table B1 Consolidated balance sheet of monetary financial institutions

end of period, million EUR

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | | | 2024 |
|---|----------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Mar. | Jun. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 Foreign assets | 24,840.3 | 31,850.3 | 35,555.1 | 51,959.6 | 50,732.4 | 50,962.8 | 55,133.5 | 54,734.8 | 54,118.7 | 46,723.7 |
| 2 Claims on domestic sectors | 46,756.7 | 47,774.7 | 51,050.2 | 53,637.2 | 54,413.1 | 54,629.9 | 56,027.4 | 56,531.5 | 56,847.4 | 56,587.0 |
| 2.1 Claims on central government | 15,001.3 | 15,050.0 | 15,224.1 | 15,126.9 | 15,536.8 | 14,621.8 | 15,422.7 | 15,345.6 | 15,312.0 | 14,783.6 |
| 2.2 Claims on other general government | 864.8 | 1,026.1 | 956.4 | 961.7 | 842.4 | 803.9 | 804.0 | 815.0 | 817.5 | 828.7 |
| 2.3 Claims on other domestic sectors | 30,890.6 | 31,698.5 | 34,869.8 | 37,548.7 | 38,033.9 | 39,204.2 | 39,800.7 | 40,370.9 | 40,717.9 | 40,974.6 |
| 3 Other assets | 2,951.5 | 2,901.6 | 3,657.0 | 4,668.1 | 4,014.3 | 4,135.3 | 4,312.5 | 4,078.1 | 4,335.4 | 4,445.3 |
| Total (1+2+3) | 74,548.5 | 82,526.5 | 90,262.3 | 110,264.9 | 109,159.8 | 109,728.0 | 115,473.4 | 115,344.4 | 115,301.5 | 107,756.0 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | | | |
| Banknotes and coins in circulation (from 1.1.2023. allocation according to ECB's key) | 5,546.8 | 5,874.3 | 3,453.2 | 12,376.7 | 11,163.7 | 11,256.4 | 11,284.2 | 11,294.4 | 11,303.5 | 11,479.7 |
| 2 Foreign liabilities | 4,950.1 | 7,481.2 | 9,226.3 | 15,928.5 | 16,265.7 | 16,329.1 | 16,650.9 | 16,526.9 | 16,315.4 | 9,848.7 |
| 3 Deposits | 49,300.2 | 54,061.4 | 62,359.0 | 66,101.8 | 64,679.5 | 65,675.5 | 70,436.6 | 70,122.4 | 69,735.5 | 68,808.5 |
| 3.1 Central government | 5,314.7 | 5,174.1 | 6,105.4 | 7,705.2 | 8,216.8 | 8,287.5 | 10,269.9 | 9,936.8 | 9,159.3 | 7,464.9 |
| 3.2 Other resident sectors | 43,985.4 | 48,887.4 | 56,253.6 | 58,396.5 | 56,462.6 | 57,388.0 | 60,166.7 | 60,185.6 | 60,576.2 | 61,343.7 |
| 4 Debt securities issued | 100.7 | 144.7 | 232.8 | 314.9 | 594.9 | 594.7 | 755.4 | 755.4 | 755.4 | 753.5 |
| 5 MMF units issued | - | - | - | 24.3 | 190.1 | 355.7 | 464.2 | 508.0 | 551.2 | 588.2 |
| 6 Other liabilities | 14,650.8 | 14,964.9 | 14,991.0 | 15,518.7 | 16,266.0 | 15,516.5 | 15,882.1 | 16,137.3 | 16,640.5 | 16,277.3 |
| Total (1+2+3+4+5+6) | 74,548.5 | 82,526.5 | 90,262.3 | 110,264.9 | 109,159.8 | 109,728.0 | 115,473.4 | 115,344.4 | 115,301.5 | 107,756.0 |

Table B1 Consolidated balance sheet of monetary financial institutions • The balance sheet of monetary financial institutions shows consolidated data from the Croatian National Bank balance sheet (Table C1) and the Aggregated balance sheet of

other monetary financial institutions (Table D1). The bilateral asset and liability positions of monetary financial institutions in the Republic of Croatia are netted out.

Croatian National Bank balance sheet

Table C1 Balance sheet of the Croatian National Bank

end of period, million EUR

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | | | 2024 |
|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Mar. | Jun. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| ASSETS | | | ' | ' | ' | ' | ' | ' | ' | |
| 1 Foreign assets | 19,717.0 | 26,616.9 | 30,235.0 | 44,983.2 | 41,257.3 | 41,289.1 | 45,939.9 | 44,329.2 | 43,472.7 | 36,511.3 |
| 1.1 Gold | - | - | 106.0 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | - |
| 1.2 Claims on IMF | 358.9 | 1,228.1 | 1,244.5 | 1,205.6 | 1,215.3 | 1,218.2 | 1,255.0 | 1,255.0 | 1,255.0 | 1,299.5 |
| 1.3 Currency | 3,340.0 | 4,328.9 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1.4 Loans and deposits | 4,293.7 | 8,832.7 | 11,106.3 | 16,976.4 | 12,888.0 | 12,167.8 | 15,181.6 | 13,561.4 | 12,633.4 | 5,540.8 |
| O/w: Net claims in TARGET2 accounts | 768.6 | 1,653.9 | 2,570.7 | 16,080.8 | 12,165.8 | 11,368.3 | 14,368.0 | 12,779.6 | 11,851.0 | 4,730.0 |
| O/w: International reserves transferred to ECB | - | - | _ | 327.2 | 314.0 | 314.0 | 314.0 | 314.0 | 314.0 | 314.0 |
| 1.5 Securities | 11,724.4 | 12,227.2 | 17,778.2 | 13,453.9 | 13,251.2 | 13,244.7 | 12,917.0 | 12,655.3 | 12,485.5 | 12,646.8 |
| O/w: ECB's paid-up capital | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 420.5 | 417.6 | 417.6 | 417.6 | 417.6 | 417.6 | 417.6 |
| Net claims related to the allocation of euro banknotes within the Eurosystem | _ | _ | _ | 13,347.2 | 13,902.7 | 14,658.4 | 16,586.4 | 16,857.4 | 17,098.8 | 17,024.1 |
| 2 Claims on general government | 2,651.4 | 2,454.8 | 2,166.2 | 1,960.1 | 1,950.1 | 1,977.6 | 1,967.5 | 1,964.2 | 1,904.1 | 1,900.7 |
| 3 Claims on credit institutions | 599.8 | 407.3 | 375.4 | 421.4 | 366.4 | 366.4 | 408.4 | 366.4 | 366.4 | 409.4 |
| 4 Claims on other domestic sectors | 6.9 | 7.8 | 9.0 | 10.1 | 10.1 | 10.1 | 10.1 | 10.1 | 10.1 | 14.4 |
| 5 Other assets | 159.7 | 97.1 | 127.1 | 350.3 | 369.4 | 370.7 | 409.4 | 253.4 | 389.7 | 346.7 |
| Total (1+2+3+4+5) | 23,134.8 | 29,583.8 | 32,912.6 | 47,725.1 | 43,953.2 | 44,013.8 | 48,735.4 | 46,923.3 | 46,143.0 | 39,182.5 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 Banknotes and coins in circulation (from 1.1.2023. allocation according to ECB's key) | 5,546.8 | 5,874.3 | 3,453.2 | 12,376.7 | 11,163.7 | 11,256.4 | 11,284.2 | 11,294.4 | 11,303.5 | 11,479.7 |
| 1.1 Banknotes and coins in circulation (net from 1.1.2023.)a | - | - | _ | -970.6 | -2,739.0 | -3,402.0 | -5,302.1 | -5,563.0 | -5,795.3 | -5,544.4 |
| 2 Credit institutions' deposits | 11,843.2 | 15,451.4 | 20,156.1 | 17,699.5 | 13,907.8 | 14,194.2 | 16,954.8 | 15,982.5 | 16,203.0 | 17,270.7 |
| 2.1 Current accounts (including the minimum reserve system | 9,158.6 | 12,446.1 | 18,682.3 | 935.5 | 957.3 | 1,009.2 | 1,093.0 | 1,073.2 | 1,125.9 | 989.1 |
| 2.2 Overnight deposits | - | - | - | 16,758.4 | 12,945.0 | 12,200.8 | 14,499.3 | 13,535.5 | 13,703.4 | 15,116.3 |
| 2.3 Other deposits | 2,684.6 | 3,005.2 | 1,473.8 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 984.2 | 1,362.5 | 1,373.8 | 1,373.7 | 1,165.3 |
| 3 General government deposits | 2,550.0 | 2,465.7 | 2,803.2 | 3,915.9 | 4,509.0 | 4,273.1 | 6,145.8 | 5,815.6 | 4,925.4 | 3,180.6 |
| 4 Deposits of other resident sectors | 14.8 | 32.2 | 21.0 | 53.6 | 362.1 | 468.0 | 486.1 | 245.5 | 204.3 | 218.5 |
| 5 Foreign liabilities | 893.7 | 3,572.8 | 4,233.5 | 11,615.7 | 11,543.2 | 11,334.4 | 11,458.0 | 11,201.2 | 10,939.4 | 4,509.7 |
| 6 Debt securities issued | - | - | _ | _ | - | _ | - | - | - | - |
| 7 Capital and reserves | 2,275.8 | 1,995.3 | 2,183.4 | 1,759.9 | 1,826.6 | 1,848.1 | 1,764.1 | 1,754.6 | 1,804.5 | 1,943.3 |
| 8 Other liabilities | 10.5 | 192.1 | 62.2 | 303.8 | 640.8 | 639.6 | 642.3 | 629.4 | 762.9 | 579.9 |
| Total (1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8) | 23,134.8 | 29,583.8 | 32,912.6 | 47,725.1 | 43,953.2 | 44,013.8 | 48,735.4 | 46,923.3 | 46,143.0 | 39,182.5 |

^a The difference between the amount of euro banknotes allocated according to the ECB's key (in position 1 in the Liabilities) and the net amount of euro banknotes effectively put into circulation (in position 1.1 in the Liabilities) is recorded as an intra-Eurosystem claim/liability relating to banknote issuance (position 1.6 in the Assets). The amount in position 1.1 in the Liabilities may be negative if the CNB puts into circulation fewer banknotes than it withdraws, since there are banknotes in circulation which were actually distributed by another Eurosystem central bank. In other words, in addition to euro banknotes issued based on the ECB's key, euro banknotes issued based on other member countries's keys and imported into the Republic of Croatia can also be found in the circulation. This effect is the result of, among other things, the high tourist inflow into Republic of Croatia and the related tourist consumption.

Table C1 Balance sheet of the Croatian National Bank • The table shows data on Croatian National Bank assets and liabilities in line with the methodology of the ECB.

Foreign assets include the following forms of claims on non-residents: gold, claims on the International Monetary Fund (special drawing rights and the reserve position), foreign cash in the vault, loans and deposits with foreign monetary financial institutions (including net claims in TARGET2 accounts and deposits related to international reserves transferred to the ECB), security investments that include the ECB's paid-up capital as well as net claims related to the Eurosystem euro banknote allocation that are claims associated with the application of the banknote allocation key.

Claims on general government are investments in the securities of the Republic of Croatia.

Claims on credit institutions are loans to credit institutions

related to monetary policy operations and other claims comprising the CNB's deposits with credit institutions. Loans also includes all claims arising from monetary policy operations the CNB started before joining the Eurosystem.

Claims on other domestic sectors are loans and other claims on other domestic sectors.

Other assets include non-financial and other assets. Non-financial assets comprise tangible and intangible assets. Other assets comprise financial derivatives, suspense and restricted items, accrued interest and the rest.

Banknotes and coins in circulation (distribution according to the ECB's key) refer to the CNB's share in the total issue of euro banknotes of the Eurosystem and to euro coins issued by the CNB. The total value of euro banknotes is allocated to each central bank of the Eurosystem applying the ECB's subscribed capital key, as envisaged by Decision ECB/2010/29 of

13 December 2010 on the issue of euro banknotes (and subsequent amendments ESB/2022/46). In 2023, this position also includes kuna banknotes and coins that have not been withdrawn from circulation.

Banknotes and coins in circulation (net) are euro banknotes and euro coins issued into circulation as well as banknotes and coins denominated in kuna that have ceased to be the legal tender, but have remained in circulation in the euro cash changeover year.

Credit institutions' deposits consist of funds in TARGET2 accounts (including the minimum reserve system), overnight deposits as well as other deposits and loans received from credit institutions.

General government deposits are general government current accounts with the Croatian National Bank.

Deposits of other resident sectors are current accounts as well as other resident sectors' other deposits and loans received with the Croatian National Bank.

Foreign liabilities include non-residents' current accounts and loans received as well as the allocation of International Monetary Fund's special drawing rights.

Capital and reserves include reserves, provisions and income and expense accounts.

Other liabilities comprise financial derivatives, suspense and restricted items, accrued interest and the rest.

Aggregated balance sheet of other monetary financial institutions

This group of tables covers the basic aggregated balance sheet of other monetary financial institutions and provides a detailed breakdown of relevant asset and liability items of the basic aggregated balance sheet of other monetary financial institutions. Data are based on the regular reports of credit institutions and MMFs.

All data on claims and liabilities in tables D1 to D11 refer to balances at the end of the period and data in tables D1 and D5 also refer to monthly net transactions.

All items are reported on a gross basis (i.e. before value adjustments). The value of transactions during the reporting period is calculated as the difference between the balance of financial positions at the end of the period (current and previous month) adjusted for the movement in the exchange rate, revaluations and reclassifications. Revaluations comprise loans write-offs and securities price adjustments. Reclassifications comprise changes in balance sheet balances incurred due to changes in the composition and structure of the reporting population of monetary

financial institutions (e.g. the disappearance of a reporting unit from the reporting population because of liquidation or bankruptcy), changes in the classification of financial instruments or changes in statistical definitions.

Claims reported by institutional sectors include financial instruments, loans, debt securities, shares and equity holdings as well as investment funds shares/units. Loans also comprise assets in the form of deposits placed by reporting institutions.

Deposits in the tables showing deposits also include loans received and non-transferable debt instruments issued by reporting institutions. Deposits also include subordinated debt in the form of deposits or loans.

Foreign currency items are reported in their euro equivalent at the Croatian National Bank midpoint exchange rate at the end of the reporting period. For the period until January 2022 (i.e. before the Republic of Croatia's entry to the euro area) data in kuna have been converted into euro applying a fixed conversion rate.

Table B2 Number of other monetary financial institutions covered by monetary statistics

| Year | Month | Total number of other monetary financial institutions | Total number of credit institutions | Banks | Savings banks | Housing savings banks | Savings banks | Foreign bank branches | Money market funds |
|------|-----------|---|-------------------------------------|-------|------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 = 4 + 9 + 10 | 4 = 5 do 8 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| 2009 | December | 43 | 43 | 34 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| 2010 | December | 38 | 38 | 32 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2011 | December | 59 | 37 | 31 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 22 |
| 2012 | December | 56 | 36 | 30 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 20 |
| 2013 | December | 55 | 35 | 29 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 20 |
| 2014 | December | 53 | 33 | 27 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 20 |
| 2015 | December | 52 | 33 | 27 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 19 |
| 2016 | December | 51 | 31 | 25 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 19 |
| 2017 | December | 52 | 30 | 24 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 21 |
| 2018 | December | 46 | 25 | 21 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 20 |
| 2019 | December | 25 | 23 | 20 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 2020 | December | 24 | 23 | 20 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 2021 | December | 24 | 23 | 20 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 2022 | December | 22 | 21 | 20 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 2023 | December | 23 | 20 | 19 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| 2024 | January | 23 | 20 | 19 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| | February | 23 | 20 | 19 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| | March | 24 | 20 | 19 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| | April | 24 | 20 | 19 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| | May | 24 | 20 | 19 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| | June | 25 | 20 | 19 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| | July | 26 | 20 | 19 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 5 |
| | August | 26 | 20 | 19 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 5 |
| | September | 26 | 20 | 19 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 5 |
| | October | 26 | 20 | 19 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 5 |
| | November | 26 | 20 | 19 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 5 |
| | December | 26 | 20 | 19 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 5 |

Table B2 Number of other monetary financial institutions covered by monetary statistics • The table shows the total number of credit institutions and MMFs that report monthly to the

Croatian National Bank and whose operations are shown in the Aggregated balance sheet of other monetary financial institutions.

Table D1 Aggregated balance sheet of other monetary financial institutions

outstanding amounts at end of period; transactions during period, million EUR

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | | | 2024 |
|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Mar. | Jun. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| AMOUNTS | | | | ı | 1 | | | | ı | |
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 Claims on the Croatian National Bank | 12,855.3 | 16,516.1 | 21,642.9 | 19,820.9 | 15,455.4 | 15,864.7 | 18,609.6 | 17,577.4 | 17,718.8 | 19,059.0 |
| Cash | 1,017.0 | 1,065.0 | 1,508.1 | 2,125.3 | 1,551.2 | 1,677.3 | 1,660.3 | 1,601.3 | 1,522.1 | 1,793.8 |
| Deposits | 11,838.3 | 15,451.1 | 20,134.7 | 17,695.6 | 13,904.2 | 14,187.4 | 16,949.3 | 15,976.0 | 16,196.7 | 17,265.2 |
| 2 Claims on other monetary financial institutions | 430.4 | 369.3 | 586.9 | 273.8 | 405.0 | 484.8 | 548.1 | 518.0 | 554.4 | 632.6 |
| 2.1 Loans and deposits | 399.9 | 314.8 | 523.9 | 242.7 | 373.2 | 452.9 | 516.1 | 486.1 | 522.3 | 598.7 |
| 2.2 Debt securities | 7.5 | 31.2 | 53.4 | 30.7 | 31.3 | 31.5 | 31.5 | 31.4 | 31.5 | 33.2 |
| 2.3 Equity securities | 23.0 | 23.3 | 9.6 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.7 |
| 2.4 MMF shares / units | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3 Claims on general government | 13,214.7 | 13,621.4 | 14,014.3 | 14,128.5 | 14,429.2 | 13,448.1 | 14,259.2 | 14,196.4 | 14,225.3 | 13,711.6 |
| 3.1 Claims on central government | 12,349.9 | 12,595.3 | 13,057.9 | 13,166.8 | 13,586.8 | 12,644.3 | 13,455.2 | 13,381.4 | 13,407.8 | 12,882.8 |
| 3.2 Claims on other general government | 864.8 | 1,026.1 | 956.4 | 961.7 | 842.4 | 803.9 | 804.0 | 815.0 | 817.5 | 828.7 |
| 4 Claims on other resident sectors | 30,883.8 | 31,690.7 | 34,860.8 | 37,538.6 | 38,023.8 | 39,194.1 | 39,790.6 | 40,360.8 | 40,707.8 | 40,960.3 |
| 4.1 Claims on non-financial corporations | 11,846.2 | 11,969.7 | 14,273.5 | 15,009.0 | 14,935.0 | 15,441.3 | 15,430.0 | 15,587.4 | 15,741.9 | 15,935.6 |
| 4.1.1 Claims on public non-financial corporations | 922.7 | 938.6 | 2,163.3 | 2,336.0 | 2,065.6 | 2,060.4 | 2,013.8 | 2,004.9 | 1,972.4 | 1,975.5 |
| 4.1.2 Claims on other non-financial corporations | 10,923.4 | 11,031.1 | 12,110.2 | 12,673.0 | 12,869.4 | 13,380.9 | 13,416.2 | 13,582.5 | 13,769.5 | 13,960.1 |
| 4.2 Claims on households | 18,161.2 | 18,869.1 | 19,890.1 | 21,755.1 | 22,297.0 | 22,983.4 | 23,562.5 | 24,044.3 | 24,230.1 | 24,306.4 |
| 4.3 Claims on non-MMF investment funds | 156.6 | 122.0 | 51.2 | 137.9 | 142.6 | 147.5 | 151.4 | 157.9 | 159.4 | 138.2 |
| 4.4 Claims on other financial intermediaries | 518.7 | 588.8 | 523.4 | 551.1 | 583.3 | 553.0 | 574.9 | 501.3 | 504.8 | 510.1 |
| 4.5 Claims on financial auxiliaries | 103.0 | 98.3 | 100.1 | 60.9 | 60.5 | 62.9 | 58.3 | 62.5 | 60.7 | 62.1 |
| 4.6 Claims on insurance corporations and pension funds | 98.0 | 42.9 | 22.6 | 24.5 | 5.4 | 6.1 | 13.6 | 7.4 | 10.8 | 8.0 |
| 5 Foreign assets | 5,123.3 | 5,233.3 | 5,320.1 | 6,976.4 | 9,475.1 | 9,673.8 | 9,193.6 | 10,405.6 | 10,646.0 | 10,212.7 |
| 6 Other assets | 1,774.8 | 1,739.5 | 2,021.7 | 2,192.5 | 2,093.7 | 2,087.3 | 2,242.8 | 2,223.3 | 2,423.7 | 2,309.8 |
| Total (1+ 2+3+4+5+6) | 64,282.2 | 69,170.4 | 78,446.7 | 80,930.6 | 79,882.2 | 80,752.8 | 84,643.8 | 85,281.7 | 86,275.9 | 86,885.9 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 Liabilities to the Croatian National Bank | 599.8 | 407.3 | 375.4 | 421.4 | 366.4 | 366.4 | 408.4 | 366.4 | 366.4 | 409.4 |
| 2 Deposits of other monetary financial institutions | 555.9 | 554.0 | 705.9 | 369.6 | 474.7 | 584.2 | 579.3 | 640.7 | 646.7 | 705.8 |
| 3 Deposits of other resident sectors | 46,735.3 | 51,563.5 | 59,534.8 | 62,132.2 | 59,808.4 | 60,934.4 | 63,804.7 | 64,061.3 | 64,605.8 | 65,409.4 |
| 3.1 Central government | 2,764.7 | 2,708.4 | 3,302.2 | 3,789.3 | 3,707.8 | 4,014.4 | 4,124.1 | 4,121.2 | 4,233.9 | 4,284.2 |
| 3.2 Other sectors | 43,970.6 | 48,855.2 | 56,232.6 | 58,342.9 | 56,100.6 | 56,920.0 | 59,680.6 | 59,940.1 | 60,371.9 | 61,125.1 |
| 3.2.1 Overnight deposits | 30,499.6 | 36,580.3 | 44,723.0 | 42,545.5 | 39,247.2 | 39,998.4 | 42,716.1 | 42,488.5 | 42,854.1 | 43,960.8 |
| 3.2.2 Deposits with agreed maturity | 13,471.0 | 12,274.8 | 11,479.6 | 15,776.4 | 16,834.3 | 16,908.7 | 16,954.5 | 17,449.5 | 17,515.6 | 17,157.6 |
| 3.2.3 Deposits redeemable at notice | - | - | - | 9.5 | 5.5 | 5.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.2 |
| 3.2.4 Repo | - | - | 30.0 | 11.5 | 13.6 | 8.0 | 8.0 | - | - | 4.5 |
| 4 Debt securities issued | 108.2 | 175.9 | 286.2 | 345.6 | 626.2 | 626.2 | 786.8 | 786.9 | 786.9 | 786.7 |
| 5 MMF units issued | - | - | - | 24.3 | 190.1 | 355.7 | 464.2 | 508.0 | 551.2 | 588.2 |
| 6 Foreign liabilities | 4,056.4 | 3,908.3 | 4,992.8 | 4,312.8 | 4,722.4 | 4,994.7 | 5,192.9 | 5,325.7 | 5,376.0 | 5,339.0 |
| 7 Capital and reserves | 10,942.4 | 11,190.9 | 10,813.3 | 11,104.1 | 11,337.1 | 10,765.1 | 11,198.0 | 11,432.6 | 11,522.6 | 11,577.1 |
| 8 Other liabilities | 1,284.2 | 1,370.4 | 1,738.4 | 2,220.5 | 2,356.9 | 2,126.1 | 2,209.4 | 2,160.1 | 2,420.4 | 2,070.3 |
| Total (1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8) | 64,282.2 | 69,170.4 | 78,446.7 | 80,930.6 | 79,882.2 | 80,752.8 | 84,643.8 | 85,281.7 | 86,275.9 | 86,885.9 |
| TRANSACTIONS | | | | | | | | | | |
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 Claims on the Croatian National Bank | 1,513.8 | 1,629.4 | 3,932.5 | 3,505.7 | -1,409.7 | 1,305.3 | 1,586.3 | -1,032.2 | 141.4 | 1,340.2 |
| Cash | 22.1 | 59.2 | 247.4 | 139.2 | -77.1 | -53.3 | -157.3 | -59.0 | -79.3 | 271.8 |
| Deposits | 1,491.7 | 1,570.2 | 3,685.1 | 3,366.5 | -1,332.6 | 1,358.6 | 1,743.5 | -973.2 | 220.7 | 1,068.5 |
| 2 Claims on other monetary financial institutions | 35.9 | -74.1 | 18.0 | 74.1 | 113.4 | 70.6 | 38.3 | -29.3 | 37.8 | 78.0 |
| 2.1 Loans and deposits | 35.9 | -71.5 | 18.2 | 74.0 | 113.5 | 70.5 | 38.2 | -29.2 | 37.8 | 76.3 |
| 2.2 Debt securities | 0.0 | -2.6 | -0.3 | 0.1 | -0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 1.7 |
| 2.3 Equity securities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | _ | - | - | - | - | _ | 0.0 |
| 2.4 MMF shares / units | - | - | - | _ | - | - | - | - | - | _ |
| 3 Claims on general government | 106.8 | -89.0 | 222.5 | -59.4 | 404.7 | 123.4 | 18.5 | -68.0 | 31.8 | -520.5 |
| 3.1 Claims on central government | -0.8 | -140.3 | 194.4 | -101.9 | 422.5 | 132.7 | 34.1 | -79.1 | 29.3 | -531.7 |
| 3.2 Claims on other general government | 107.7 | 51.3 | 28.1 | 42.6 | -17.8 | -9.2 | -15.6 | 11.0 | 2.5 | 11.2 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | | | 2024 |
|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------|---------|----------|---------|---------|---------|
| | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Mar. | Jun. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 4 Claims on other resident sectors | 404.9 | 330.7 | 43.9 | 233.8 | 433.8 | 286.7 | 309.1 | 573.1 | 369.1 | 316.5 |
| 4.1 Claims on non-financial corporations | 296.3 | 340.0 | 57.0 | 49.3 | 191.7 | 123.0 | 92.2 | 159.3 | 172.8 | 206.2 |
| 4.1.1 Claims on public non-financial corporations | -361.8 | 38.3 | -6.9 | -34.6 | -0.5 | -6.2 | -28.9 | -8.8 | -32.5 | 3.0 |
| 4.1.2 Claims on other non-financial corporations | 658.1 | 301.7 | 63.9 | 83.9 | 192.3 | 129.2 | 121.1 | 168.1 | 205.4 | 203.2 |
| 4.2 Claims on households | 18.3 | -8.6 | -0.8 | 94.7 | 234.8 | 195.0 | 206.7 | 483.1 | 190.1 | 127.7 |
| 4.3 Claims on non-MMF investment funds | 15.4 | 12.7 | -1.6 | 84.3 | 4.3 | 0.2 | 3.4 | 6.3 | 0.8 | -21.3 |
| 4.4 Claims on other financial intermediaries | 40.3 | -18.6 | -10.7 | 23.6 | 4.9 | -30.4 | 7.5 | -73.6 | 3.5 | 5.3 |
| 4.5 Claims on financial auxiliaries | -3.0 | 1.8 | 0.7 | -26.5 | -1.3 | -0.7 | -0.1 | 4.3 | -1.6 | 1.4 |
| 4.6 Claims on insurance corporations and pension funds | 37.6 | 3.4 | -0.7 | 8.4 | -0.5 | -0.4 | -0.5 | -6.2 | 3.4 | -2.8 |
| 5 Foreign assets | -1,198.5 | -1,519.2 | -1,953.3 | -1,726.5 | 937.9 | -493.9 | -1,726.9 | 1,250.7 | 268.8 | -419.5 |
| 6 Other assets | -27.7 | -37.2 | -44.7 | 43.7 | 22.6 | -27.5 | -27.8 | -66.9 | 176.0 | -132.4 |
| Total (1+ 2+3+4+5+6) | 835.2 | 240.5 | 2,218.9 | 2,071.4 | 502.7 | 1,264.7 | 197.4 | 627.4 | 1,024.9 | 662.3 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 Liabilities to the Croatian National Bank | -0.0 | -0.0 | -0.0 | 46.1 | - | - | 42.0 | -42.0 | -0.0 | 43.0 |
| 2 Deposits of other monetary financial institutions | 50.5 | -27.0 | 14.2 | -10.6 | 88.5 | 100.6 | 27.6 | 63.2 | 8.4 | 59.3 |
| 3 Deposits of other resident sectors | 246.8 | 241.9 | 1,880.8 | 1,973.0 | 18.0 | 810.4 | -78.8 | 313.0 | 598.0 | 811.6 |
| 3.1 Central government | 67.8 | -39.4 | 173.9 | 125.7 | 16.2 | 272.1 | 46.6 | -2.6 | 113.0 | 50.4 |
| 3.2 Other sectors | 179.0 | 281.3 | 1,706.9 | 1,847.2 | 1.8 | 538.3 | -125.4 | 315.6 | 485.0 | 761.2 |
| 3.2.1 Overnight deposits | -33.8 | 247.4 | 1,651.0 | 802.5 | -749.4 | 563.6 | 438.1 | -193.2 | 399.4 | 1,110.8 |
| 3.2.2 Deposits with agreed maturity | 212.8 | 33.9 | 25.9 | 1,036.3 | 733.1 | -32.3 | -570.0 | 516.8 | 85.4 | -354.2 |
| 3.2.3 Deposits redeemable at notice | - | - | - | -3.1 | 4.5 | -1.0 | -1.5 | - | 0.2 | - |
| 3.2.4 Repo | - | - | 30.0 | 11.5 | 13.6 | 8.0 | 8.0 | -8.0 | - | 4.5 |
| 4 Debt securities issued | -0.6 | -11.3 | -1.0 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 0.0 | 160.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.2 |
| 5 MMF units issued | -0.1 | - | - | 20.6 | 84.3 | 56.3 | 26.1 | 44.0 | 43.3 | 37.0 |
| 6 Foreign liabilities | 541.8 | 86.9 | 294.4 | -8.2 | 30.6 | 168.9 | -55.2 | 137.5 | 54.9 | -36.3 |
| 7 Capital and reserves | -39.8 | -43.2 | -125.0 | 123.6 | 36.8 | 88.7 | 127.6 | 234.8 | 90.4 | 54.3 |
| 8 Other liabilities | 36.6 | -6.7 | 155.5 | -73.1 | 243.9 | 39.9 | -52.6 | -123.1 | 229.8 | -306.5 |
| Total (1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8) | 835.2 | 240.5 | 2,218.9 | 2,071.4 | 502.7 | 1,264.7 | 197.4 | 627.4 | 1,024.9 | 662.3 |

Table D1 Aggregated balance sheet of other monetary financial institutions • The table shows aggregated data on claims and liabilities of other monetary financial institutions (OMFIs), i.e.

banks, savings banks and housing savings banks as well as MMFs. A detailed breakdown of MMFs asset and liability items is presented in tables D2 – D11.

Table D2 Foreign assets of other monetary financial institutions end of period, million EUR

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | | | 2024 |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|
| | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Mar. | Jun. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 1 Foreign assets in domestic currency | 3,418.6 | 3,311.6 | 3,163.1 | 4,693.0 | 6,928.0 | 7,142.5 | 6,657.6 | 7,234.4 | 7,575.6 | 7,871.9 |
| 1.1 Claims on non-residents of the euro area | 2,622.8 | 2,532.5 | 2,323.7 | 3,864.2 | 5,783.4 | 5,586.9 | 5,061.5 | 5,517.2 | 5,734.3 | 6,146.6 |
| Cash | 414.2 | 414.3 | 644.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | _ |
| Loans | 1,527.3 | 1,399.1 | 998.6 | 2,481.3 | 3,715.5 | 3,789.3 | 3,343.2 | 3,718.9 | 3,838.3 | 4,223.5 |
| Debt securities | 546.2 | 587.3 | 547.9 | 1,249.9 | 1,934.1 | 1,665.2 | 1,583.5 | 1,663.6 | 1,761.5 | 1,786.9 |
| Shares and equity holdings | 135.1 | 131.8 | 132.6 | 133.1 | 133.9 | 132.5 | 134.8 | 134.8 | 134.6 | 136.2 |
| 1.2 Claims on non-residents outside the euro area | 795.8 | 779.0 | 839.5 | 828.8 | 1,144.5 | 1,555.5 | 1,596.1 | 1,717.1 | 1,841.3 | 1,725.3 |
| Loans | 254.8 | 182.1 | 267.4 | 205.1 | 420.2 | 659.6 | 587.3 | 551.2 | 554.7 | 336.8 |
| Debt securities | 345.8 | 401.8 | 376.7 | 428.4 | 529.1 | 700.6 | 813.5 | 970.6 | 1,091.2 | 1,193.1 |
| Shares and equity holdings | 195.1 | 195.1 | 195.3 | 195.3 | 195.3 | 195.4 | 195.4 | 195.4 | 195.4 | 195.4 |
| 2 Foreign assets in foreign currency | 1,704.7 | 1,921.8 | 2,156.9 | 2,283.4 | 2,547.2 | 2,531.3 | 2,536.0 | 3,171.3 | 3,070.3 | 2,340.8 |
| 2.1 Claims on non-residents of the euro area | 537.4 | 656.7 | 732.0 | 933.8 | 1,164.1 | 896.4 | 8.888 | 996.3 | 890.5 | 700.1 |
| 2.2 Claims on non-residents outside the euro area | 1,167.3 | 1,265.1 | 1,425.0 | 1,349.6 | 1,383.1 | 1,634.9 | 1,647.2 | 2,175.0 | 2,179.9 | 1,640.7 |
| Total (1+2) | 5,123.3 | 5,233.3 | 5,320.1 | 6,976.4 | 9,475.1 | 9,673.8 | 9,193.6 | 10,405.6 | 10,646.0 | 10,212.7 |

Table D2 Foreign assets of other monetary financial institutions • The table shows other monetary financial institutions' claims on non-residents. Claims are shown in the domestic and foreign currency, with claims on non-residents of the euro area and claims on non-residents outside the euro area shown separately.

Table D3 Other monetary financial institutions' claims on general government and other resident sectors end of period, million EUR

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | | | 2024 |
|--------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Mar. | Jun. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 1 Claims in domestic currency | 43,608.5 | 44,799.9 | 48,578.9 | 51,369.1 | 52,234.1 | 52,399.2 | 53,969.8 | 54,460.8 | 54,724.9 | 54,447.2 |
| 1.1 General government | 13,022.6 | 13,398.9 | 13,812.6 | 13,985.0 | 14,426.3 | 13,445.9 | 14,257.2 | 14,194.8 | 14,223.7 | 13,710.8 |
| 1.1.1 Central government | 12,167.1 | 12,381.0 | 12,858.9 | 13,025.2 | 13,585.4 | 12,643.3 | 13,454.3 | 13,380.8 | 13,407.2 | 12,882.8 |
| Loans | 5,712.9 | 5,490.9 | 5,682.0 | 5,362.4 | 5,492.4 | 5,336.5 | 5,167.7 | 5,094.0 | 5,113.7 | 4,567.1 |
| Debt securities | 6,454.1 | 6,890.0 | 7,176.9 | 7,662.8 | 8,093.0 | 7,306.9 | 8,286.6 | 8,286.8 | 8,293.5 | 8,315.8 |
| 1.1.2 Other general government | 855.6 | 1,017.9 | 953.7 | 959.8 | 840.9 | 802.6 | 802.9 | 814.0 | 816.6 | 827.9 |
| Loans | 854.6 | 1,009.7 | 946.3 | 952.1 | 833.4 | 795.5 | 796.1 | 807.3 | 808.9 | 819.8 |
| Debt securities | 0.9 | 8.2 | 7.4 | 7.7 | 7.5 | 7.1 | 6.8 | 6.7 | 7.7 | 8.2 |
| 1.2 Other resident sectors | 30,585.9 | 31,401.1 | 34,766.2 | 37,384.1 | 37,807.9 | 38,953.3 | 39,712.6 | 40,266.0 | 40,501.2 | 40,736.5 |
| Loans | 29,877.6 | 30,562.4 | 33,969.4 | 36,615.0 | 37,043.1 | 38,172.5 | 38,922.0 | 39,545.7 | 39,768.8 | 40,001.0 |
| Debt securities | 272.8 | 426.8 | 432.7 | 331.4 | 328.4 | 337.4 | 348.5 | 351.6 | 362.2 | 383.5 |
| Shares and equity holdings | 368.6 | 351.0 | 325.2 | 308.8 | 308.8 | 314.6 | 311.6 | 227.8 | 228.1 | 229.4 |
| Investment fund units | 67.0 | 60.9 | 38.9 | 128.9 | 127.6 | 128.7 | 130.6 | 140.8 | 142.1 | 122.6 |
| 2 Claims in foreign currency | 489.9 | 512.2 | 296.2 | 297.9 | 218.8 | 243.0 | 80.0 | 96.5 | 208.2 | 224.6 |
| 2.1 General government | 192.1 | 222.5 | 201.6 | 143.4 | 2.9 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 0.8 |
| 2.1.1 Central government | 182.8 | 214.3 | 199.0 | 141.6 | 1.4 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.6 | 0.7 | - |
| Loans | 0.0 | - | - | - | 1.4 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.6 | 0.7 | - |
| Debt securities | 182.8 | 214.3 | 199.0 | 141.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2.1.2 Other general government | 9.3 | 8.2 | 2.7 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.8 |
| Loans | 9.3 | 8.2 | 2.7 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.8 |
| Debt securities | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2.2 Other resident sectors | 297.8 | 289.7 | 94.6 | 154.5 | 215.9 | 240.8 | 78.0 | 94.8 | 206.6 | 223.8 |
| Loans | 244.8 | 227.6 | 94.6 | 153.8 | 215.2 | 240.4 | 77.6 | 94.4 | 206.2 | 223.4 |
| Debt securities | 53.0 | 62.0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Shares and equity holdings | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Investment fund units | _ | _ | _ | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| Total (1+2) | 44,098.5 | 45,312.1 | 48,875.1 | 51,667.0 | 52,453.0 | 52,642.2 | 54,049.8 | 54,557.3 | 54,933.1 | 54,671.8 |

Table D3 Other monetary financial institutions' claims on general government and other resident sectors • The table shows claims on general government and other resident sectors

in the domestic and foreign currency broken down by financial instruments (loans, debt securities, shares and equity holdings as well as investment fund units).

Table D5 Other monetary financial institutions' loans by institutional sectors

outstanding amounts at end of period; transactions during period, million EUR

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | | | 2024 |
|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Mar. | Jun. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| AMOUNTS | | | | l | | | • 1 | ı | | |
| Loans in domestic currency | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 General government | 6,567.5 | 6,500.7 | 6,628.4 | 6,314.5 | 6,325.7 | 6,131.9 | 5,963.9 | 5,901.3 | 5,922.5 | 5,386.8 |
| 1.1 Central government | 5,712.9 | 5,490.9 | 5,682.0 | 5,362.4 | 5,492.4 | 5,336.5 | 5,167.7 | 5,094.0 | 5,113.7 | 4,567.1 |
| 1.2 Local government | 853.7 | 1,008.5 | 944.8 | 950.3 | 831.3 | 793.6 | 794.5 | 805.4 | 807.0 | 817.9 |
| 1.3 Social security funds | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.9 |
| 2 Non-financial corporations | 11,388.1 | 11,333.9 | 13,773.1 | 14,532.4 | 14,395.5 | 14,867.8 | 15,007.8 | 15,147.3 | 15,179.3 | 15,332.9 |
| 3 Households | 18,073.5 | 18,791.0 | 19,822.3 | 21,695.5 | 22,241.8 | 22,929.6 | 23,509.6 | 23,991.7 | 24,177.6 | 24,255.1 |
| 4 Non-MMF investment funds | 19.2 | 11.3 | - | 7.5 | 13.5 | 17.7 | 20.3 | 16.6 | 16.9 | 15.2 |
| 5 Other financial intermediaries | 287.1 | 374.0 | 309.0 | 336.9 | 369.1 | 334.0 | 356.0 | 366.8 | 370.3 | 375.5 |
| 6 Financial auxiliaries | 45.0 | 43.1 | 45.3 | 20.8 | 20.5 | 20.2 | 17.5 | 18.8 | 16.8 | 18.2 |
| 7 Insurance corporations and pension funds | 64.6 | 9.1 | 19.7 | 22.0 | 2.9 | 3.2 | 10.7 | 4.5 | 7.9 | 4.1 |
| A Total (1+2+3+4+5+6+7) | 36,445.2 | 37,063.0 | 40,597.8 | 42,929.5 | 43,368.8 | 44,304.5 | 44,885.8 | 45,447.0 | 45,691.3 | 45,387.9 |
| Loans in foreign currency | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 General government | 9.3 | 8.2 | 2.7 | 1.8 | 2.9 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 0.8 |
| 1.1 Central government | 0.0 | - | - | _ | 1.4 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.6 | 0.7 | _ |
| 1.2 Local government | 9.3 | 8.2 | 2.7 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.8 |
| 1.3 Social security funds | - | - | - | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | - |
| 2 Non-financial corporations | 68.0 | 91.4 | 14.1 | 93.1 | 158.8 | 183.6 | 24.4 | 38.5 | 149.9 | 168.3 |
| 3 Households | 87.3 | 78.1 | 67.8 | 59.6 | 55.3 | 53.8 | 52.8 | 52.6 | 52.5 | 51.3 |
| 4 Non-MMF investment funds | 70.4 | 49.8 | 12.3 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 0.6 | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 5 Other financial intermediaries | 17.5 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.3 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 6 Financial auxiliaries | 1.6 | _ | - | _ | _ | 2.4 | 0.4 | 3.3 | 3.8 | 3.8 |
| 7 Insurance corporations and pension funds | - | 7.5 | - | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| B Total (1+2+3+4+5+6+7) | 254.1 | 235.8 | 97.2 | 155.7 | 218.1 | 242.6 | 79.6 | 96.0 | 207.8 | 224.2 |
| TOTAL (A+B) | 36,699.3 | 37,298.8 | 40,695.0 | 43,085.2 | 43,586.9 | 44,547.1 | 44,965.4 | 45,543.1 | 45,899.1 | 45,612.1 |
| TRANSACTIONS | | | | | | | | | | |
| Loans in domestic currency | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 General government | 157.9 | -88.0 | 290.5 | -121.2 | 108.8 | -5.7 | -18.0 | -62.5 | 21.2 | -535.7 |
| 1.1 Central government | 49.9 | -139.2 | 263.1 | -162.6 | 126.4 | 3.3 | -2.6 | -73.7 | 19.6 | -546.6 |
| 1.2 Local government | 108.2 | 51.4 | 27.5 | 41.1 | -17.6 | -8.8 | -14.7 | 10.8 | 1.7 | 10.9 |
| 1.3 Social security funds | -0.2 | -0.2 | -0.1 | 0.4 | -0.0 | -0.3 | -0.7 | 0.3 | -0.1 | 0.1 |
| 2 Non-financial corporations | 292.3 | 154.5 | 82.4 | 22.7 | 151.3 | 157.7 | 196.9 | 140.9 | 50.1 | 163.5 |
| 3 Households | 20.3 | -8.6 | 0.3 | 91.3 | 238.3 | 194.1 | 207.2 | 483.0 | 189.5 | 129.4 |
| 4 Non-MMF investment funds | 0.1 | 1.2 | -0.2 | -4.6 | 4.3 | 0.2 | 3.4 | -3.7 | 0.3 | -1.8 |
| 5 Other financial intermediaries | 41.3 | -16.4 | -10.6 | 23.6 | 4.9 | -30.1 | 7.5 | 10.8 | 3.5 | 5.3 |
| 6 Financial auxiliaries | -3.0 | 1.8 | 0.7 | -13.9 | -1.3 | -0.7 | -0.5 | 1.3 | -1.9 | 1.3 |
| 7 Insurance corporations and pension funds | 37.6 | 3.4 | -0.7 | 8.4 | -0.5 | -0.4 | -0.5 | -6.2 | 3.4 | -3.8 |
| A Total (1+2+3+4+5+6+7) | 546.5 | 47.9 | 362.5 | 6.2 | 505.8 | 314.9 | 396.0 | 563.5 | 266.1 | -241.7 |
| Loans in foreign currency | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 General government | -0.2 | -0.1 | -0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | -0.0 | -0.1 | -0.3 | -0.0 | -0.8 |
| 1.1 Central government | -0.0 | -0.0 | - | - | 0.2 | 0.0 | -0.0 | -0.2 | 0.0 | -0.7 |
| 1.2 Local government | -0.2 | -0.1 | -0.1 | 0.1 | -0.1 | -0.0 | -0.1 | -0.1 | -0.1 | -0.1 |
| 1.3 Social security funds | - | - | - | - | _ | - | - | - | _ | _ |
| 2 Non-financial corporations | 11.8 | 40.2 | -20.1 | 26.5 | 40.8 | -43.7 | -116.6 | 15.3 | 113.0 | 20.1 |
| 3 Households | -1.9 | 0.0 | -1.1 | 3.5 | -3.5 | 1.0 | -0.5 | 0.1 | 0.5 | -1.7 |
| 4 Non-MMF investment funds | 5.5 | 11.4 | -1.6 | -0.0 | 0.0 | -0.0 | - | - | _ | _ |
| 5 Other financial intermediaries | -1.1 | -2.2 | -0.1 | -0.0 | 0.0 | -0.3 | - | - | _ | _ |
| 6 Financial auxiliaries | -0.1 | - | - | - | - | 0.0 | 0.4 | 3.0 | 0.5 | 0.1 |
| 7 Insurance corporations and pension funds | _ | 0.0 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | - |
| 7 modrance desperations and pension rands | | | | | | | | | | |
| B Total (1+2+3+4+5+6+7) | 14.0 | 49.3 | -22.9 | 30.1 | 37.3 | -43.0 | -116.9 | 18.0 | 114.0 | 17.7 |

Table D5 Other monetary financial institutions' loans by institutional sectors • The table shows loans in the domestic and foreign currency granted to domestic sectors, including:

overnight loans, loans for payments made on the basis of guarantees and similar instruments, reverse repo loans, shares in syndicated loans, financial leases, consumer loans, education

loans, housing loans, mortgage loans, car loans, credit card loans, overdrafts on transaction accounts, margin loans, Lombard loans, working capital loans, construction loans, agricultural loans, tourism loans, investment loans, export finance loans, general-purpose cash loans, factoring and forfeiting, receivables on charge cards and other loans.

Table D5b Other monetary financial institutions' loans by institutional sectors and original maturity end of period, million EUR

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | | | 2024 |
|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Mar. | Jun. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 1 Loans to general government | 6,576.8 | 6,508.9 | 6,631.0 | 6,316.4 | 6,328.7 | 6,134.2 | 5,965.8 | 5,902.9 | 5,924.1 | 5,387.6 |
| 1.1 Central government | 5,712.9 | 5,490.9 | 5,682.0 | 5,362.4 | 5,493.7 | 5,337.4 | 5,168.6 | 5,094.7 | 5,114.3 | 4,567.1 |
| Up to 1 year | 60.9 | 41.1 | 56.4 | 29.7 | 128.9 | 138.2 | 78.3 | 69.1 | 66.9 | 23.2 |
| Over 1 and up to 5 years | 1,728.9 | 953.0 | 914.1 | 743.8 | 733.0 | 672.3 | 625.8 | 611.8 | 621.5 | 496.1 |
| Over 5 years | 3,923.2 | 4,496.8 | 4,711.5 | 4,588.8 | 4,631.9 | 4,527.0 | 4,464.5 | 4,413.9 | 4,426.0 | 4,047.8 |
| 1.2 Local government | 862.9 | 1,016.7 | 947.4 | 952.1 | 832.8 | 794.8 | 795.6 | 806.3 | 807.9 | 818.7 |
| Up to 1 year | 119.5 | 151.4 | 89.9 | 91.2 | 80.2 | 48.1 | 53.4 | 52.5 | 48.8 | 50.3 |
| Over 1 and up to 5 years | 99.7 | 101.2 | 37.0 | 43.5 | 32.1 | 27.3 | 23.9 | 22.4 | 23.7 | 24.2 |
| Over 5 years | 643.8 | 764.1 | 820.5 | 817.4 | 720.5 | 719.5 | 718.3 | 731.5 | 735.4 | 744.3 |
| 1.3 Social security funds | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.9 |
| Up to 1 year | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.9 |
| Over 1 and up to 5 years | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 0.0 | _ | _ |
| Over 5 years | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 2 Loans to non-financial corporations | 11,456.1 | 11,425.3 | 13,787.2 | 14,625.5 | 14,554.3 | 15,051.4 | 15,032.2 | 15,185.8 | 15,329.2 | 15,501.3 |
| Up to 1 year | 1,805.6 | 1,657.6 | 1,850.1 | 1,926.1 | 1,909.0 | 2,083.1 | 2,096.4 | 2,119.0 | 2,170.8 | 2,230.8 |
| Over 1 and up to 5 years | 2,419.0 | 2,396.7 | 3,780.9 | 3,978.9 | 3,822.4 | 3,946.5 | 3,855.9 | 3,896.7 | 3,895.9 | 3,911.7 |
| Over 5 years | 7,231.5 | 7,371.0 | 8,156.2 | 8,720.6 | 8,822.9 | 9,021.8 | 9,079.8 | 9,170.0 | 9,262.6 | 9,358.8 |
| 3 Loans to households | 18,160.8 | 18,869.1 | 19,890.1 | 21,755.1 | 22,297.0 | 22,983.4 | 23,562.5 | 24,044.3 | 24,230.1 | 24,306.4 |
| Up to 1 year | 1,415.6 | 1,347.4 | 1,334.6 | 1,357.9 | 1,369.2 | 1,361.0 | 1,364.9 | 1,427.2 | 1,433.2 | 1,394.5 |
| Over 1 and up to 5 years | 1,343.5 | 1,398.7 | 1,428.4 | 1,619.5 | 1,692.1 | 1,796.1 | 1,857.6 | 2,062.6 | 2,077.4 | 2,069.8 |
| Over 5 years | 15,401.7 | 16,123.0 | 17,127.1 | 18,777.8 | 19,235.7 | 19,826.3 | 20,340.0 | 20,554.5 | 20,719.5 | 20,842.0 |
| 4 Loans to non-MMF investment funds | 89.7 | 61.1 | 12.3 | 8.3 | 14.3 | 18.4 | 20.3 | 16.6 | 16.9 | 15.2 |
| Up to 1 year | 89.7 | 61.1 | 12.3 | 8.3 | 14.3 | 18.4 | 20.3 | 16.6 | 16.9 | 15.2 |
| Over 1 and up to 5 years | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Over 5 years | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 5 Loans to other financial intermediaries | 304.6 | 374.9 | 309.4 | 337.1 | 369.3 | 334.0 | 356.0 | 366.8 | 370.3 | 375.5 |
| Up to 1 year | 42.5 | 11.5 | 110.8 | 29.2 | 18.4 | 18.0 | 23.3 | 14.9 | 12.5 | 13.2 |
| Over 1 and up to 5 years | 175.5 | 272.6 | 119.3 | 230.9 | 242.6 | 237.8 | 259.7 | 277.9 | 278.6 | 272.0 |
| Over 5 years | 86.6 | 90.7 | 79.3 | 77.0 | 108.3 | 78.3 | 73.0 | 74.0 | 79.1 | 90.4 |
| 6 Loans to financial auxiliaries | 46.6 | 43.1 | 45.3 | 20.8 | 20.5 | 22.6 | 17.9 | 22.1 | 20.6 | 22.0 |
| Up to 1 year | 4.5 | 4.6 | 3.9 | 4.8 | 5.2 | 7.9 | 5.6 | 10.0 | 8.3 | 9.8 |
| Over 1 and up to 5 years | 10.6 | 1.8 | 2.3 | 4.9 | 4.5 | 4.1 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.0 |
| Over 5 years | 31.5 | 36.6 | 39.2 | 11.1 | 10.8 | 10.5 | 8.4 | 8.2 | 8.3 | 8.2 |
| 7 Loans to insurance corporations and pension funds | 64.6 | 16.6 | 19.7 | 22.0 | 2.9 | 3.2 | 10.7 | 4.5 | 7.9 | 4.1 |
| Up to 1 year | 51.8 | 11.1 | 15.4 | 19.0 | 0.2 | 0.8 | 8.6 | 2.5 | 6.0 | 2.3 |
| Over 1 and up to 5 years | 5.3 | 0.0 | - | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Over 5 years | 7.5 | 5.5 | 4.3 | 3.0 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.7 |
| Total (1+2+3+4+5+6+7) | 36,699.3 | 37,298.8 | 40,695.0 | 43,085.2 | 43,586.9 | 44,547.1 | 44,965.4 | 45,543.1 | 45,899.1 | 45,612.1 |
| Up to 1 year | 3,591.0 | 3,287.0 | 3,474.8 | 3,468.0 | 3,527.5 | 3,677.3 | 3,652.5 | 3,713.8 | 3,765.3 | 3,741.1 |
| Over 1 and up to 5 years | 5,782.6 | 5,124.1 | 6,282.0 | 6,621.5 | 6,526.8 | 6,684.1 | 6,626.8 | 6,875.2 | 6,901.1 | 6,777.7 |
| Over 5 years | 27,325.7 | 28,887.7 | 30,938.2 | 32,995.7 | 33,532.7 | 34,185.7 | 34,686.0 | 34,954.1 | 35,232.7 | 35,093.2 |

Table D5b Other monetary financial institutions' loans by institutional sectors and original maturity • The table shows a breakdown of loans from Table D5 by institutional sectors and

original maturity, with the latter divided into maturity of up to one year, over one and up to five years and over five years.

Table D5c Other monetary financial institutions' loans to households by purpose and currency

outstanding amounts at end of period; transactions during period, million EUR

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | | | 2024 |
|--------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Mar. | Jun. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| AMOUNTS | | | · | | ' | · | · | ' | ' | |
| 1 Housing loans | 8,251.6 | 8,993.3 | 9,916.4 | 10,891.7 | 11,083.1 | 11,339.4 | 11,599.0 | 11,701.4 | 11,788.5 | 11,884.0 |
| In domestic currency | 8,176.8 | 8,925.8 | 9,857.4 | 10,840.0 | 11,035.3 | 11,293.0 | 11,553.4 | 11,656.3 | 11,743.4 | 11,839.7 |
| In foreign currency | 74.8 | 67.5 | 59.0 | 51.7 | 47.8 | 46.4 | 45.6 | 45.1 | 45.0 | 44.2 |
| 2 General-purpose cash loans | 6,934.9 | 7,040.3 | 7,209.3 | 7,991.6 | 8,292.3 | 8,668.4 | 8,975.4 | 9,110.3 | 9,184.5 | 9,194.3 |
| In domestic currency | 6,930.2 | 7,036.7 | 7,206.1 | 7,988.9 | 8,289.8 | 8,665.8 | 8,972.9 | 9,107.5 | 9,181.7 | 9,192.0 |
| In foreign currency | 4.7 | 3.6 | 3.2 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.3 |
| 3 Overdrafts on transaction accounts | 851.3 | 813.7 | 785.2 | 773.9 | 787.4 | 778.8 | 766.3 | 768.3 | 765.7 | 719.8 |
| In domestic currency | 851.3 | 813.7 | 785.2 | 773.9 | 787.4 | 778.8 | 766.3 | 768.3 | 765.7 | 719.8 |
| In foreign currency | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 4 Credit card credit | 486.3 | 431.5 | 398.1 | 401.9 | 399.0 | 384.7 | 386.2 | 560.0 | 566.4 | 569.9 |
| In domestic currency | 486.3 | 431.5 | 398.1 | 401.9 | 399.0 | 384.7 | 386.2 | 560.0 | 566.4 | 569.9 |
| In foreign currency | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 5 Mortgage loans | 269.5 | 284.1 | 295.0 | 337.5 | 361.3 | 394.0 | 422.5 | 433.8 | 442.8 | 450.2 |
| In domestic currency | 268.0 | 282.9 | 294.2 | 336.7 | 360.6 | 393.3 | 421.8 | 433.1 | 442.1 | 449.4 |
| In foreign currency | 1.5 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.8 |
| 6 Car loans | 53.7 | 41.2 | 26.9 | 22.9 | 23.2 | 25.5 | 26.5 | 27.4 | 27.8 | 28.2 |
| In domestic currency | 53.4 | 41.0 | 26.8 | 22.8 | 23.2 | 25.4 | 26.5 | 27.3 | 27.7 | 28.2 |
| In foreign currency | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 |
| 7 Consumer loans | 1.4 | 0.8 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 2.6 |
| In domestic currency | 1.4 | 0.8 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 2.6 |
| In foreign currency | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 8 Other loans | 1,312.0 | 1,264.1 | 1,258.6 | 1,335.4 | 1,350.3 | 1,392.2 | 1,385.9 | 1,441.9 | 1,452.7 | 1,457.4 |
| In domestic currency | 1,306.0 | 1,258.6 | 1,253.9 | 1,331.0 | 1,346.2 | 1,388.2 | 1,382.0 | 1,437.9 | 1,448.8 | 1,453.5 |
| In foreign currency | 6.0 | 5.5 | 4.7 | 4.4 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.8 |
| Total (1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8) | 18,160.8 | 18,869.1 | 19,890.1 | 21,755.1 | 22,297.0 | 22,983.4 | 23,562.5 | 24,044.3 | 24,230.1 | 24,306.4 |
| TRANSACTIONS | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 Housing loans | 120.1 | 42.1 | 84.8 | 81.4 | 60.9 | 88.9 | 88.0 | 102.9 | 87.6 | 95.5 |
| 2 General-purpose cash loans | -39.5 | -11.8 | -6.3 | 41.8 | 133.1 | 114.6 | 118.3 | 135.3 | 77.1 | 50.3 |
| 3 Other loans | -62.3 | -39.0 | -79.3 | -28.5 | 40.8 | -8.5 | 0.4 | 244.9 | 25.3 | -18.2 |
| Total (1+2+3) | 18.3 | -8.6 | -0.8 | 94.7 | 234.8 | 195.0 | 206.7 | 483.1 | 190.1 | 127.7 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

to households by purpose and currency • The table shows a

Table D5c Other monetary financial institutions' loans breakdown of loans to the household sector from Table D5 by purpose and currency, in the domestic and foreign currency.

Table D5e Other monetary financial institutions' loans to non-financial corporations by non-financial corporation size outstanding amounts at end of period; transactions during period, million EUR

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | | | 2024 |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Mar. | Jun. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| AMOUNTS | | | | | | | 00 00 | | | |
| A Micro | 1,751.0 | 1,817.2 | 1,959.7 | 2,049.7 | 2,100.6 | 2,242.7 | 2,319.8 | 2,354.9 | 2,378.5 | 2,524.0 |
| 1 Working capital loans | 436.9 | 424.1 | 471.0 | 479.0 | 474.3 | 494.1 | 491.8 | 493.3 | 500.5 | 528.3 |
| 1.1 In domestic currency | 435.4 | 423.2 | 470.7 | 478.5 | 473.8 | 493.5 | 491.3 | 492.7 | 499.9 | 527.7 |
| Short-term | 118.7 | 101.5 | 101.3 | 70.9 | 59.5 | 61.9 | 64.3 | 65.3 | 68.2 | 89.8 |
| Long-term | 316.7 | 321.7 | 369.4 | 407.6 | 414.3 | 431.6 | 427.0 | 427.4 | 431.7 | 437.9 |
| 1.2 In foreign currency | 1.6 | 0.8 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| Short-term | 1.0 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | - | - | - | - | - | _ |
| Long-term | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| 2 Investment loans | 1,029.1 | 1,072.9 | 1,210.9 | 1,319.1 | 1,357.0 | 1,449.2 | 1,529.3 | 1,554.3 | 1,577.8 | 1,663.7 |
| 2.1 In domestic currency | 1,024.5 | 1,069.0 | 1,207.1 | 1,315.6 | 1,354.8 | 1,447.1 | 1,528.4 | 1,553.4 | 1,577.0 | 1,662.9 |
| Short-term | 18.2 | 9.9 | 23.5 | 25.6 | 16.6 | 15.6 | 48.0 | 44.5 | 43.9 | 45.2 |
| Long-term | 1,006.3 | 1,059.0 | 1,183.6 | 1,290.0 | 1,338.2 | 1,431.5 | 1,480.5 | 1,508.9 | 1,533.1 | 1,617.7 |
| 2.2 In foreign currency | 4.6 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.5 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.8 |
| Short-term | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - | - | - | _ |
| Long-term | 4.5 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.5 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.8 |
| 3 Other loans | 285.0 | 320.2 | 277.8 | 251.6 | 269.3 | 299.4 | 298.7 | 307.3 | 300.2 | 332.0 |
| 3.1 In domestic currency | 281.8 | 318.8 | 276.4 | 250.2 | 269.3 | 299.4 | 298.6 | 307.3 | 300.2 | 332.0 |
| Short-term | 137.2 | 98.5 | 96.3 | 67.4 | 70.1 | 73.3 | 78.5 | 81.9 | 81.0 | 81.8 |
| Long-term | 144.6 | 220.3 | 180.1 | 182.8 | 199.2 | 226.1 | 220.1 | 225.4 | 219.2 | 250.2 |
| 3.2 In foreign currency | 3.2 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Short-term | 2.2 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Long-term | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 0.0 | - | - | - | - | - |
| B Small | 2,742.9 | 2,791.0 | 2,934.2 | 3,173.6 | 3,180.6 | 3,280.2 | 3,238.3 | 3,236.1 | 3,281.5 | 3,278.5 |
| 1 Working capital loans | 789.7 | 882.1 | 977.4 | 995.1 | 1,003.7 | 1,069.4 | 1,057.4 | 1,068.1 | 1,089.0 | 1,100.1 |
| 1.1 In domestic currency | 788.9 | 880.7 | 975.8 | 994.8 | 1,003.5 | 1,069.1 | 1,057.4 | 1,068.0 | 1,089.0 | 1,099.9 |
| Short-term | 184.7 | 204.6 | 196.6 | 198.2 | 173.1 | 202.0 | 198.4 | 213.1 | 231.2 | 230.3 |
| Long-term | 604.1 | 676.1 | 779.2 | 796.6 | 830.4 | 867.1 | 859.0 | 854.9 | 857.8 | 869.6 |
| 1.2 In foreign currency | 0.9 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.2 |
| Short-term | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Long-term | 0.9 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.2 |
| 2 Investment loans 2.1 In domestic currency | 1,485.7 | 1,437.4 | 1,511.4 | 1,644.8 | 1,635.3 | 1,645.4 | 1,612.4 1,610.6 | 1,607.2 | 1,618.5 | 1,624.7 |
| Short-term | 1,480.3 4.6 | 1,433.0 6.0 | 1,507.1 5.5 | 1,642.0 17.0 | 1,633.5 18.1 | 1,643.6 18.9 | 3.2 | 1,605.5 3.0 | 1,617.6 3.3 | 1,623.8 5.6 |
| | 1,475.7 | 1,427.0 | 1,501.6 | 1,625.0 | 1.615.4 | 1,624.7 | 1,607.4 | 1,602.5 | 1,614.3 | 1,618.2 |
| Long-term 2.2 In foreign currency | 1,475.7 5.4 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 2.8 | 1.8 | 1,024.7 | 1,007.4 | 1,002.5 | 0.9 | 0.9 |
| Short-term | 0.0 | 0.0 | - | | - | 1.0 | - | - | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| Long-term | 5.3 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 2.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 0.9 | 0.9 |
| 3 Other loans | 467.5 | 471.6 | 445.5 | 533.7 | 541.6 | 565.4 | 568.5 | 560.7 | 573.9 | 553.7 |
| 3.1 In domestic currency | 456.0 | 468.0 | 445.3 | 533.7 | 541.4 | 565.1 | 568.5 | 560.7 | 573.9 | 553.6 |
| Short-term | 170.7 | 158.7 | 168.1 | 183.3 | 199.6 | 223.8 | 219.6 | 211.3 | 224.1 | 206.0 |
| Long-term | 285.2 | 309.4 | 277.2 | 350.4 | 341.8 | 341.2 | 348.9 | 349.4 | 349.8 | 347.6 |
| 3.2 In foreign currency | 11.6 | 3.6 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 |
| Short-term | 8.4 | 3.5 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 |
| Long-term | 3.2 | 0.1 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| C Medium | 2,820.9 | 2,764.8 | 3,000.1 | 3,012.3 | 3,027.9 | 3,084.9 | 3,094.1 | 3,100.2 | 3,105.0 | 3,203.5 |
| 1 Working capital loans | 988.6 | 936.1 | 949.6 | 932.5 | 929.3 | 956.4 | 985.1 | 989.1 | 978.3 | 1,019.9 |
| 1.1 In domestic currency | 985.3 | 933.3 | 947.6 | 932.5 | 929.3 | 956.4 | 985.1 | 989.1 | 978.3 | 1,019.9 |
| Short-term | 212.9 | 213.9 | 276.9 | 262.5 | 262.4 | 263.1 | 290.5 | 292.2 | 290.9 | 297.7 |
| Long-term | 772.4 | 719.4 | 670.8 | 670.0 | 667.0 | 693.3 | 694.6 | 696.9 | 687.4 | 722.2 |
| 1.2 In foreign currency | 3.3 | 2.7 | 2.0 | - | - | - | - | _ | - | _ |
| Short-term | 0.2 | _ | - | _ | - | - | - | _ | - | _ |
| Long-term | 3.1 | 2.7 | 2.0 | - | _ | _ | - | _ | - | - |
| 2 Investment loans | 1,125.7 | 1,013.7 | 1,311.4 | 1,308.7 | 1,325.2 | 1,355.2 | 1,331.9 | 1,337.1 | 1,352.9 | 1,408.4 |
| 2.1 In domestic currency | 1,125.7 | 1,013.7 | 1,311.4 | 1,308.7 | 1,325.2 | 1,355.2 | 1,331.9 | 1,337.1 | 1,352.9 | 1,408.4 |
| Short-term | 0.6 | 2.2 | 1.8 | 0.8 | 5.0 | 7.0 | 6.6 | 6.4 | 6.3 | 5.5 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | | | 2024 |
|----------|---------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Mar. | Jun. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| | Long-term | 1,125.1 | 1,011.4 | 1,309.6 | 1,308.0 | 1,320.2 | 1,348.2 | 1,325.3 | 1,330.7 | 1,346.6 | 1,402.9 |
| 2.2 | In foreign currency | 1,125.1 | 1,011.4 | 1,309.0 | 1,306.0 | 1,320.2 | 1,346.2 | 1,323.3 | 1,330.7 | 1,340.0 | 1,402.9 |
| 2.2 | Short-term | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 3 Othe | Long-term er loans | 706.7 | 815.0 | 739.0 | 771.1 | 773.4 | 773.2 | 777.0 | 773.9 | 773.8 | 775.2 |
| | In domestic currency | 706.7 | 815.0 | 739.0 | 771.1 | 773.4 | 773.1 | 776.8 | 773.7 | 773.6 | 775.1 |
| | Short-term | 153.5 | 153.9 | 157.7 | 200.2 | 218.2 | 232.4 | 214.7 | 206.2 | 209.3 | 223.4 |
| | Long-term | 553.2 | 661.1 | 581.3 | 571.0 | 555.2 | 540.8 | 562.1 | 567.5 | 564.4 | 551.7 |
| 3.2 | In foreign currency | 555.2 | - 001.1 | 0.0 | 571.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| 0.2 | Short-term | | | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| | Long-term | _ | _ | - | _ | - | 0.1 | - | 0.2 | - 0.2 | - |
| D Larg | • | 4,131.3 | 4,044.7 | 5,885.1 | 6,365.6 | 6,120.5 | 6,309.1 | 6,193.5 | 6,309.6 | 6,385.5 | 6,326.0 |
| | king capital loans | 1,545.3 | 1,407.7 | 1,890.9 | 2,060.6 | 2,102.8 | 2,237.2 | 2,297.9 | 2,360.0 | 2,425.0 | 2,391.1 |
| | In domestic currency | 1,510.9 | 1,334.4 | 1,890.9 | 1,976.2 | 1,951.6 | 2,061.3 | 2,279.4 | 2,327.0 | 2,279.7 | 2,227.9 |
| | Short-term | 509.5 | 397.3 | 573.5 | 472.8 | 404.3 | 476.0 | 651.9 | 656.4 | 554.7 | 544.4 |
| | Long-term | 1.001.4 | 937.1 | 1,317.5 | 1,503.5 | 1,547.3 | 1,585.3 | 1,627.5 | 1,670.6 | 1,725.0 | 1,683.5 |
| 1.2 | In foreign currency | 34.4 | 73.2 | 1,017.5 | 84.4 | 151.2 | 175.9 | 18.5 | 32.9 | 1,725.0 | 163.2 |
| | | 32.6 | | _ | | | | | | | |
| | Short-term | 1.8 | 73.2 | _ | 83.3 | 150.3 | 175.2 | 17.9 | 32.9 | 145.3 | 163.2 |
| 2 Invo | Long-term stment loans | 1.164.3 | 1,186.9 | 1,529.7 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 1,711.9 | 0.5 | 1.654.1 | 1,673.2 | 1,635.1 |
| | | , | | • | 1,651.7 | 1,678.4 | | 1,647.6 | , | ŕ | |
| | In domestic currency | 1,164.2 | 1,186.8 | 1,529.6 | 1,651.5 | 1,678.3 | 1,711.8 | 1,647.5 | 1,654.0 | 1,673.1 | 1,635.0 |
| | Short-term | 0.4 | 0.1 | - | 0.6 | - 4 070 0 | | - | - | - | 4 005 0 |
| 0.0 | Long-term | 1,163.8 | 1,186.7 | 1,529.6 | 1,651.0 | 1,678.3 | 1,711.8 | 1,647.5 | 1,654.0 | 1,673.1 | 1,635.0 |
| | In foreign currency | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| | Short-term | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| 0 011 | Long-term . | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3 Othe | | 1,421.8 | 1,450.1 | 2,464.5 | 2,653.4 | 2,339.3 | 2,360.0 | 2,248.1 | 2,295.5 | 2,287.3 | 2,299.8 |
| | In domestic currency | 1,418.7 | 1,450.1 | 2,463.9 | 2,653.4 | 2,339.3 | 2,360.0 | 2,248.1 | 2,295.5 | 2,287.3 | 2,299.5 |
| | Short-term | 245.6 | 232.6 | 246.9 | 338.9 | 294.3 | 300.7 | 267.9 | 271.0 | 281.5 | 315.4 |
| | Long-term | 1,173.1 | 1,217.5 | 2,217.0 | 2,314.5 | 2,044.9 | 2,059.3 | 1,980.2 | 2,024.4 | 2,005.8 | 1,984.2 |
| | In foreign currency | 3.1 | _ | 0.5 | _ | - | - | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 |
| | Short-term | 3.0 | - | 0.5 | _ | - | - | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 |
| | Long-term | 0.1 | | | - | | - | - | - | - | |
| | -classified | 9.9 | 7.6 | 8.1 | 24.3 | 124.7 | 134.5 | 186.5 | 185.1 | 178.7 | 169.2 |
| | (A+B+C+D+E) | 11,456.1 | 11,425.3 | 13,787.2 | | 14,554.3 | 15,051.4 | 15,032.2 | 15,185.8 | 15,329.2 | 15,501.3 |
| | king capital loans | 3,761.8 | 3,651.1 | 4,292.2 | 4,475.7 | 4,569.8 | 4,813.6 | 4,890.5 | 4,966.3 | 5,042.4 | 5,078.9 |
| | omestic currency | 3,721.8 | 3,573.0 | 4,288.3 | 4,390.6 | 4,417.7 | 4,636.7 | 4,871.3 | 4,932.7 | 4,896.5 | 4,914.9 |
| | reign currency | 40.1 | 78.2 | 3.9 | 85.1 | 152.1 | 177.0 | 19.2 | 33.6 | 145.9 | 164.0 |
| | stment loans | 4,810.3 | 4,714.5 | 5,567.6 | 5,931.8 | 6,037.5 | 6,220.6 | 6,230.2 | 6,263.5 | 6,333.8 | 6,445.8 |
| | omestic currency | 4,800.3 | 4,706.2 | 5,559.4 | 5,925.4 | 6,032.5 | 6,215.8 | 6,226.7 | 6,260.3 | 6,331.5 | 6,443.5 |
| | reign currency | 10.0 | 8.3 | 8.2 | 6.4 | 5.0 | 4.8 | 3.5 | 3.2 | 2.3 | 2.3 |
| 3 Othe | | 2,884.0 | 3,059.7 | 3,927.5 | 4,218.0 | 3,946.9 | 4,017.2 | 3,911.4 | 3,956.0 | 3,953.0 | 3,976.6 |
| | omestic currency | 2,866.1 | 3,054.7 | 3,925.4 | 4,216.5 | 3,945.2 | 4,015.4 | 3,909.8 | 3,954.3 | 3,951.3 | 3,974.6 |
| | reign currency | 17.9 | 4.9 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 2.0 |
| Total (1 | · | 11,456.1 | 11,425.3 | 13,787.2 | 14,625.5 | 14,554.3 | 15,051.4 | 15,032.2 | 15,185.8 | 15,329.2 | 15,501.3 |
| | ACTIONS | | | | | | | | | | |
| | king capital loans | -8.0 | 89.2 | -50.1 | 10.3 | 138.0 | 101.6 | 188.4 | 77.8 | 88.1 | 43.8 |
| | stment loans | -10.6 | 82.6 | 59.7 | 82.0 | 73.5 | 26.3 | -45.3 | 33.6 | 73.1 | 112.8 |
| 3 Othe | | 322.6 | 22.9 | 52.8 | -43.1 | -19.4 | -13.9 | -62.9 | 44.8 | 1.9 | 26.9 |
| Total (1 | +2+3) | 304.1 | 194.7 | 62.4 | 49.2 | 192.1 | 113.9 | 80.3 | 156.2 | 163.0 | 183.6 |

Table D5e Other monetary financial institutions' loans to non-financial corporations by non-financial corporation size

• The table shows a breakdown of loans to non-financial corporations from Table D5 by the non-financial corporation size. Micro, small, medium-sized and large non-financial corporations are shown separately. Reported within micro, small, medium-sized and large non-financial corporations are working

capital loans, investment loans and other loans, broken down to domestic and foreign currency loans and to short-term and long-term loans by original maturity.

The classification of non-financial corporations according to their size is based on Article 5 of the Accounting Act (Official Gazette 78/2015) and Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council. The size of non-financial

Table D6 Total deposits with other monetary financial institutions, by sectors and currency end of period, million EUR

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | | | 2024 |
|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Mar. | Jun. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| IN DOMESTIC CURRENCY | | | | ' | ' | | | | ' | |
| 1 Other general government | 753.7 | 803.5 | 1,086.1 | 1,593.5 | 1,666.6 | 1,663.8 | 1,922.8 | 1,971.5 | 1,988.4 | 1,902.1 |
| 1.1 Local government | 753.0 | 802.7 | 1,084.9 | 1,593.1 | 1,666.0 | 1,663.2 | 1,922.0 | 1,970.7 | 1,987.7 | 1,901.4 |
| 1.2 Social security funds | 0.7 | 0.8 | 1.2 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.6 |
| 2 Non-financial corporations | 10,819.5 | 12,695.9 | 15,059.4 | 16,329.9 | 15,160.3 | 15,303.1 | 16,555.3 | 16,348.6 | 16,375.5 | 16,575.6 |
| 3 Households | 27,936.8 | 30,597.0 | 34,868.7 | 35,587.0 | 34,885.8 | 35,472.9 | 36,730.4 | 36,945.9 | 37,059.8 | 37,497.1 |
| 4 Non-MMF investment funds | 593.5 | 613.0 | 496.1 | 478.2 | 313.1 | 197.8 | 343.6 | 353.1 | 458.2 | 617.1 |
| 5 Other financial intermediaries | 214.6 | 210.9 | 200.4 | 223.6 | 216.0 | 296.9 | 258.3 | 314.8 | 295.4 | 312.2 |
| 6 Financial auxiliaries | 273.1 | 294.6 | 318.2 | 315.3 | 348.1 | 338.6 | 387.5 | 342.3 | 345.1 | 309.7 |
| 7 Insurance corporations and pension funds | 951.3 | 946.6 | 1,196.1 | 1,022.9 | 738.6 | 905.4 | 702.0 | 895.8 | 1,146.8 | 1,216.4 |
| A Total (1+2+3+4+5+6+7) | 41,542.6 | 46,161.5 | 53,225.0 | 55,550.5 | 53,328.5 | 54,178.6 | 56,900.0 | 57,172.1 | 57,669.3 | 58,430.2 |
| IN FOREIGN CURRENCY | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 Other general government | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| 1.1 Local government | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 1.0 |
| 1.2 Social security funds | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.4 |
| 2 Non-financial corporations | 358.9 | 375.7 | 514.7 | 543.4 | 547.4 | 564.4 | 561.0 | 518.2 | 550.8 | 540.9 |
| 3 Households | 1,977.5 | 2,225.6 | 2,346.9 | 2,174.2 | 2,118.5 | 2,084.0 | 2,009.9 | 2,032.2 | 2,043.7 | 2,059.5 |
| 4 Non-MMF investment funds | 22.6 | 23.2 | 27.5 | 25.3 | 45.6 | 42.7 | 44.6 | 50.0 | 45.9 | 39.1 |
| 5 Other financial intermediaries | 1.1 | 1.0 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.9 | 1.3 | 0.7 |
| 6 Financial auxiliaries | 8.4 | 7.2 | 8.3 | 12.3 | 12.2 | 7.2 | 7.3 | 11.3 | 12.0 | 11.3 |
| 7 Insurance corporations and pension funds | 57.8 | 59.0 | 107.9 | 35.5 | 46.6 | 41.5 | 156.4 | 154.2 | 47.6 | 42.1 |
| B Total (1+2+3+4+5+6+7) | 2,428.0 | 2,693.6 | 3,007.6 | 2,792.4 | 2,772.0 | 2,741.4 | 2,780.6 | 2,768.0 | 2,702.5 | 2,694.9 |
| TOTAL (A+B) | 43,970.6 | 48,855.2 | 56,232.6 | 58,342.9 | 56,100.6 | 56,920.0 | 59,680.6 | 59,940.1 | 60,371.9 | 61,125.1 |

corporations is calculated using the last available data from annual financial reports (GFI-POD reports) that non-financial corporations are required to submit regularly to the Financial Agency. The indicators providing a basis for the classification of non-financial corporations include the amount of total assets, the amount of income and the average number of employees in a business year.

All entities that have submitted the GFI-POD report for at least one reporting period stated in the table will be assigned their size, assessed by a specific algorithm. The entities that have not submitted annual financial reports for any reporting period are shown in the category Non-classified.

Data in the table are revised once a year after annual financial reports for the previous business year have been collected.

Table D6 Total deposits with other monetary financial institutions, by sectors and currency • The table shows total deposits classified by institutional sectors, presenting deposits in the domestic currency separately from deposits in the foreign currency. Deposits comprise overnight deposits, deposits with agreed maturity, deposits redeemable at notice and repo agreements.

Table D7 Overnight deposits with other monetary financial institutions, by sectors and currency end of period, million EUR

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | | | 2024 |
|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Mar. | Jun. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| IN DOMESTIC CURRENCY | | | ' | ' | | | | | ' | |
| 1 Other general government | 707.7 | 759.6 | 1,043.8 | 1,385.8 | 1,262.1 | 1,255.8 | 1,431.1 | 1,495.7 | 1,483.8 | 1,640.6 |
| 1.1 Local government | 707.2 | 759.1 | 1,042.8 | 1,385.5 | 1,261.6 | 1,255.3 | 1,430.4 | 1,495.1 | 1,483.2 | 1,640.1 |
| 1.2 Social security funds | 0.5 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.5 |
| 2 Non-financial corporations | 9,634.4 | 11,604.7 | 13,684.6 | 12,407.3 | 10,718.6 | 11,049.3 | 12,336.0 | 11,804.8 | 11,851.4 | 12,388.4 |
| 3 Households | 17,286.7 | 20,950.1 | 26,248.0 | 26,032.3 | 24,780.7 | 25,083.6 | 26,270.0 | 26,588.9 | 26,821.5 | 27,228.9 |
| 4 Non-MMF investment funds | 339.0 | 414.1 | 294.7 | 96.8 | 43.6 | 42.9 | 101.5 | 70.2 | 40.6 | 58.9 |
| 5 Other financial intermediaries | 192.8 | 194.7 | 166.7 | 171.9 | 154.9 | 221.8 | 180.4 | 232.0 | 231.0 | 257.8 |
| 6 Financial auxiliaries | 238.2 | 271.1 | 281.0 | 219.6 | 217.9 | 210.4 | 273.7 | 219.9 | 224.1 | 219.1 |
| 7 Insurance corporations and pension funds | 481.2 | 480.8 | 817.3 | 250.5 | 159.2 | 253.9 | 263.3 | 220.6 | 301.0 | 285.4 |
| A Total (1+2+3+4+5+6+7) | 28,880.0 | 34,675.1 | 42,536.1 | 40,564.1 | 37,336.9 | 38,117.6 | 40,856.1 | 40,632.2 | 40,953.5 | 42,079.0 |
| IN FOREIGN CURRENCY | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 Other general government | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.9 |
| 1.1 Local government | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| 1.2 Social security funds | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.4 |
| 2 Non-financial corporations | 313.7 | 318.9 | 421.4 | 368.2 | 336.6 | 337.6 | 365.8 | 345.0 | 378.1 | 343.4 |
| 3 Households | 1,215.0 | 1,494.8 | 1,696.3 | 1,579.6 | 1,532.2 | 1,508.9 | 1,459.1 | 1,472.3 | 1,475.9 | 1,493.2 |
| 4 Non-MMF investment funds | 22.3 | 22.9 | 21.2 | 9.9 | 11.1 | 8.1 | 11.2 | 9.0 | 12.7 | 13.3 |
| 5 Other financial intermediaries | 1.1 | 1.0 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.9 | 1.3 | 0.7 |
| 6 Financial auxiliaries | 8.4 | 7.2 | 8.3 | 9.2 | 9.0 | 4.1 | 5.7 | 7.6 | 8.7 | 10.1 |
| 7 Insurance corporations and pension funds | 57.8 | 59.0 | 37.8 | 13.3 | 20.1 | 20.8 | 17.1 | 20.8 | 23.1 | 20.3 |
| B Total (1+2+3+4+5+6+7) | 1,619.6 | 1,905.2 | 2,186.9 | 1,981.4 | 1,910.3 | 1,880.7 | 1,860.0 | 1,856.4 | 1,900.6 | 1,881.8 |
| TOTAL (A+B) | 30,499.6 | 36,580.3 | 44,723.0 | 42,545.5 | 39,247.2 | 39,998.4 | 42,716.1 | 42,488.5 | 42,854.1 | 43,960.8 |

Table D7 Overnight deposits with other monetary financial institutions, by sectors and currency • The table shows overnight deposits by institutional sectors in the domestic and foreign currency. Overnight deposits are deposits that are

convertible into currency and/or transferable on demand by cheque, banker's order, debit entry or similar means, without significant delay, restriction or penalty.

Table D8 Deposits with agreed maturity with other monetary financial institutions, by sectors, currency and maturity end of period, million EUR

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | | | 2024 |
|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Mar. | Jun. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| IN DOMESTIC CURRENCY | | ı | ı | I | - 1 | | • | ı | | |
| 1 Other general government | 46.0 | 43.8 | 42.3 | 207.7 | 404.6 | 408.0 | 491.7 | 475.8 | 504.6 | 261.5 |
| 1.1 Local government | 45.8 | 43.6 | 42.1 | 207.6 | 404.4 | 407.9 | 491.6 | 475.6 | 504.5 | 261.3 |
| Up to 1 year | 23.3 | 29.2 | 32.2 | 192.4 | 392.5 | 395.7 | 480.9 | 464.4 | 493.2 | 250.0 |
| From 1 to 2 years | 11.6 | 5.7 | 1.6 | 8.0 | 4.8 | 5.1 | 4.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 |
| Over 2 years | 10.8 | 8.7 | 8.3 | 7.1 | 7.1 | 7.1 | 6.6 | 10.2 | 10.2 | 10.2 |
| 1.2 Social security funds | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Up to 1 year | - | - | _ | 0.0 | _ | _ | _ | _ | - | _ |
| From 1 to 2 years | - | 0.0 | 0.0 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Over 2 years | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| 2 Non-financial corporations | 1,185.1 | 1,091.2 | 1,344.9 | 3,914.1 | 4,437.2 | 4,248.8 | 4,217.8 | 4,542.3 | 4,522.6 | 4,185.7 |
| Up to 1 year | 634.9 | 583.6 | 810.2 | 3,336.8 | 3,841.9 | 3,668.9 | 3,670.0 | 4,002.9 | 3,964.6 | 3,652.6 |
| From 1 to 2 years | 296.5 | 210.5 | 221.7 | 307.1 | 349.4 | 308.6 | 291.1 | 277.3 | 283.4 | 235.2 |
| Over 2 years | 253.7 | 297.1 | 313.0 | 270.2 | 245.9 | 271.3 | 256.8 | 262.0 | 274.6 | 297.8 |
| 3 Households | 10,650.1 | 9,646.9 | 8,620.7 | 9,553.8 | 10,104.1 | 10,389.4 | 10,459.9 | 10,356.5 | 10,237.6 | 10,267.6 |
| Up to 1 year | 3,544.6 | 3,201.2 | 2,788.5 | 5,249.3 | 5,882.2 | 6,539.1 | 6,676.3 | 6,604.3 | 6,557.6 | 6,638.2 |
| From 1 to 2 years | 2,598.2 | 2,374.0 | 2,214.4 | 1,897.9 | 1,965.0 | 1,771.6 | 1,801.0 | 1,804.4 | 1,749.5 | 1,725.3 |
| Over 2 years | 4,507.4 | 4,071.7 | 3,617.8 | 2,406.6 | 2,256.9 | 2,078.6 | 1,982.6 | 1,947.8 | 1,930.5 | 1,904.0 |
| 4 Non-MMF investment funds | 254.5 | 198.9 | 201.3 | 381.4 | 269.5 | 154.9 | 242.1 | 282.9 | 417.6 | 558.2 |
| Up to 1 year | 254.5 | 198.8 | 201.3 | 381.4 | 269.5 | 154.9 | 242.1 | 282.9 | 417.6 | 558.2 |
| From 1 to 2 years | _ | 0.1 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Over 2 years | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 5 Other financial intermediaries | 21.8 | 16.2 | 33.7 | 51.7 | 61.1 | 75.1 | 77.8 | 82.8 | 64.4 | 54.4 |
| Up to 1 year | 17.4 | 12.9 | 28.6 | 49.1 | 58.7 | 72.3 | 75.3 | 80.2 | 61.7 | 51.8 |
| From 1 to 2 years | 4.3 | 2.3 | 4.2 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| Over 2 years | 0.0 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.4 |
| 6 Financial auxiliaries | 34.9 | 23.5 | 37.2 | 95.7 | 130.2 | 128.2 | 113.8 | 122.5 | 121.1 | 90.6 |
| Up to 1 year | 28.0 | 16.4 | 32.8 | 90.6 | 115.0 | 113.3 | 99.1 | 107.8 | 107.0 | 77.0 |
| From 1 to 2 years | 0.8 | 0.9 | 0.0 | 1.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 5.5 | 5.0 |
| Over 2 years | 6.1 | 6.2 | 4.3 | 4.0 | 9.0 | 8.8 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 8.6 | 8.6 |
| 7 Insurance corporations and pension funds | 470.1 | 465.9 | 378.9 | 760.9 | 565.8 | 643.5 | 430.7 | 675.2 | 845.8 | 926.5 |
| Up to 1 year | 350.4 | 390.6 | 316.3 | 707.4 | 509.5 | 580.2 | 379.4 | 624.9 | 799.5 | 891.0 |
| From 1 to 2 years | 13.8 | 10.4 | 8.0 | 20.2 | 23.3 | 33.7 | 30.2 | 29.2 | 25.2 | 16.5 |
| Over 2 years | 105.9 | 64.8 | 54.5 | 33.4 | 33.1 | 29.6 | 21.1 | 21.1 | 21.1 | 18.9 |
| A Total (1+2+3+4+5+6+7) | 12,662.5 | 11,486.4 | 10,658.9 | 14,965.4 | 15,972.5 | 16,048.0 | 16,033.9 | 16,537.9 | 16,713.7 | 16,344.5 |
| IN FOREIGN CURRENCY | · | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> | |
| 1 Other general government | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| 1.1 Local government | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| Up to 1 year | 0.4 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| From 1 to 2 years | _ | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| Over 2 years | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 1.2 Social security funds | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Up to 1 year | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| From 1 to 2 years | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Over 2 years | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 2 Non-financial corporations | 45.2 | 56.8 | 93.4 | 175.2 | 210.8 | 226.7 | 195.1 | 173.1 | 172.7 | 197.5 |
| Up to 1 year | 15.4 | 29.3 | 61.9 | 151.0 | 168.6 | 192.2 | 171.8 | 150.2 | 151.8 | 179.1 |
| From 1 to 2 years | 15.5 | 16.9 | 30.5 | 23.5 | 41.4 | 33.8 | 22.6 | 22.2 | 20.1 | 17.6 |
| Over 2 years | 14.3 | 10.6 | 1.0 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.8 |
| 3 Households | 762.6 | 730.9 | 650.6 | 594.6 | 586.3 | 575.1 | 550.8 | 560.0 | 567.8 | 566.3 |
| Up to 1 year | 335.4 | 316.0 | 287.9 | 267.9 | 246.4 | 249.3 | 245.4 | 251.0 | 257.8 | 256.4 |
| From 1 to 2 years | 178.9 | 170.5 | 158.9 | 156.4 | 162.0 | 156.3 | 157.4 | 161.0 | 162.0 | 163.1 |
| Over 2 years | 248.3 | 244.4 | 203.7 | 170.3 | 177.9 | 169.4 | 148.0 | 148.0 | 148.0 | 146.8 |
| 4 Non-MMF investment funds | 0.3 | 0.4 | 6.3 | 15.4 | 34.5 | 34.6 | 33.4 | 41.0 | 33.2 | 25.8 |
| | 5.0 | | 0.0 | | 20 | | -0 | 0 | | _0.0 |

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | | | 2024 |
|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Mar. | Jun. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| Up to 1 year | 0.3 | 0.4 | 6.3 | 15.4 | 34.5 | 34.6 | 33.4 | 41.0 | 33.2 | 25.8 |
| From 1 to 2 years | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Over 2 years | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 5 Other financial intermediaries | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Up to 1 year | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| From 1 to 2 years | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Over 2 years | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 6 Financial auxiliaries | - | - | - | 3.1 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 1.6 | 3.7 | 3.3 | 1.2 |
| Up to 1 year | - | - | - | 3.1 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 1.6 | 3.7 | 3.3 | 1.2 |
| From 1 to 2 years | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Over 2 years | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 7 Insurance corporations and pension funds | - | - | 70.1 | 22.2 | 26.5 | 20.7 | 139.2 | 133.3 | 24.4 | 21.9 |
| Up to 1 year | - | - | 70.1 | 22.2 | 26.5 | 20.7 | 139.2 | 133.3 | 24.4 | 21.9 |
| From 1 to 2 years | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Over 2 years | | _ | _ | | _ | _ | _ | | _ | - |
| B Total (1+2+3+4+5+6+7) | 808.4 | 788.4 | 820.7 | 811.0 | 861.8 | 860.6 | 920.6 | 911.6 | 801.9 | 813.1 |
| TOTAL (A+B) | 13,471.0 | 12,274.8 | 11,479.6 | 15,776.4 | 16,834.3 | 16,908.7 | 16,954.5 | 17,449.5 | 17,515.6 | 17,157.6 |

Table D8 Deposits with agreed maturity with other monetary financial institutions, by sectors, currency and maturity • The table shows deposits with agreed maturity and loans received in

the domestic and foreign currency by sectors and original maturity, with the latter divided into maturity of up to one year, over one and up to two years and over two years.

Table D10 Foreign liabilities of other monetary financial institutions end of period, million EUR

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | | | 2024 |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Mar. | Jun. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 1 Foreign liabilities in domestic currency | 3,843.8 | 3,667.4 | 4,749.3 | 4,031.8 | 4,435.4 | 4,723.6 | 4,943.1 | 5,077.7 | 5,107.3 | 5,070.0 |
| 1.1 Liabilities to non-residents of the euro area | 2,316.7 | 2,381.5 | 2,894.0 | 2,083.3 | 2,426.2 | 2,568.8 | 2,557.3 | 2,726.8 | 2,740.4 | 2,691.6 |
| Deposits | 2,273.3 | 1,849.5 | 2,385.8 | 1,531.1 | 1,455.4 | 1,587.8 | 1,568.1 | 1,737.9 | 1,711.1 | 1,661.5 |
| Monetary financial institutions | 1,597.1 | 1,008.6 | 1,627.7 | 719.9 | 675.1 | 739.8 | 742.7 | 906.2 | 890.0 | 862.7 |
| Central government | 2.6 | 2.6 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 3.5 | 4.8 | 4.2 |
| Other sectors | 673.6 | 838.3 | 754.5 | 807.5 | 776.6 | 843.9 | 821.5 | 828.2 | 816.3 | 794.6 |
| Debt securities issued | 43.4 | 531.9 | 508.1 | 552.2 | 950.4 | 952.5 | 955.7 | 955.8 | 955.8 | 956.1 |
| Monetary financial institutions | 42.9 | 531.4 | 508.1 | 495.8 | 894.0 | 896.7 | 900.1 | 900.1 | 900.2 | 900.4 |
| Other sectors | 0.5 | 0.5 | - | 56.4 | 56.4 | 55.8 | 55.7 | 55.7 | 55.7 | 55.7 |
| MMFs shares / units | - | - | - | 0.0 | 20.4 | 28.5 | 33.4 | 33.1 | 73.4 | 74.1 |
| 1.2 Liabilities to non-residents outside the euro area | 1,527.0 | 1,285.9 | 1,855.4 | 1,948.6 | 2,009.1 | 2,154.8 | 2,385.8 | 2,350.9 | 2,366.9 | 2,378.3 |
| Deposits | 1,518.1 | 1,234.1 | 1,652.0 | 1,561.0 | 1,620.7 | 1,766.4 | 1,991.1 | 1,953.8 | 1,969.6 | 1,981.9 |
| Debt securities issued | 8.9 | 51.8 | 203.3 | 387.5 | 387.6 | 385.7 | 385.8 | 385.8 | 385.8 | 385.8 |
| MMFs shares / units | - | - | - | 0.0 | 0.9 | 2.7 | 8.9 | 11.3 | 11.6 | 10.6 |
| 2 Foreign liabilities in foreign currency | 212.6 | 240.9 | 243.5 | 281.0 | 287.1 | 271.1 | 249.8 | 248.1 | 268.7 | 269.0 |
| 2.1 Liabilities to non-residents of the euro area | 22.8 | 23.9 | 40.6 | 69.5 | 79.1 | 71.5 | 63.7 | 53.6 | 38.0 | 37.6 |
| Deposits | 22.8 | 23.9 | 40.6 | 69.5 | 79.1 | 71.5 | 63.7 | 53.6 | 37.9 | 37.0 |
| Monetary financial institutions | 1.8 | 1.0 | 8.3 | 0.9 | 1.9 | 8.4 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| Central government | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Other sectors | 21.0 | 22.9 | 32.2 | 68.6 | 77.3 | 63.1 | 61.7 | 51.5 | 36.0 | 35.1 |
| Debt securities issued | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Monetary financial institutions | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Other sectors | - | _ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MMFs shares / units | - | _ | - | - | - | - | - | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.5 |
| 2.2 Liabilities to non-residents outside the euro area | 189.9 | 217.1 | 202.9 | 211.5 | 208.0 | 199.6 | 186.1 | 194.4 | 230.7 | 231.5 |
| Deposits | 189.9 | 217.1 | 202.9 | 211.5 | 208.0 | 199.1 | 185.8 | 192.9 | 229.0 | 230.8 |
| Debt securities issued | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MMFs shares / units | - | _ | _ | _ | - | 0.5 | 0.3 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 0.7 |
| Total (1+2) | 4,056.4 | 3,908.3 | 4,992.8 | 4,312.8 | 4,722.4 | 4,994.7 | 5,192.9 | 5,325.7 | 5,376.0 | 5,339.0 |

Table D10 Foreign liabilities of other monetary financial institutions • The table shows other monetary financial institutions' domestic and foreign currency liabilities to non-residents of the euro area and non-residents outside the euro

area. Reported within liabilities to non-residents of the euro area are liabilities by sectors and instruments, while liabilities to non-residents outside the euro area are reported by instruments.

Table D11 Deposits of central government with other monetary financial institutions end of period, million EUR

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | | | 2024 |
|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Mar. | Jun. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| IN DOMESTIC CURRENCY | | | · | | | | | · | | |
| 1 Overnight deposits | 1,590.3 | 1,634.1 | 2,272.5 | 2,310.6 | 2,123.4 | 2,127.8 | 2,179.9 | 2,127.5 | 2,348.1 | 2,525.6 |
| 2 Deposits with agreed maturity | 1,165.4 | 1,065.3 | 996.0 | 1,463.8 | 1,568.3 | 1,870.3 | 1,928.3 | 1,975.9 | 1,867.8 | 1,742.1 |
| Up to 1 year | 48.9 | 165.7 | 174.2 | 545.2 | 641.4 | 940.9 | 1,007.8 | 1,041.3 | 921.3 | 811.7 |
| From 1 to 2 years | 17.0 | 6.5 | 1.3 | 7.6 | 6.6 | 7.8 | 7.5 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 3.0 |
| Over 2 years | 1,099.5 | 893.1 | 820.4 | 911.0 | 920.3 | 921.6 | 913.0 | 926.1 | 938.1 | 927.4 |
| 3 Deposits redeemable at notice | _ | _ | _ | _ | 1.0 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 2.0 | 2.0 | _ |
| A Total (1+2+3) | 2,755.7 | 2,699.5 | 3,268.4 | 3,774.5 | 3,692.7 | 3,998.9 | 4,108.9 | 4,105.4 | 4,218.0 | 4,267.8 |
| IN FOREIGN CURRENCY | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 Overnight deposits | 9.0 | 8.9 | 14.5 | 14.9 | 15.1 | 15.5 | 11.6 | 12.1 | 12.1 | 11.7 |
| 2 Deposits with agreed maturity | 0.0 | 0.0 | 19.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 4.8 |
| Up to 1 year | 0.0 | 0.0 | 19.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 4.8 |
| From 1 to 2 years | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Over 2 years | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3 Deposits redeemable at notice | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| B Total (1+2+3) | 9.0 | 8.9 | 33.8 | 14.9 | 15.1 | 15.5 | 15.2 | 15.8 | 15.9 | 16.5 |
| TOTAL (A+B) | 2,764.7 | 2,708.4 | 3,302.2 | 3,789.3 | 3,707.8 | 4,014.4 | 4,124.1 | 4,121.2 | 4,233.9 | 4,284.2 |

Table D11 Deposits of central government with other monetary financial institutions • The table shows total central government deposits with other monetary financial institutions. Deposits in the domestic and foreign currency are shown separately

and broken down to overnight deposits, deposits with agreed maturity and deposits redeemable at notice. Repo agreements are included in deposits with agreed maturity.

Credit institutions' interest rates

Table G1 Credit institutions' interest rates on deposits (new business)

weighted monthly averages of interest rates, in % on annual basis and volumes of new business in million EUR

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | | 2024 | | 2024 |
|-----------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----------|----------|
| | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Mar. | Jun. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | | Dec. |
| | | | | | | | | | Inte | rest rate | Amount |
| 1 Households | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1.1 Overnight deposits | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 27,229.0 |
| O/w: transaction accounts | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 25,857.0 |
| O/w: savings deposits | 0.19 | 0.19 | 0.15 | 0.18 | 0.19 | 0.19 | 0.18 | 0.18 | 0.18 | 0.19 | 1,372.0 |
| 1.2 Time deposits ^a | 0.08 | 0.09 | 0.22 | 2.22 | 1.99 | 2.34 | 1.84 | 2.09 | 1.99 | 1.85 | 1,119.9 |
| 1.2.1 Up to 3 months | | | | 1.19 | 1.52 | 1.14 | 2.10 | 3.00 | 2.83 | 2.45 | 258.7 |
| 1.2.2 From 3 to 6 months | | | | 2.23 | 2.48 | 2.13 | 1.84 | 1.66 | 1.72 | 1.63 | 420.2 |
| 1.2.3 From 6 months to 1 year | | | | 2.49 | 1.92 | 2.86 | 1.99 | 1.88 | 1.96 | 1.80 | 335.1 |
| 1.2.4 From 1 to 2 years | | | | 1.51 | 1.75 | 1.36 | 1.26 | 1.45 | 1.70 | 1.52 | 92.6 |
| 1.2.5 Over 2 years | | | | 1.98 | 1.67 | 1.72 | 0.49 | 0.60 | 0.62 | 0.70 | 13.3 |
| 1.3 Deposits redeemable at notice | - | - | - | 3.66 | 3.47 | 3.30 | 3.08 | 2.85 | 2.68 | 2.52 | 2.2 |
| 1.3.1 Up to 3 months | - | - | - | 3.66 | 3.47 | 3.30 | 3.08 | 2.85 | 2.68 | 2.52 | 2.2 |
| 1.3.2 Over 3 months | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | _ | - |
| 2 Non-financial corporations | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2.1 Overnight deposits | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.09 | 0.13 | 0.16 | 0.20 | 0.18 | 0.17 | 0.16 | 12,388.4 |
| O/w: transaction accounts | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 11,758.0 |
| O/w: savings deposits | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 1.69 | 2.48 | 2.75 | 2.11 | 2.65 | 2.60 | 2.42 | 630.3 |
| 2.2 Time deposits ^a | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.88 | 3.35 | 3.42 | 3.35 | 3.13 | 2.95 | 2.88 | 2.72 | 4,869.3 |
| 2.2.1 Up to 3 months | | | | 3.38 | 3.48 | 3.37 | 3.16 | 2.98 | 2.90 | 2.76 | 4,481.6 |
| 2.2.2 From 3 to 6 months | | | | 3.25 | 3.21 | 3.02 | 2.73 | 2.71 | 2.55 | 2.44 | 207.2 |
| 2.2.3 From 6 months to 1 year | | | | 3.08 | 2.70 | 3.29 | 2.60 | 2.38 | 2.26 | 2.29 | 143.8 |
| 2.2.4 From 1 to 2 years | | | | 3.05 | 0.62 | 2.32 | 2.85 | 2.27 | 2.25 | 1.49 | 6.6 |
| 2.2.5 Over 2 years | | | | 1.91 | 3.87 | 2.25 | 0.37 | 0.03 | 3.56 | 0.68 | 30.2 |
| 3 Repos | - | - | 1.20 | - | - | - | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |

^a Historical data in this row refer only to deposits in euro and in kuna with a euro currency clause

Note: Starting with January 2023, all data refer only to deposits in euro.

Table G1 Credit institutions' interest rates on deposits (new busi-

ness) • The table shows the weighted monthly averages of nominal interest rates and the sums of amounts of new deposit business of credit institutions in the reporting month in the domestic currency. The table presents a further breakdown by household and non-financial corporations' deposits, by instruments and by maturity.

In principle, the basis for the calculation of weighted averages for deposits includes the amounts received during the reporting month (new business), while for overnight deposits the basis for the calculation of weighted averages includes the end-of-month book balances.

New business includes any new contract between the customer and the reporting institution. This means that they cover all financial contracts that specify interest rates on deposits for the first time and all renegotiations of the terms and conditions of existing deposit contracts. When the terms and conditions of existing contracts are being renegotiated the active involvement of the customer in the renegotiations is essential, while any automatic changes to the terms and conditions of the contract by the reporting institution are not considered new business.

Short-term deposits are deposits with original maturity of up to and including one year, while long-term deposits are deposits with original maturity exceeding one year. Overnight deposits are broken down to transaction accounts and savings deposits. Transaction accounts are the accounts through which account holders in the reporting institution settle their payables and collect their receivables.

The reporting institution uses this instrument only for the presentation of funds in accounts with credit balances. Transaction accounts are accounts opened with a reporting institution on the basis of a contract on the opening of such an account. This position also includes restricted deposits, i.e. different temporary (restricted) deposits that can be transferred from current and giro accounts for a specific purpose (e.g. funds set aside pursuant to a court order, funds for international payments, funds for the purchase of foreign currency and securities, brokerage and custodial deposits, coverage for letters of credit, etc.). Savings deposits are deposits without a predetermined date of maturity or period of notice, which the depositor cannot debit by issuing a cashless payment order. Such accounts are primarily intended for savings.

Time deposits are deposits the use of which the depositor renounces for a specific agreed time. Time deposit funds cannot be used for payments. These deposits also include time deposits with an agreed notice period for which a request for the disposal of funds has not been submitted. Deposits redeemable at notice are savings deposits and time deposits for which a request for the disposal of funds has been submitted.

Repos are a counterpart of cash received in exchange for securities sold by reporting institutions at a given price under a firm commitment to repurchase the same (or similar) securities at a fixed price on a specified future date.

Table G2 Credit institutions' interest rates on loans to households (new business)

weighted monthly averages of interest rates, in % on annual basis and volumes of new business in million EUR

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | | 2024 | | 2024 |
|---|-----------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|----------|---------|
| | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Mar. | Jun. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov.* | | Dec. |
| | | | | | | | | | Inter | est rate | Amount |
| WEIGHTED MONTHLY AVERAGES OF NOMINAL IN | TEREST RA | TES | | | | | | | | | , |
| Revolving loans, overdrafts and credit card credit | 6.47 | 6.05 | 4.70 | 4.72 | 4.95 | 4.90 | 4.90 | 4.43 | 4.38 | 4.34 | 1,403.2 |
| O/w: revolving loans | 3.90 | 3.33 | 3.18 | 4.51 | 5.16 | 5.13 | 5.50 | 5.42 | 5.45 | 5.44 | 18.5 |
| O/w: overdrafts | 7.65 | 7.20 | 5.30 | 5.43 | 5.77 | 5.60 | 5.64 | 5.65 | 5.65 | 5.63 | 681.6 |
| O/w: credit card credit | 5.69 | 5.28 | 4.78 | 4.56 | 4.56 | 4.74 | 4.74 | 3.88 | 3.82 | 3.82 | 546.2 |
| O/w: sole proprietors | 6.30 | 5.84 | 5.39 | 6.47 | 6.61 | 6.66 | 6.72 | 6.42 | 6.44 | 6.57 | 40.7 |
| 2 Consumer loans ^a | 3.83 | 4.99 | 4.65 | 4.69 | 4.82 | 4.97 | 4.82 | 4.92 | 4.74 | 4.93 | 2.3 |
| 2.1 Floatingrate and up to 1 year initial rate fixation | | | | 6.31 | 7.10 | 7.10 | 7.00 | 7.00 | 7.00 | 7.00 | 0.0 |
| 2.2 Over 1 and up to 5 years initial rate fixation | | | | 3.77 | 4.12 | 4.57 | 4.61 | 4.75 | 4.44 | 4.80 | 0.5 |
| 2.3 Over 5 years initial rate fixation | | | | 5.03 | 5.09 | 5.07 | 4.91 | 4.98 | 4.86 | 4.97 | 1.7 |
| O/w: with fixed interest rate | | | | 4.69 | 4.82 | 4.97 | 4.82 | 4.92 | 4.74 | 4.93 | 2.3 |
| 3 Housing loans ^a | 2.61 | 2.59 | 2.68 | 3.60 | 3.76 | 3.74 | 3.72 | 3.73 | 3.72 | 3.69 | 220.7 |
| 3.1 Floatingrate and up to 1 year initial rate fixation | | | | 2.89 | 2.93 | 3.04 | 3.23 | 3.20 | 3.20 | 3.14 | 10.4 |
| 3.2 Over 1 and up to 5 years initial rate fixation | | | | 2.85 | 2.89 | 2.69 | 2.85 | 2.83 | 2.85 | 3.56 | 13.7 |
| 3.3 Over 5 and up to 10 years initial rate fixation | | | | 3.26 | 3.47 | 3.49 | 3.53 | 3.59 | 3.55 | 3.43 | 9.7 |
| 3.4 Over 10 years initial rate fixation | | | | 3.72 | 3.84 | 3.82 | 3.80 | 3.79 | 3.78 | 3.75 | 186.8 |
| O/w: with fixed interest rate | | | | 3.72 | 3.85 | 3.83 | 3.81 | 3.80 | 3.78 | 3.77 | 196.5 |
| Short-term | | | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | _ |
| Long-term | | | | 3.72 | 3.85 | 3.83 | 3.81 | 3.80 | 3.78 | 3.77 | 196.5 |
| 4 For other purposes ^a | 5.27 | 4.20 | 5.15 | 5.95 | 5.92 | 5.96 | 5.95 | 5.92 | 5.83 | 5.79 | 359.8 |
| 4.1 Floatingrate and up to 1 year initial rate fixation | | | | 6.15 | 6.17 | 6.25 | 5.76 | 6.06 | 5.87 | 5.96 | 24.5 |
| 4.2 Over 1 and up to 5 years initial rate fixation | | | | 6.39 | 6.32 | 6.32 | 6.23 | 6.14 | 5.94 | 5.95 | 96.2 |
| 4.3 Over 5 years initial rate fixation | | | | 5.77 | 5.75 | 5.82 | 5.85 | 5.83 | 5.78 | 5.71 | 239.2 |
| O/w: General-purpose cash loans | | | | 6.09 | 6.03 | 6.07 | 6.09 | 6.06 | 5.96 | 5.95 | 294.4 |
| 4.1 Floating rate and up to 1 year initial rate fixe | tion | | | 6.30 | 6.46 | 6.28 | 5.85 | 6.35 | 6.19 | 6.13 | 8.0 |
| 4.2 Over 1 and up to 5 years initial rate fixation | | | | 6.52 | 6.44 | 6.43 | 6.38 | 6.24 | 6.09 | 6.05 | 81.6 |
| 4.3 Over 5 years initial rate fixation | | | | 5.95 | 5.89 | 5.93 | 5.99 | 5.98 | 5.91 | 5.91 | 204.9 |
| O/w: with fixed interest rate | | | | 6.09 | 6.03 | 6.07 | 6.09 | 6.05 | 5.96 | 5.96 | 292.9 |
| O/w: sole proprietors | 3.81 | 3.29 | 3.89 | 5.78 | 5.90 | 5.89 | 5.33 | 5.60 | 5.58 | 5.44 | 27.6 |
| WEIGHTED MONTHLY AVERAGES OF EFFECTIVE II | NTEREST R | ATES | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 Consumer loans ^a | 3.91 | 5.27 | 6.55 | 4.80 | 5.01 | 5.35 | 5.41 | 5.45 | 5.13 | 5.52 | 2.3 |
| 2 Housing loans ^a | 2.91 | 2.99 | 3.16 | 3.96 | 4.11 | 4.10 | 4.04 | 4.06 | 4.03 | 4.02 | 220.7 |
| 3 For other purposes | | | | 6.37 | 6.36 | 6.40 | 6.35 | 6.32 | 6.19 | 6.16 | 358.5 |
| O/w: General-purpose cash loans | | | | 6.51 | 6.46 | 6.51 | 6.50 | 6.45 | 6.31 | 6.30 | 294.4 |

a Historical data in this row refer only to loans in euro and in kuna with a euro currency clause.
 Revised data.

Note: Starting with January 2023, all data refer only to loans in euro.

Table G2 Credit institutions' interest rates on loans to households (new business) • The table shows weighted monthly averages of nominal and effective interest rates and the sums of amounts of new lending business of credit institutions with households in the reporting month in the domestic currency. The table presents a further breakdown of loans to households by instruments, by original maturity and by the period of initial interest rate fixation.

The o/w position under loans to households in specific positions in the table includes loans granted to sole proprietors.

In principle, the basis for the calculation of weighted averages for loans are the amounts of loans granted during the reporting month (new business), while for revolving loans, overdrafts on transactions accounts and credit card credit the basis for the calculation of weighted averages are the end-of-month book balances. Only loans classified as risk group A are covered.

New business includes any new contract between the customer and the reporting institution. This means that they cover all financial contracts that specify interest rates on loans for the first time and all renegotiations of the terms and conditions of existing loan contracts. When the terms and conditions of existing contracts are being renegotiated the active involvement of the customer in the renegotiations is essential, while any automatic changes to the terms and conditions of the contract by the reporting institution are not considered new business.

The initial period of interest rate fixation is the period defined as a predetermined period of time at the start of a contract during which the interest rate value cannot change.

Loans with a fixed interest rate are loans whose interest rate is unchangeable during the entire lifetime of a loan.

Short-term loans are loans with original maturity of up to and including one year, while long-term loans are loans with original maturity over one year.

Revolving loans include loans that meet the following conditions: the customer may use or withdraw funds to a pre-approved credit limit without giving prior notice to the reporting institution, the amount of the available loan can increase or decrease as funds are borrowed and repaid, the loan may be used repeatedly. This position excludes revolving loans

provided through credit cards and overdrafts on transaction accounts.

Overdrafts refer to receivables based on used overdrafts on counterparties' transaction accounts.

In addition to the above, the table also shows credit card credit with the collection of interest, which include credit card credit with the card company guarantee.

Receivables on deferred card payments are not shown as a separate item, but are presented within the position Revolving loans, overdrafts and credit card credit.

A convenience credit card is a card in the case of which customers are obliged, without the payment of interest, to settle their liabilities after they receive a notice to that effect from the reporting institution, usually once a month.

Consumer loans are loans granted to households for the purpose of personal use in the consumption of goods and services.

Housing loans include all mortgage and other loans extended for the purchase, construction and completion of flats, for the purchase, construction and completion of buildings with a maximum of four flats or for the renovation of flats, residential facilities or residential buildings (regardless of whether they are granted to an individual borrower or jointly to all tenants of a residential building). Lending for house purchase comprises loans secured on residential property that are used for the purpose of house purchase and, where identifiable, other loans for house purchase made on a personal basis or secured against other forms of assets.

Loans for other purposes include the following types of loans: overnight loans, loans for payments made on the basis of guarantees and similar instruments, reverse repo loans, shares in syndicated loans, financial lease, education loans, mortgage loans, margin loans, Lombard loans, working capital loans, construction loans, agricultural loans, tourism loans, investments loans, export finance loans, general-purpose cash loans, factoring and forfeiting and other loans.

The "o/w" position under other loans specifies the category of general-purpose cash loans broken down by the initial period of interest rate fixation.

The table shows the effective interest rates and amounts of new business for selected loan categories.

Table G3 Credit institutions' interest rates on loans to non-financial corporations (new business)

weighted monthly averages of interest rates, in % on annual basis and volumes of new business in million EUR

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | | 2024 | | 2024 |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--------|----------|---------|
| | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Mar. | Jun. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | | Dec. |
| | | | | | | | | | Intere | est rate | Amount |
| 1 Revolving loans, overdrafts and credit card credit | 3.24 | 3.07 | 2.95 | 4.76 | 5.04 | 5.20 | 5.21 | 5.15 | 5.21 | 4.99 | 851.9 |
| O/w: revolving loans and overdrafts | 3.17 | 2.99 | 2.90 | 4.74 | 5.02 | 5.19 | 5.21 | 5.19 | 5.26 | 5.02 | 823.1 |
| O/w: credit card credit | 8.84 | 9.00 | 8.75 | 8.52 | 8.46 | 8.59 | 8.54 | 7.55 | 7.38 | 7.39 | 14.0 |
| 2 Loans up to EUR 0.25 million ^a | 3.63 | 3.09 | 3.98 | 5.22 | 5.26 | 5.25 | 4.86 | 4.87 | 4.76 | 4.69 | 148.6 |
| 2.1 Floating rate and up to 3 months initial rate fixation | | | | 5.17 | 5.13 | 5.03 | 4.54 | 4.54 | 4.37 | 4.28 | 79.2 |
| 2.2 Over 3 months and up to 1 year initial rate fixation | | | | 5.07 | 5.24 | 5.23 | 5.05 | 5.09 | 5.16 | 4.90 | 25.8 |
| 2.3 Over 1 and up to 3 years initial rate fixation | | | | 5.45 | 5.75 | 5.82 | 5.59 | 5.47 | 5.36 | 5.46 | 18.5 |
| 2.4 Over 3 and up to 5 years initial rate fixation | | | | 5.86 | 5.82 | 6.00 | 5.72 | 5.44 | 5.52 | 5.28 | 14.6 |
| 2.5 Over 5 and up to 10 years initial rate fixation | | | | 5.29 | 5.18 | 5.18 | 5.23 | 5.32 | 5.05 | 5.20 | 6.1 |
| 2.6 Over 10 years initial rate fixation | | | | 4.60 | 5.04 | 5.02 | 5.06 | 4.87 | 4.75 | 4.75 | 4.3 |
| 3 Loans from EUR 0.25 million to EUR 1 million ^a | 2.48 | 2.09 | 3.53 | 5.33 | 4.86 | 4.94 | 4.94 | 4.78 | 4.60 | 4.60 | 214.5 |
| 3.1 Floating rate and up to 3 months initial rate fixation | | | | 5.50 | 5.29 | 5.02 | 4.91 | 4.90 | 4.56 | 4.65 | 129.5 |
| 3.2 Over 3 months and up to 1 year initial rate fixation | | | | 4.86 | 4.88 | 4.88 | 5.11 | 4.46 | 4.86 | 4.49 | 30.9 |
| 3.3 Over 1 and up to 3 years initial rate fixation | | | | 4.80 | 2.76 | 5.01 | 5.06 | 4.85 | 4.47 | 4.26 | 20.5 |
| 3.4 Over 3 and up to 5 years initial rate fixation | | | | 4.86 | 5.29 | 4.84 | 4.85 | 4.61 | 4.52 | 4.68 | 12.4 |
| 3.5 Over 5 and up to 10 years initial rate fixation | | | | 4.70 | 4.97 | 4.75 | 4.58 | 5.04 | 4.59 | 4.55 | 12.3 |
| 3.6 Over 10 years initial rate fixation | | | | 4.66 | 5.26 | 4.47 | 5.06 | 4.84 | 4.84 | 4.90 | 8.8 |
| 4 Loans over EUR 1 million ^a | 1.83 | 1.49 | 3.43 | 5.32 | 5.00 | 5.20 | 4.77 | 4.25 | 4.40 | 4.21 | 1,127.7 |
| 4.1 Floating rate and up to 3 months initial rate fixation | | | | 6.12 | 5.61 | 5.44 | 4.85 | 4.38 | 4.70 | 4.43 | 665.2 |
| 4.2 Over 3 months and up to 1 year initial rate fixation | | | | 3.37 | 5.24 | 4.25 | 4.49 | 4.00 | 4.04 | 3.45 | 104.2 |
| 4.3 Over 1 and up to 3 years initial rate fixation | | | | 4.46 | 3.89 | 5.17 | 4.56 | 3.60 | 4.08 | 3.70 | 55.4 |
| 4.4 Over 3 and up to 5 years initial rate fixation | | | | 5.16 | 4.95 | 4.38 | 4.03 | 5.27 | 3.95 | 4.86 | 14.4 |
| 4.5 Over 5 and up to 10 years initial rate fixation | | | | 3.73 | 4.02 | 4.79 | 4.22 | 4.01 | 4.16 | 4.03 | 178.1 |
| 4.6 Over 10 years initial rate fixation | | | | 4.24 | 3.43 | 4.40 | 4.58 | 3.05 | 3.81 | 4.13 | 110.5 |

a Historical data in this row refer only to loans in euro and in kuna with a euro currency clause. Note: Starting with January 2023, all data refer only to loans in euro.

Table G3 Credit institutions' interest rates on loans to non-financial corporations (new business) • The table shows the weighted monthly averages of nominal interest rates and the sums of amounts of new lending business of credit institutions with non-financial corporations in the reporting month in the domestic currency. The table provides a breakdown of loans to non-financial corporations by revolving loans, overdrafts on transaction accounts and credit card credit as well as by the amount of loans granted: loans up to EUR 0.25 million, loans over EUR 0.25 million to EUR 1 million and loans over EUR 1 million.

The amount refers to single loan transactions and not to

all business between non-financial corporations and reporting agents. The reason for this is the separation of loans to large corporations from loans to small corporations. Without this division, loans to large corporations would dominate the weighted average interest rate. The types of loans, the basis for the calculation of weighted averages, the definition of new business and the initial period of fixation of the interest rate are explained in notes on methodology under G2 tables.

Table G5 Credit institutions' interest rates on deposits and loans (outstanding amounts)

weighted monthly averages of interest rates, in % on annual basis and volumes in million EUR

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | | 2024 | | 2024 |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|------------|----------|
| | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Mar. | Jun. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov.* | | Dec. |
| | | | | | | | | | Inte | erest rate | Amount |
| 1 Deposits | 0.33 | 0.25 | 0.24 | 1.79 | 2.06 | 2.13 | 2.13 | 2.10 | 2.07 | 1.97 | 14,453.2 |
| 1.1 Time deposits ^a | 0.33 | 0.25 | 0.24 | 1.79 | 2.06 | 2.13 | 2.13 | 2.10 | 2.07 | 1.97 | 14,453.2 |
| 1.1.1 Households | 0.33 | 0.26 | 0.21 | 1.30 | 1.59 | 1.75 | 1.80 | 1.78 | 1.75 | 1.72 | 10,267.6 |
| 1.1.1.1 Short-term | 0.13 | 0.14 | 0.09 | 1.78 | 2.00 | 2.10 | 2.11 | 2.06 | 2.03 | 1.97 | 6,638.2 |
| Up to 3 months | | | | 0.66 | 0.76 | 0.64 | 1.15 | 2.30 | 2.46 | 2.49 | 929.7 |
| From 3 to 6 months | | | | 1.86 | 2.10 | 2.05 | 1.99 | 1.94 | 1.89 | 1.83 | 2,399.9 |
| From 6 months to 1 year | | | | 1.84 | 2.03 | 2.21 | 2.25 | 2.10 | 2.03 | 1.93 | 3,308.6 |
| 1.1.1.2 Long-term | 0.44 | 0.32 | 0.27 | 0.73 | 1.03 | 1.14 | 1.25 | 1.28 | 1.26 | 1.26 | 3,629.4 |
| From 1 to 2 years | | | | 0.74 | 1.18 | 1.33 | 1.50 | 1.54 | 1.49 | 1.47 | 1,725.3 |
| Over 2 years | | | | 0.71 | 0.89 | 0.97 | 1.03 | 1.04 | 1.06 | 1.07 | 1,904.1 |
| 1.1.2 Non-financial corporations | 0.27 | 0.14 | 0.40 | 2.99 | 3.13 | 3.08 | 2.96 | 2.84 | 2.78 | 2.59 | 4,185.7 |
| 1.1.2.1 Short-term | 0.13 | 0.07 | 0.48 | 3.16 | 3.29 | 3.23 | 3.07 | 2.94 | 2.88 | 2.70 | 3,652.6 |
| Up to 3 months | | | | 3.39 | 3.45 | 3.32 | 3.10 | 2.92 | 2.88 | 2.70 | 2,147.9 |
| From 3 to 6 months | | | | 3.05 | 3.24 | 3.17 | 3.01 | 2.93 | 2.83 | 2.65 | 718.4 |
| From 6 months to 1 year | | | | 2.66 | 2.83 | 3.03 | 3.04 | 3.00 | 2.92 | 2.74 | 786.3 |
| 1.1.2.2 Long-term | 0.44 | 0.23 | 0.28 | 2.03 | 2.12 | 2.19 | 2.20 | 2.13 | 2.06 | 1.86 | 533.0 |
| From 1 to 2 years | | | | 2.95 | 2.72 | 2.66 | 2.61 | 2.50 | 2.36 | 2.09 | 235.2 |
| Over 2 years | | | | 0.97 | 1.26 | 1.65 | 1.73 | 1.73 | 1.76 | 1.68 | 297.8 |
| 1.2 Repos | _ | - | 1.20 | - | - | _ | _ | - | - | _ | _ |
| 2 Loans | 4.07 | 3.73 | 3.59 | 4.19 | 4.26 | 4.33 | 4.35 | 4.33 | 4.32 | 4.28 | 36,390.0 |
| 2.1 Households | 4.94 | 4.54 | 4.17 | 4.18 | 4.23 | 4.28 | 4.35 | 4.36 | 4.36 | 4.37 | 22,051.6 |
| 2.1.1 Housing loans ^a | 3.39 | 3.12 | 2.90 | 2.91 | 2.95 | 2.99 | 3.07 | 3.08 | 3.09 | 3.11 | 11,673.8 |
| 2.1.1.1 Short-term | 3.50 | 2.62 | 3.22 | 4.08 | 4.15 | 3.07 | 3.75 | 3.74 | 3.66 | 3.68 | 0.0 |
| 2.1.1.2 Long-term | 3.39 | 3.12 | 2.90 | 2.91 | 2.95 | 2.99 | 3.07 | 3.08 | 3.09 | 3.11 | 11,673.8 |
| From 1 to 5 years | | | | 2.98 | 3.15 | 3.22 | 3.35 | 3.38 | 3.41 | 3.63 | 19.5 |
| Over 5 years | | | | 2.91 | 2.95 | 2.99 | 3.07 | 3.08 | 3.09 | 3.10 | 11,654.3 |
| 2.1.2 Consumer and other loans ^a | 6.28 | 5.90 | 5.50 | 5.69 | 5.73 | 5.76 | 5.80 | 5.79 | 5.79 | 5.78 | 10,377.7 |
| 2.1.2.1 Short-term ^a | 6.45 | 6.06 | 4.72 | 5.52 | 5.88 | 5.83 | 6.02 | 5.95 | 5.95 | 5.88 | 111.3 |
| 2.1.2.2 Long-term ^a | 6.26 | 5.88 | 5.61 | 5.69 | 5.73 | 5.76 | 5.79 | 5.79 | 5.79 | 5.78 | 10,266.4 |
| From 1 to 5 years | | | | 5.94 | 6.08 | 6.15 | 6.22 | 6.21 | 6.20 | 6.19 | 1,679.1 |
| Over 5 years | | | | 5.64 | 5.67 | 5.68 | 5.71 | 5.71 | 5.71 | 5.70 | 8,587.3 |
| O/w: sole proprietors | 4.22 | 3.90 | 3.97 | 4.94 | 5.05 | 5.20 | 5.18 | 5.11 | 5.09 | 5.05 | 656.8 |
| 2.2 Non-financial corporations ^a | 2.61 | 2.33 | 2.73 | 4.22 | 4.31 | 4.40 | 4.35 | 4.28 | 4.26 | 4.15 | 14,338.4 |
| 2.2.1 Short-term | 2.57 | 2.30 | 2.43 | 4.79 | 5.13 | 5.15 | 4.97 | 4.81 | 4.80 | 4.65 | 1,672.4 |
| 2.2.2 Long-term | 2.61 | 2.34 | 2.78 | 4.14 | 4.21 | 4.31 | 4.27 | 4.20 | 4.19 | 4.08 | 12,666.0 |
| From 1 to 5 years | | | | 4.18 | 4.27 | 4.40 | 4.36 | 4.29 | 4.32 | 4.29 | 3,708.9 |
| Over 5 years | | | | 4.12 | 4.18 | 4.27 | 4.23 | 4.17 | 4.14 | 4.00 | 8,957.1 |

a Historical data in this row refer only to loans and deposits in euro and in kuna without a currency clause and with a euro currency clause.

Note: Starting with January 2023, all data refer only to loans and deposits in euro.

Table G5 Credit institutions' interest rates on deposits and loans (balances) • The table contains the weighted monthly averages of nominal interest rates for the balances of selected credit institutions' deposits and loans and the total amounts of book balances of such deposits and loans, by reporting months. Loans comprise all types of loans other than overdrafts on transaction accounts and credit card receivables and loans.

The table presents a further breakdown to household deposits and loans by instruments and by original maturity. The "o/w"

position under loans to households in specific positions in the table includes loans granted to sole proprietors.

The end-of-month book balances of deposits and loans are the basis for the calculation of weighted averages for deposits and loans.

The instruments are described in notes on methodology under G1 and G2 tables.

^{*} Revised data.

Table G6 Credit institutions' interest rates on deposits and loans by original maturity (new business)

weighted monthly averages of interest rates, in % on annual basis and volumes of new business in million EUR

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | | 2024 | | 2024 |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|----------|---------|
| | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Mar. | Jun. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov.* | | Dec. |
| | | | | | | | | | Inter | est rate | Amount |
| 1 Deposits | 0.06 | 0.07 | 0.73 | 3.12 | 3.21 | 3.12 | 2.95 | 2.75 | 2.67 | 2.56 | 5,989.1 |
| 1.1 Time deposits ^a | 0.06 | 0.07 | 0.71 | 3.12 | 3.21 | 3.12 | 2.95 | 2.75 | 2.67 | 2.56 | 5,989.1 |
| 1.1.1 Households | 0.08 | 0.09 | 0.22 | 2.22 | 1.99 | 2.34 | 1.84 | 2.09 | 1.99 | 1.85 | 1,119.9 |
| 1.1.1.1 Short-term | 0.05 | 0.08 | 0.16 | 2.35 | 2.06 | 2.41 | 1.92 | 2.13 | 2.03 | 1.89 | 1,014.0 |
| 1.1.1.2 Long-term | 0.10 | 0.09 | 0.27 | 1.66 | 1.73 | 1.47 | 1.14 | 1.33 | 1.59 | 1.42 | 105.9 |
| 1.1.2 Non-financial corporations | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.88 | 3.35 | 3.42 | 3.35 | 3.13 | 2.95 | 2.88 | 2.72 | 4,869.3 |
| 1.1.2.1 Short-term | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.87 | 3.36 | 3.46 | 3.36 | 3.14 | 2.96 | 2.88 | 2.73 | 4,832.5 |
| 1.1.2.2 Long-term | 0.06 | 0.02 | 1.07 | 2.84 | 1.40 | 2.27 | 1.73 | 1.86 | 2.95 | 0.82 | 36.7 |
| 1.2 Repos | _ | _ | 1.20 | - | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 2 Loans | 2.46 | 1.91 | 3.57 | 5.20 | 5.14 | 5.19 | 4.95 | 4.73 | 4.75 | 4.51 | 2,073.6 |
| 2.1 Households | 3.25 | 3.05 | 3.69 | 5.02 | 5.26 | 5.21 | 5.22 | 5.20 | 5.11 | 4.99 | 582.8 |
| 2.1.1 Housing loans ^a | 2.61 | 2.59 | 2.68 | 3.60 | 3.76 | 3.74 | 3.72 | 3.73 | 3.72 | 3.69 | 220.7 |
| 2.1.1.1 Short-term | - | - | 2.99 | 3.68 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2.1.1.2 Long-term | 2.61 | 2.59 | 2.68 | 3.60 | 3.76 | 3.74 | 3.72 | 3.73 | 3.72 | 3.69 | 220.7 |
| From 1 to 5 years | | | | 3.51 | 4.13 | 3.33 | 3.94 | 3.50 | 3.78 | 4.66 | 4.0 |
| Over 5 years | | | | 3.60 | 3.76 | 3.74 | 3.72 | 3.73 | 3.72 | 3.68 | 216.7 |
| 2.1.2 Consumer and other loans ^a | 5.02 | 3.91 | 5.02 | 5.94 | 5.92 | 5.96 | 5.94 | 5.92 | 5.82 | 5.79 | 362.1 |
| 2.1.2.1 Short-term ^a | 0.64 | 0.51 | 1.75 | 5.93 | 6.04 | 5.99 | 5.62 | 6.03 | 5.81 | 5.95 | 18.3 |
| 2.1.2.2 Long-term ^a | 5.30 | 4.13 | 5.15 | 5.94 | 5.91 | 5.96 | 5.95 | 5.92 | 5.82 | 5.78 | 343.8 |
| From 1 to 5 years | | | | 6.41 | 6.35 | 6.36 | 6.24 | 6.13 | 5.97 | 5.96 | 97.5 |
| Over 5 years | | | | 5.78 | 5.75 | 5.82 | 5.84 | 5.83 | 5.76 | 5.71 | 246.3 |
| O/w: sole proprietors | 5.42 | 4.63 | 4.91 | 5.78 | 5.90 | 5.89 | 5.33 | 5.60 | 5.58 | 5.44 | 27.6 |
| 2.2 Non-financial corporations ^a | 2.07 | 1.61 | 3.47 | 5.30 | 5.04 | 5.18 | 4.81 | 4.43 | 4.49 | 4.32 | 1,490.8 |
| 2.2.1 Short-term | 1.16 | 1.03 | 2.70 | 4.98 | 5.04 | 4.71 | 4.38 | 4.22 | 4.41 | 3.92 | 655.3 |
| 2.2.2 Long-term | 2.52 | 1.80 | 3.77 | 5.55 | 5.05 | 5.45 | 5.37 | 4.74 | 4.56 | 4.63 | 835.5 |
| From 1 to 5 years | | | | 5.81 | 4.94 | 5.01 | 5.21 | 4.76 | 4.82 | 4.59 | 247.9 |
| Over 5 years | | | | 5.32 | 5.13 | 5.66 | 5.50 | 4.73 | 4.42 | 4.64 | 587.5 |

^a Historical data in this row refer only to loans and deposits in euro and in kuna with a euro currency clause.

Note: Starting with January 2023, all data refer only to loans and deposits in euro.

Table G6 Credit institutions' interest rates on deposits and loans by original maturity (new business)

Data on interest rates and the amounts of new business for the subcategories of loans and deposits from the table are presented in more detail in tables G1 through G3. The table shows the weighted monthly averages of credit institutions' interest rates for the selected aggregated categories of new deposit business (only

for time deposits) and new lending business (for loans other than revolving loans, overdrafts on transaction accounts and credit card receivables and credit) as well as the sums of amounts of new business for these categories of deposits and loans.

The divisions by instrument, counterparty sector, maturity and currency are explained in notes on methodology under tables G1 through G3.

^{*} Revised data.

Table G8a Interest rates on MoF treasury bills

| Year | Month | | | Denominated in EUR ^a |
|------|-----------|----------|----------|---------------------------------|
| | | 3 months | 6 months | 12 months |
| 2024 | | 3.54 | - | 3.48 |
| 2023 | July | - | - | - |
| | August | - | 3.20 | - |
| | September | - | - | - |
| | October | - | - | - |
| | November | - | - | 3.75 |
| | December | - | - | - |
| 2024 | January | - | - | - |
| | February | 3.75 | - | 3.65 |
| | March | - | - | - |
| | April | - | - | - |
| | May | - | - | - |
| | June | 3.75 | - | 3.65 |
| | July | - | - | - |
| | August | - | - | - |
| | September | 3.55 | - | - |
| | October | - | - | - |
| | November | - | - | 3.15 |
| | December | 3.10 | - | - |
| 2025 | January | - | - | - |

^a Historical series are available in archive data.

Table G8a Interest rates on MoF treasury bills • Table G8a shows the weighted monthly averages of daily interest rates achieved at auctions of treasury bills of the Ministry of Finance of the Republic of Croatia. Daily interest rates correspond to the single yield at issue attained at auctions of MoF treasury bills.

Annual averages are a simple average of the weighted monthly averages. The weighted monthly averages of daily interest rates are calculated separately for treasury bills denominated in kuna and for treasury bills indexed to euro, and separately for each original contractual maturity (91, 182 or 364 days).

Table G8b Yields to maturity on the bonds of the Republic of Croatia and long-term interest rate (LTIR)

| Year | Month | Long-term | | | | | | ğ | pvernen | Governement bon | | ed on fo | ids issued on foreign capital markets | pital ma | ırkets | | | | | Gov | erneme | nt bonds | sissued | Governement bonds issued on the domestic capital market | omestic | capital n | ıarketª |
|------------|------------------|--|------------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------------|--------|----------|---------------------------------------|----------|--------|-------|-------|-------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|----------|---|---------|-----------|---------|
| | | interest | | | | | | | | | | | | | EUR | | | | | | | | | | | | EUR |
| | | (LTIR) | 2 yr. | 3 yr. | 4 yr. | 5 yr. | 6 yr. | 7 yr. | 8 yr. | 9 yr. | 10 yr. | 11 yr. | 12 yr. | 17 yr. | 18 yr. | 2 yr. | 3 yr. | 4 yr. | 5 yr. 6 | 6 yr. 7 | 7 yr. 8 | 8 yr. 9 | /r. 10 y | 9 yr. 10 yr. 11 yr. 12 yr. | 12 yr. | 16 yr. | 17 yr. |
| 2005 | | I | 1 | 3.07 | 3.19 | 3.36 | 3.48 | 1 | 3.66 | 3.78 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2006 | | 4.43 | 4.15 | 3.95 | 4.04 | 4.08 | I | 4.24 | 4.19 | ı | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2007 | | 4.93 | 4.60 | 4.68 | 4.62 | 1 | 4.93 | 4.72 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2008 | | 6.04 | 2.67 | 5.24 | 1 | 7.41 | 5.29 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2009 | | 7.83 | 5.56 | I | 4.51 | 6.18 | 7.35 | I | I | ı | ı | ı | ı | ı | ı | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2010 | | 6.27 | 1 | 3.71 | 4.30 | 5.10 | 1 | 1 | ı | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2011 | | 6.54 | 5.03 | 4.92 | 5.04 | 1 | 1 | 7.14 | ı | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | ı | ı | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2012 | | 6.14 | 3.39 | 5.29 | I | I | 5.66 | 7.60 | I | ı | ı | I | I | ı | ı | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2013 | | 4.68 | 2.61 | 1 | 1 | 4.14 | 4.05 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2014 | | 4.05 | 1 | 1 | 3.08 | 3.95 | 1 | 3.50 | 3.83 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2015 | | 3.54 | I | 2.35 | 2.72 | I | 3.86 | 3.48 | I | 4.15 | 3.82 | ı | ı | ı | ı | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2016 | | 3.47 | 1.06 | 2.18 | ı | 2.52 | 3.12 | 1 | 2.89 | 3.61 | 1 | 1 | ı | 1 | ı | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2017 | | 2.77 | 0.27 | I | 1.16 | 1.66 | I | 1.91 | 2.54 | 2.33 | 2.83 | ı | 2.72 | ı | ı | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2018 | | 2.17 | 1 | 0.83 | 0.99 | I | 1.73 | 1.84 | 2.33 | 2.36 | 2.63 | 2.77 | 2.75 | ı | ı | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2019 | | 1.29 | 0.04 | 0.27 | ı | 0.32 | 0.81 | 0.50 | 1.15 | 1.18 | 0.78 | 1.83 | ı | 1 | ı | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2020 | | 0.83 | 0.46 | I | 0.29 | 0.86 | 0.55 | 0.98 | 0.97 | 1.08 | 1.25 | 1.08 | 1 | ı | ı | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2021 | | 0.45 | 1 | 0.12 | 0.08 | 0.44 | 0.37 | 0.56 | 0.76 | 0.83 | 0.97 | 1.22 | 1:1 | ı | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2022 | | 2.70 | 2.92 | 1.36 | 3.14 | 2.06 | 2.47 | 2.86 | 2.66 | 3.05 | 3.56 | 2.80 | ı | 1 | 4.14 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2023 | | 3.80 | 3.66 | 3.62 | 3.37 | 3.54 | 3.69 | 3.67 | 3.82 | 3.85 | 3.90 | 3.33 | 4.05 | 4.28 | 4.23 | 3.40 | 3.48 | 3.48 | 3.57 3 | 3.67 3 | 3.71 | - 3.57 | 3.55 | 5 3.90 | 3.84 | 4.18 | 3.66 |
| 2024 | | 3.31 | 2.71 | 3.12 | 2.91 | 3.05 | 3.16 | 3.14 | 3.17 | 3.26 | 3.42 | 3.43 | I | 3.74 | ı | 3.12 | 3.31 | 2.98 | 3.13 3 | 3.18 | ι Θ | 3.30 3.29 | 3.36 | 3.36 | I | 3.76 | ı |
| 2024 | February | 3.30 | 1 | 3.14 | 2.92 | 3.15 | 3.19 | 3.27 | 3.30 | 3.35 | 1 | 3.53 | 1 | 3.77 | 1 | 3.11 | 3.67 | 3.00 | 3.11 3 | 3.05 | l N | 3.63 | - 3.30 | 3.36 | ı | 3.75 | 1 |
| | March | 3.29 | 1 | 3.19 | 3.04 | 3.16 | 3.17 | 3.26 | 3.29 | 3.36 | 3.47 | 3.54 | 1 | 3.75 | 1 | 3.05 | 3.71 | 3.05 | 3.19 3 | 3.11 | l N | 3.30 | - 3.29 | 9 3.43 | ı | 3.76 | 1 |
| | April | 3.34 | 1 | 3.24 | 3.11 | 3.25 | 3.25 | 3.35 | 3.34 | 3.43 | 3.57 | 3.59 | ı | 3.85 | 1 | 3.09 | 3.60 | 2.96 | 3.28 3 | 3.04 | ι I | 3.15 | - 3.18 | 8 3.28 | I | 3.59 | ı |
| | Мау | 3.41 | I | 3.29 | 3.14 | 3.28 | 3.24 | 3.29 | 3.27 | 3.39 | 3.58 | 3.62 | 1 | 3.85 | 1 | 3.28 | 3.14 | 3.14 | 3.21 3 | 3.23 | ι I | 3.30 3.45 | 15 3.41 | 3.45 | 1 | 3.78 | 1 |
| | June | 3.38 | 1 | 3.30 | 3.16 | 3.30 | 3.26 | 3.29 | 3.26 | 3.41 | 3.62 | 3.68 | ı | 3.86 | 1 | 3.30 | 3.19 | 3.12 | 3.23 3 | 3.29 | ι I | 3.29 3.38 | 38 3.46 | 1 | ı | 3.79 | 1 |
| | July | 3.37 | 1 | 3.31 | 3.12 | 3.24 | 3.23 | 3.29 | 3.22 | 3.36 | 3.52 | 3.62 | 1 | 3.76 | 1 | 3.31 | 3.20 | 3.11 | 3.16 3 | 3.32 | ι I | 3.32 3.37 | 37 3.50 | - 0 | 1 | 3.80 | 1 |
| | August | 3.40 | 1 | 3.09 | 2.87 | 2.96 | 1 | 3.05 | 3.05 | 3.16 | 3.29 | 3.39 | ı | 3.53 | 1 | 3.23 | 3.23 | 3.20 | 3.22 3 | 3.33 | ι I | 3.33 3.29 | 3.45 | I I | ı | 3.82 | 1 |
| | September | 3.33 | 2.80 | 2.97 | 2.74 | 2.82 | I | 2.92 | 3.00 | 3.13 | 3.22 | 3.25 | ı | 3.46 | I | 3.06 | 3.16 | 3.09 | 3.20 | 1 | ι υ | 3.21 3.13 | 13 3.43 | | ı | 3.83 | 1 |
| | October | 3.32 | 2.77 | 1 | 2.65 | 2.75 | 1 | 2.89 | 2.99 | 3.11 | 1 | 3.19 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2.97 | 3.08 | 2.73 | 3.02 | 1 | ر ا | 3.16 3.10 | 10 3.43 | | 1 | 1 | I |
| | November | 3.20 | 2.75 | I | 2.70 | 2.80 | 1 | 2.99 | 3.10 | 3.17 | 1 | 3.22 | ı | 1 | 1 | 2.91 | 3.24 | 2.67 | 3.06 | 1 | ر ا | 3.17 3.08 | 3.38 | 0 | ı | 1 | I |
| | December | 3.09 | 2.50 | 2.56 | 2.60 | 2.66 | 2.83 | 2.82 | 2.91 | 2.98 | 3.08 | 3.05 | ı | ı | ı | 2.75 | 5.89 | 2.59 | 2.79 | 1 | 1 | 2.94 2.84 | 34 3.17 | | ı | 1 | 1 |
| 2025 | January | 2.98 | 2.69 | 2.74 | 2.93 | 2.91 | 3.02 | 3.03 | 3.12 | 3.15 | 3.25 | I | I | 1 | I | 2.57 | 2.50 | 2.70 | 2.65 | က I | 3.00 2. | 2.96 2.83 | 33 3.05 | 1 | 1 | 1 | I |
| a Historic | cal series on Go | ^a Historical series on Governement bonds issued on the domestic capital market are available in archive data. | s issued (| on the do | mestic ca | pital mark | et are av | ailable in | archive d | ata. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Table G8b Yields to maturity on the bonds of the Republic of Croatia (for selected currencies and maturities) and long-term interest rate (LTIR) • Table G8b shows the average monthly and annual yields to maturity on the bonds of the Republic of Croatia, for selected currencies and maturities, and the long-term interest rate (LTIR).

The average monthly yields to maturity are a simple average of daily yields to maturity.

The average annual yields are a simple average of monthly averages.

Daily yields are calculated for each remaining maturity (rounded to the whole number of years) in such a way that bonds are first grouped according to the remaining maturity, and then a simple average is calculated for each group. The remaining maturity of a bond on a certain day is calculated as a rounded number (interval t-0.5 to t+0.5), assuming a year of 360 days.

The applied methodology differs somewhat depending on the market in which bonds are issued, i.e. the Republic of Croatia or foreign capital markets, and depending on the availability of data for the calculation of yields to maturity.

a) Bonds issued in the domestic capital market

Daily yields to maturity are calculated on the basis of the weighted average of the average trading price attained in all trading segments of the Zagreb Stock Exchange.

Daily yields are also calculated for days when there are no trading transactions, assuming that the most recent average price remains unchanged.

Daily yields are not calculated for days which are public holidays in the Republic of Croatia.

b) Bonds issued in foreign capital markets

Daily yields to maturity are taken from the Bloomberg financial service, and are calculated on the basis of daily data on the most recent quoted bid price.

The calculation of the average monthly yield does not account for days for which data on daily yields are not available.

The long-term interest rate (LTIR) is the average long-term interest rate in accordance with the fourth convergence criterion referred to in Article 4 of the Protocol on the convergence criteria under Article 121 of the Treaty establishing the European Community. The long-term interest rate is calculated as the average yield on the corresponding long-term bond of the Republic of Croatia and is published as a monthly average quoted in percentages per annum. A bond of the Republic of Croatia with satisfactory liquidity, denominated in national currency with a remaining maturity of approximately 10 years, is used for the calculation. The bond used for the calculation of the long-term interest rate changes over time in accordance with the prescribed criteria for the selection of the bond for calculation.

E Non-MMF investment funds

Table E1a Aggregated balance sheet of investment funds (end-of-period balance)

in million EUR

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | | 2024 |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Mar. | Jun. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. |
| ASSETS | | · | · | · | · | · | · | · | |
| 1 Deposits and loans given | 699.8 | 763.3 | 571.7 | 546.4 | 471.9 | 320.3 | 478.5 | 458.7 | 592.1 |
| 1.1 Domestic sectors | 696.3 | 756.9 | 565.5 | 529.7 | 418.7 | 314.0 | 471.6 | 450.9 | 584.2 |
| o/w: MMFs | 691.9 | 752.0 | 546.5 | 482.7 | 364.7 | 250.6 | 399.2 | 384.3 | 517.0 |
| 1.2 Rest of the world | 3.6 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 16.8 | 53.2 | 6.3 | 6.9 | 7.8 | 7.9 |
| 2 Investment in debt securities | 1,816.9 | 1,957.5 | 1,530.9 | 1,802.1 | 1,936.7 | 2,021.5 | 1,956.9 | 2,045.7 | 1,937.9 |
| 2.1 Domestic sectors | 1,158.8 | 1,270.7 | 882.9 | 570.8 | 521.0 | 510.1 | 489.8 | 487.0 | 439.0 |
| o/w: Non-financial corporations | 28.4 | 44.6 | 25.4 | 20.9 | 20.9 | 21.6 | 21.6 | 21.6 | 21.7 |
| o/w: Financial corporations | 8.8 | 13.1 | 10.7 | 4.3 | 3.3 | 4.3 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 4.9 |
| o/w: General government | 1,121.7 | 1,213.0 | 846.8 | 545.5 | 496.8 | 484.1 | 463.3 | 460.5 | 412.4 |
| 2.2 Rest of the world | 658.1 | 686.8 | 648.0 | 1,231.3 | 1,415.6 | 1,511.5 | 1,467.1 | 1,558.7 | 1,498.9 |
| o/w: Non-financial corporations | 0.3 | 6.0 | 0.8 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| o/w: Financial corporations | 6.8 | 6.6 | 11.5 | 18.4 | 22.7 | 20.8 | 23.4 | 23.4 | 23.7 |
| o/w: General government | 651.0 | 674.2 | 635.7 | 1,211.7 | 1,391.3 | 1,489.0 | 1,442.0 | 1,533.4 | 1,473.4 |
| 3 Investment in equities and other share capital | 655.7 | 918.7 | 800.9 | 1,041.8 | 1,180.7 | 1,259.3 | 1,390.9 | 1,416.6 | 1,433.8 |
| 3.1 Domestic sectors | 308.1 | 323.1 | 303.9 | 438.6 | 502.4 | 510.2 | 596.6 | 636.1 | 634.2 |
| o/w: Non-financial corporations | 250.7 | 267.0 | 275.5 | 403.9 | 467.0 | 473.9 | 556.6 | 594.8 | 589.9 |
| o/w: Financial corporations | 57.5 | 56.1 | 28.4 | 34.6 | 35.4 | 36.3 | 40.0 | 41.3 | 44.3 |
| 3.2 Rest of the world | 347.5 | 595.6 | 497.1 | 603.2 | 678.3 | 749.2 | 794.3 | 780.5 | 799.5 |
| o/w: Non-financial corporations | 229.5 | 327.9 | 261.0 | 342.5 | 395.0 | 432.3 | 453.1 | 433.8 | 442.8 |
| o/w: Financial corporations | 118.0 | 267.7 | 236.0 | 260.8 | 283.3 | 316.9 | 341.2 | 346.7 | 356.7 |
| 4 Non-financial assets | 2.8 | 3.9 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.6 |
| 5 Other assets (including financial derivatives) | 6.5 | 12.6 | 6.5 | 28.6 | 38.6 | 40.5 | 25.6 | 24.8 | 20.8 |
| Total (1+2+3+4+5) | 3,181.7 | 3,656.1 | 2,910.2 | 3,419.2 | 3,628.2 | 3,644.1 | 3,854.4 | 3,948.2 | 3,987.2 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 Deposits and liabilities received | 89.7 | 63.9 | 12.5 | 7.8 | 15.9 | 20.2 | 22.8 | 19.0 | 19.4 |
| 2 Investment funds' shares/units issued | 3,054.4 | 3,549.3 | 2,849.3 | 3,339.2 | 3,520.3 | 3,537.0 | 3,727.2 | 3,779.3 | 3,862.2 |
| 2.1 Domestic sectors | 2,953.5 | 3,435.9 | 2,757.9 | 3,202.3 | 3,366.8 | 3,411.0 | 3,592.6 | 3,641.9 | 3,721.6 |
| o/w: Non-financial corporations | 224.6 | 216.8 | 140.1 | 97.9 | 99.3 | 91.4 | 89.8 | 94.2 | 97.0 |
| o/w: Financial corporations | 641.7 | 675.9 | 509.3 | 434.7 | 422.5 | 425.9 | 451.7 | 462.6 | 467.6 |
| o/w: Households | 1,807.8 | 2,234.3 | 1,863.2 | 2,325.9 | 2,450.1 | 2,490.6 | 2,578.8 | 2,589.8 | 2,667.5 |
| 2.2 Rest of the world | 100.9 | 113.4 | 91.4 | 136.9 | 153.5 | 125.9 | 134.6 | 137.3 | 140.6 |
| o/w: Non-financial corporations | 5.8 | 8.0 | 10.3 | 31.0 | 62.6 | 25.6 | 27.7 | 29.5 | 29.8 |
| o/w: Financial corporations | 46.4 | 48.5 | 35.7 | 49.3 | 30.1 | 37.6 | 41.7 | 42.3 | 43.4 |
| o/w: Households | 48.7 | 56.9 | 45.4 | 56.6 | 60.7 | 62.8 | 65.1 | 65.5 | 67.5 |
| 3 Other liabilities (including financial derivatives) | 37.7 | 42.9 | 48.4 | 72.3 | 92.0 | 86.9 | 104.5 | 150.0 | 105.6 |
| Total (1+2+3) | 3,181.7 | 3,656.1 | 2,910.2 | 3,419.2 | 3,628.2 | 3,644.1 | 3,854.4 | 3,948.2 | 3,987.2 |

Notes: Data reported on 31 March 2019 have been increased by reclassifying the status of funds that have not aligned their business with the provisions of Regulation on money market funds (Regulation (EU) No 2017/1131) of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 June 2017. Data converted into euros until December 2022 at a fixed conversion rate.

Tables E1 • The tables show data on claims and liabilities of all non-UCITS and UCITS investment funds (except money market funds which are aggregated in the credit institutions' balance sheet) and monthly net transactions for each asset and liability position. Data are reported on an aggregate basis, which means that investment funds' assets also include

the funds' investments in other investment funds' shares/

The balances and net transactions of financially significant positions of assets and liabilities are shown separately for resident and non-resident counterparties and according to the counterparty's classification into a specific economic sector.

Table E1b Aggregated balance sheet of investment funds (transactions during the period) in million EUR

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | | 2024 |
|---|--------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|--------|
| | | | | | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Oct. | Nov. |
| ASSETS | | ' | ' | ' | ' | ' | ' | ' | |
| 1 Deposits and loans given | 14.5 | 62.1 | -195.2 | -24.3 | -75.4 | -145.8 | 159.9 | -20.9 | 132.1 |
| 1.1 Domestic sectors | 13.5 | 59.3 | -194.6 | -34.9 | -111.8 | -98.8 | 159.3 | -21.7 | 132.1 |
| o/w: MMFs | 10.7 | 58.8 | -208.7 | -62.8 | -118.8 | -108.2 | 150.3 | -16.0 | 131.5 |
| 1.2 Rest of the world | 1.0 | 2.7 | -0.6 | 10.6 | 36.4 | -46.9 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.0 |
| 2 Investment in debt securities | -565.2 | 197.2 | -254.3 | 233.5 | 139.3 | 110.8 | -100.8 | 95.8 | -124.5 |
| 2.1 Domestic sectors | -696.6 | 129.8 | -301.7 | -315.7 | -48.4 | -10.3 | -26.2 | -2.6 | -48.8 |
| o/w: Non-financial corporations | 2.2 | 15.1 | -22.6 | -4.5 | -0.1 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| o/w: Financial corporations | 1.6 | 4.4 | -2.0 | -6.4 | -1.0 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| o/w: General government | -700.4 | 110.2 | -277.1 | -304.8 | -47.3 | -12.0 | -26.7 | -2.7 | -48.8 |
| 2.2 Rest of the world | 131.4 | 67.5 | 47.4 | 549.2 | 187.6 | 121.1 | -74.6 | 98.4 | -75.7 |
| o/w: Non-financial corporations | -0.3 | 5.6 | -4.6 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| o/w: Financial corporations | 0.2 | -0.2 | 4.9 | 6.7 | 5.6 | -2.0 | 2.3 | 0.0 | 0.2 |
| o/w: General government | 131.5 | 62.0 | 47.1 | 542.2 | 181.6 | 123.1 | -77.0 | 98.4 | -75.9 |
| 3 Investment in equities and other share capital | -25.4 | 137.9 | -15.0 | 40.5 | 11.3 | 49.6 | 44.6 | -10.2 | 2.7 |
| 3.1 Domestic sectors | -44.0 | -8.3 | -13.4 | 12.3 | -7.2 | 3.0 | 1.9 | 0.8 | -0.6 |
| o/w: Non-financial corporations | -20.8 | -9.3 | 11.8 | 10.5 | -4.8 | 3.5 | -0.4 | 1.1 | -0.8 |
| o/w: Financial corporations | -23.2 | 1.0 | -25.1 | 1.8 | -2.4 | -0.5 | 2.3 | -0.3 | 0.2 |
| 3.2 Rest of the world | 18.6 | 146.2 | -1.6 | 28.2 | 18.5 | 46.6 | 42.7 | -11.1 | 3.3 |
| o/w: Non-financial corporations | 13.1 | 32.5 | -8.0 | 30.9 | 19.6 | 21.3 | 22.9 | -13.9 | 2.0 |
| o/w: Financial corporations | 5.5 | 113.8 | 6.4 | -2.6 | -1.1 | 25.3 | 19.8 | 2.8 | 1.2 |
| 4 Non-financial assets | 1.0 | -1.2 | -2.5 | 0.0 | -0.2 | 2.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 5 Other assets (including financial derivatives) | -5.2 | -99.7 | 12.1 | 26.5 | 9.5 | 1.2 | -16.0 | -0.8 | -5.6 |
| Total (1+2+3+4+5) | -580.3 | 296.3 | -454.9 | 276.2 | 84.4 | 17.9 | 87.8 | 63.8 | 4.7 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 Deposits and loans received | -57.5 | -30.6 | -56.8 | -4.6 | 8.1 | 4.3 | 2.6 | -3.8 | 0.4 |
| 2 Investment funds' shares/units issued | -476.0 | 349.6 | -374.5 | 273.2 | 58.5 | 19.3 | 67.9 | 22.6 | 49.5 |
| 2.1 Domestic sectors | -393.6 | 335.9 | -365.0 | 233.7 | 43.2 | 49.4 | 62.0 | 19.7 | 47.0 |
| o/w: Non-financial corporations | -104.7 | -17.1 | -62.0 | -44.7 | -0.9 | -5.3 | -3.2 | 4.1 | 1.6 |
| o/w: Financial corporations | 32.8 | 20.9 | -117.8 | -93.5 | -27.3 | 1.1 | 19.3 | 10.1 | 0.6 |
| o/w: General government | -311.5 | 354.3 | -150.7 | 373.0 | 83.9 | 51.6 | 54.5 | 11.8 | 44.5 |
| 2.2 Rest of the world | -82.4 | 13.7 | -9.5 | 39.5 | 15.3 | -30.1 | 5.9 | 2.9 | 2.4 |
| o/w: Non-financial corporations | -0.9 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 20.1 | 31.6 | -37.3 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 0.3 |
| o/w: Financial corporations | -74.6 | 3.9 | -8.4 | 12.3 | -19.1 | 6.8 | 3.2 | 0.4 | 1.2 |
| o/w: Households | -6.8 | 7.2 | -3.7 | 7.1 | 2.8 | 0.4 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 0.9 |
| 3 Other liabilities (including financial derivatives) | -46.9 | -22.8 | -23.6 | 7.7 | 17.8 | -5.7 | 17.4 | 45.0 | -45.2 |
| Total (1+2+3) | -580.3 | 296.3 | -454.9 | 276.2 | 84.4 | 17.9 | 87.8 | 63.8 | 4.7 |

Note: Data converted into euros until December 2022 at a fixed conversion rate.

Table E2a Investment funds' shares/units issued by type of investment and type of fund (end-of-period balance) in million EUR

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | | 2024 |
|--|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Mar. | Jun. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. |
| INVESTMENT FUNDS' SHARES/UNITS ISSUED BY TYPE OF | INVESTMENT | • | | | | | | | |
| 1 Bonds | 1,915.6 | 2,033.5 | 1,258.9 | 1,054.9 | 1,062.9 | 1,016.0 | 1,060.3 | 1,081.2 | 1,126.6 |
| 2 Equities | 436.9 | 621.9 | 535.4 | 735.2 | 844.7 | 904.0 | 999.2 | 1,032.5 | 1,043.5 |
| 3 Mixed | 449.6 | 583.1 | 609.6 | 795.8 | 797.2 | 788.6 | 814.8 | 808.5 | 823.4 |
| 4 Real estate | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 |
| 5 Others | 252.3 | 310.8 | 445.5 | 753.3 | 815.5 | 826.2 | 850.7 | 855.0 | 866.6 |
| Total (1+2+3+4+5) | 3,054.4 | 3,549.3 | 2,849.3 | 3,339.2 | 3,520.3 | 3,537.0 | 3,727.2 | 3,779.3 | 3,862.2 |
| INVESTMENT FUNDS' SHARES/UNITS ISSUED BY TYPE OF | FUND | | | | | | | | |
| 1 Open-ended | 2,863.7 | 3,294.9 | 2,607.8 | 2,996.2 | 3,127.1 | 3,124.8 | 3,248.8 | 3,275.9 | 3,364.9 |
| 2 Closed-ended | 190.7 | 254.3 | 241.6 | 343.0 | 393.2 | 412.1 | 478.4 | 503.3 | 497.3 |
| Total (1+2) | 3,054.4 | 3,549.3 | 2,849.3 | 3,339.2 | 3,520.3 | 3,537.0 | 3,727.2 | 3,779.3 | 3,862.2 |

Notes: Data reported on 31 March 2019 have been increased by reclassifying the status of funds that have not aligned their business with the provisions of Regulation on money market funds (Regulation (EU) No 2017/1131) of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 June 2017. Data converted into euros until December 2022 at a fixed conversion rate.

Tables E2 • The tables report a detailed structure of all non-UCITS and UCITS investment funds' shares/units issued (except MMFs which are aggregated in the credit institutions' balance sheet) by the type of investment and the type of fund.

The type of investment implies the fund's investment policy given in the prospectus, predominantly in bonds, equities, a combination of bonds and equities (mixed funds), real estate and other types of investment (hedge funds), venture capital

funds, and others). By the type of fund, we distinguish between open-ended and closed-ended funds. The shares/units in an open-ended investment fund are purchased, directly or indirectly, at the request of the holder of the share/unit from the investment fund's assets. The shares/units in a closed-ended fund, established in the form of a stock company or a limited liability company, cannot be purchased from the closed-ended fund's assets at holder's request.

Table E2b Investment funds' shares/units issued by type of investment and type of fund (transactions during the period) in million EUR

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | | 2024 |
|--|------------------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|
| | | | | | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Oct. | Nov. |
| INVESTMENT FUNDS' SHARES/UNITS ISSUED BY TYPE | OF INVESTMENT | | | | | | | | |
| 1 Bonds | -524.2 | 180.0 | -645.6 | -202.1 | 5.2 | -21.1 | 35.0 | 20.4 | 38.3 |
| 2 Equities | -6.0 | 62.5 | -12.7 | 39.5 | 6.7 | 40.6 | 12.5 | -0.4 | 7.7 |
| 3 Mixed | 94.4 | 110.6 | 118.6 | 152.0 | -5.6 | -5.4 | 4.6 | -0.2 | 1.8 |
| 4 Real estate | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 5 Others | -40.2 | -3.4 | 165.2 | 283.9 | 52.2 | 3.1 | 15.8 | 2.8 | 1.6 |
| Total (1+2+3+4+5) | -476.0 | 349.6 | -374.5 | 273.2 | 58.5 | 19.3 | 67.9 | 22.6 | 49.5 |
| INVESTMENT FUNDS' SHARES/UNITS ISSUED BY TYPE (| OF FUND | | | | | | | | |
| 1 Open-ended | -475.9 | 353.0 | -384.2 | 267.4 | 70.8 | 5.6 | 80.7 | 28.5 | 49.0 |
| 2 Closed-ended | -0.1 | -3.4 | 9.7 | 5.8 | -12.4 | 13.7 | -12.8 | -5.9 | 0.4 |
| Total (1+2) | -476.0 | 349.6 | -374.5 | 273.2 | 58.5 | 19.3 | 67.9 | 22.6 | 49.5 |
| Note: Data converted into euros until December 2022 at a fixed | conversion rate. | | | | | | | | |

H International economic relations

Table H1 Balance of payments - summary

in million EUR

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | 2024 |
|---|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | | | | | Q1* | Q2* | Q3ª |
| A CURRENT ACCOUNT (1+6) | -674.2 | 317.9 | -2,345.2 | 320.8 | -2,938.4 | -1,237.3 | 4,778.9 |
| 1 Goods, services, and primary income (2+5) | -2,731.6 | -1,858.9 | -4,556.6 | -1,939.9 | -3,200.4 | -1,864.3 | 4,179.6 |
| 1.1 Credit | 23,841.2 | 32,417.9 | 44,198.3 | 46,822.3 | 8,683.3 | 11,937.5 | 17,709.3 |
| 1.2 Debit | 26,572.8 | 34,276.8 | 48,754.9 | 48,762.3 | 11,883.7 | 13,801.8 | 13,529.7 |
| 2 Goods and services (3+4) | -3,543.9 | -1,578.2 | -4,288.0 | -1,676.1 | -3,489.4 | -1,792.1 | 4,709.3 |
| 2.1 Credit | 20,957.5 | 29,121.9 | 40,269.7 | 41,612.9 | 7,285.7 | 10,214.5 | 16,080.1 |
| 2.2 Debit | 24,501.4 | 30,700.1 | 44,557.8 | 43,289.0 | 10,775.1 | 12,006.7 | 11,370.8 |
| 3 Goods | -8,849.8 | -11,402.6 | -18,359.0 | -17,520.3 | -4,344.3 | -5,183.5 | -4,322.4 |
| 3.1 Credit | 12,029.3 | 14,803.4 | 20,562.8 | 19,205.0 | 4,785.7 | 4,984.5 | 4,999.5 |
| 3.2 Debit | 20,879.0 | 26,206.0 | 38,921.8 | 36,725.2 | 9,130.0 | 10,167.9 | 9,321.8 |
| 4 Services | 5,305.9 | 9,824.3 | 14,070.9 | 15,844.2 | 854.9 | 3,391.3 | 9,031.7 |
| 4.1 Credit | 8,928.2 | 14,318.4 | 19,706.9 | 22,407.9 | 2,500.0 | 5,230.1 | 11,080.6 |
| 4.2 Debit | 3,622.4 | 4,494.1 | 5,636.0 | 6,563.7 | 1,645.1 | 1,838.7 | 2,049.0 |
| 5 Primary income | 812.3 | -280.6 | -268.6 | -263.8 | 289.0 | -72.2 | -529.7 |
| 5.1 Credit | 2,883.6 | 3,296.0 | 3,928.6 | 5,209.4 | 1,397.6 | 1,723.0 | 1,629.2 |
| 5.2 Debit | 2,071.4 | 3,576.6 | 4,197.2 | 5,473.3 | 1,108.6 | 1,795.1 | 2,158.9 |
| 6 Secondary income | 2,057.4 | 2,176.8 | 2,211.4 | 2,260.7 | 262.0 | 627.0 | 599.3 |
| 6.1 Credit | 3,826.5 | 4,156.2 | 4,369.9 | 4,749.8 | 1,113.0 | 1,254.9 | 1,267.3 |
| 6.2 Debit | 1,769.0 | 1,979.4 | 2,158.5 | 2,489.1 | 851.0 | 627.9 | 668.0 |
| B CAPITAL ACCOUNT | 1,067.9 | 1,394.8 | 1,668.8 | 2,220.6 | 209.9 | 302.6 | 361.0 |
| C FINANCIAL ACCOUNT | 317.9 | 1,242.2 | -1,549.3 | 3,812.0 | -2,381.9 | -237.1 | 5,302.2 |
| 1 Direct investment | -919.3 | -3,347.0 | -4,108.2 | -1,823.5 | -584.3 | -197.3 | -705.2 |
| 1.1 Assets | 386.2 | 980.8 | -381.0 | 1,264.8 | 348.5 | 619.4 | 771.4 |
| 1.2 Liabilities | 1,305.5 | 4,327.8 | 3,727.1 | 3,088.3 | 932.8 | 816.7 | 1,476.6 |
| 2 Portfolio investment | -66.0 | -68.4 | 1,792.8 | -674.2 | 1,002.7 | 316.7 | 529.1 |
| 2.1 Assets | 622.0 | 1,156.4 | 653.5 | -949.1 | 1,674.2 | 176.9 | 655.3 |
| 2.2 Liabilities | 688.0 | 1,224.8 | -1,139.3 | -274.9 | 671.5 | -139.8 | 126.2 |
| 3 Financial derivatives | -327.9 | -239.9 | -460.5 | -1,014.4 | -468.7 | -40.0 | -275.0 |
| 4 Other investment | 1,027.8 | -1,133.3 | -1,722.9 | 8,342.3 | -2,144.2 | -504.8 | 5,678.3 |
| 4.1 Assets | 1,307.4 | 2,585.6 | 1,918.0 | 20,342.1 | -1,683.2 | 109.2 | 4,820.8 |
| 4.2 Liabilities | 279.6 | 3,718.9 | 3,640.9 | 11,999.8 | 461.0 | 614.0 | -857.6 |
| 5 Reserve Assets | 603.2 | 6,030.7 | 2,949.5 | -1,018.1 | -187.4 | 188.3 | 75.0 |
| D NET ERRORS AND OMISSIONS | -75.9 | -470.6 | -872.9 | 1,270.6 | 346.6 | 697.7 | 162.2 |

^{*} Revised data.

Notes: Data also include the round tripping which increases direct investment in Croatia and direct investment abroad by the same amount. This type of direct investment was recorded in December 2008 (EUR 825.7m), August 2009 (EUR 666.5m), December 2010 (EUR –618.6m) and June 2014 (EUR 1,485.8m).

After the Republic of Croatia joined the euro area, foreign assets increased by net claims related to the allocation of euro banknotes within the Eurosystem (intra-Eurosystem technical claims) that are the difference between the amount of the banknotes in circulation (the allocation to which the CNB is entitled according to the ECB's key) and actually issued banknotes in circulation. The differences in the balance of this position between two quarters are recorded as the increase/decrease in foreign assets in the financial account of the balance of payments (Other investment, Central bank sector, Deposits).

This same amount (net exports of euro banknotes) is recorded on the foreign liabilities side. However, this amount is reduced by the estimate of the amount of euro banknotes in circulation in the territory of the Republic of Croatia issued under the ECB's key of other euro area countries. The differences in the balance of this position between two quarters are recorded as the increase/decrease in foreign liabilities in the financial account of the balance of payments (Other investment).

Tables H1 – H5 Balance of payments • The balance of payments of the Republic of Croatia represents a systematic overview of the value of economic transactions performed by the Croatian residents with non-residents within a particular period. From 1993 until the end of 2013, the balance of payments was compiled in accordance with the methodology recommended by the International Monetary Fund in the fifth edition of its Balance of Payments Manual (BPM5), while starting from 2014, the balance of payments is compiled according to the sixth edition of that manual (BPM6). Also, with the

beginning of the implementation of BPM6, the balance of payments historical data for 2000–2013 have been revised in line with the new methodology.

Data sources include:1) estimates and statistical research carried out by the Croatian National Bank; 2) special reports of the Croatian National Bank (International Transaction Reporting System (ITRS), monetary statistics, securities statistics and reserve assets); and 3) reports of the government institutions (Croatian Bureau of Statistics, Ministry of Finance, Croatian Health Insurance Fund and Croatian Pension Insurance Institute).

Preliminary data

Table H2 Balance of payments - goods and services

in million EUR

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | 2024 |
|---|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | | | | | Q1* | Q2* | Q3ª |
| GOODS | -8,849.8 | -11,402.6 | -18,359.0 | -17,520.3 | -4,344.3 | -5,183.5 | -4,322.4 |
| 1 Credit | 12,029.3 | 14,803.4 | 20,562.8 | 19,205.0 | 4,785.7 | 4,984.5 | 4,999.5 |
| 1.1 Exports (f.o.b.) in trade statistics | 14,831.8 | 18,293.6 | 23,984.8 | 22,828.3 | 5,607.2 | 5,923.6 | 5,902.9 |
| 1.2 Adjustments for coverage | -2,884.2 | -3,585.2 | -3,569.1 | -3,707.3 | -838.6 | -960.4 | -925.3 |
| 1.3 Net exports of goods under merchanting | 13.7 | 9.3 | 12.0 | 17.1 | 3.4 | 4.7 | 3.9 |
| 1.4 Non-monetary gold | 67.9 | 85.7 | 135.0 | 66.9 | 13.7 | 16.6 | 18.0 |
| 2 Debit | 20,879.0 | 26,206.0 | 38,921.8 | 36,725.2 | 9,130.0 | 10,167.9 | 9,321.8 |
| 2.1 Imports (c.i.f.) in trade statistics | 23,132.9 | 28,646.2 | 41,974.0 | 39,992.2 | 10,065.9 | 11,302.0 | 10,369.5 |
| 2.2 Adjustments for coverage | -1,516.1 | -1,542.8 | -2,118.3 | -2,194.0 | -623.7 | -812.7 | -737.1 |
| 2.3 Adjustments for classification | -769.1 | -952.9 | -1,164.9 | -1,207.8 | -334.9 | -377.1 | -345.4 |
| 2.4 Non-monetary gold | 31.3 | 55.5 | 230.9 | 134.8 | 22.8 | 55.7 | 34.9 |
| SERVICES | 5,305.9 | 9,824.3 | 14,070.9 | 15,844.2 | 854.9 | 3,391.3 | 9,031.7 |
| 1 Manufacturing services on physical inputs owned by others | 273.0 | 268.8 | 380.9 | 560.6 | 76.3 | 59.1 | 54.6 |
| 1.1 Credit | 322.2 | 321.9 | 444.1 | 632.6 | 91.2 | 73.8 | 68.3 |
| 1.2 Debit | 49.2 | 53.0 | 63.2 | 71.9 | 15.0 | 14.7 | 13.7 |
| 2 Transport | 274.1 | 382.4 | 570.6 | 618.8 | 104.0 | 146.0 | 189.9 |
| 2.1 Credit | 843.2 | 1,088.4 | 1,460.7 | 1,567.5 | 354.1 | 428.9 | 465.8 |
| 2.2 Debit | 569.2 | 706.0 | 890.1 | 948.6 | 250.1 | 282.9 | 275.9 |
| 3 Travel | 4,067.1 | 8,197.1 | 11,727.4 | 12,801.0 | 353.4 | 2,741.4 | 8,370.3 |
| 3.1 Credit | 4,746.8 | 9,134.4 | 13,113.8 | 14,597.8 | 811.6 | 3,318.8 | 9,058.2 |
| Business | 121.1 | 160.9 | 243.0 | 300.7 | 63.0 | 101.6 | 143.4 |
| Personal | 4,625.7 | 8,973.5 | 12,870.8 | 14,297.2 | 748.7 | 3,217.3 | 8,914.9 |
| 3.2 Debit | 679.7 | 937.3 | 1,386.4 | 1,796.8 | 458.2 | 577.5 | 687.9 |
| Business | 188.7 | 368.7 | 324.7 | 423.0 | 86.2 | 160.8 | 144.6 |
| Personal | 491.1 | 568.6 | 1,061.7 | 1,373.8 | 371.9 | 416.7 | 543.3 |
| 4 Other services | 691.7 | 976.0 | 1,392.1 | 1,863.7 | 321.2 | 444.9 | 416.9 |
| 4.1 Credit | 3,015.9 | 3,773.8 | 4,688.3 | 5,610.0 | 1,243.1 | 1,408.5 | 1,488.3 |
| 4.2 Debit | 2,324.3 | 2,797.7 | 3,296.2 | 3,746.4 | 921.9 | 963.7 | 1,071.4 |
| o/w: | FISIM | -119.0 | -127.8 | -36.1 | 171.8 | 29.3 | 24.3 |
| 19.6 | | | | | | | |
| Credit | 10.7 | 9.6 | 21.1 | 78.0 | 17.7 | 16.7 | 17.1 |
| Debit | 129.8 | 137.4 | 57.2 | -93.8 | -11.6 | -7.6 | -2.5 |

^{*} Revised data.

Balance of payments of the Republic of Croatia data are reported in euros (EUR). In all cases, the same data sources are used and the same principles regarding the scope of transactions and the procedures for compiling particular items are applied. Since the original data are reported in different currencies, the transaction values are converted from the original currency into the reporting currency by applying the exchange rate from the CNB exchange rate list in one of the following manners:

- by applying the midpoint exchange rate on the date of the transaction;
- by applying the average monthly or quarterly midpoint exchange rate in the case the transaction date is not available;
- by applying the end-of-period exchange rate for the calculation of a change in the transaction value between the two periods; the end-of-period balances reported in the original currency serve as a basis for calculating the change in the original currency value, which is converted, by applying the average midpoint exchange rate in the observed period, into the value of change in the reporting currency.

The report of the Croatian Bureau of Statistics on foreign trade in goods of the Republic of Croatia represents the basic

data source for the balance of payments items related to exports and imports. With the accession of the Republic of Croatia to the European Union on 1 July 2013, data on the foreign trade in goods of the Republic of Croatia are obtained from two different sources: Intrastat forms for collecting statistics on the trade in goods between EU member states (Intrastat) and the Single Administration Document for collecting statistics on the trade in goods with non-EU member states (Extrastat). These data are adjusted, in accordance with the recommended compilation method, for coverage and classification. Therefore, imports and exports carried out by non-residents should be excluded from the CBS's data on foreign trade in goods. Also, in line with the methodology, goods exports and imports in the balance of payments are reported at f.o.b. parity. The value of exports at this parity is already contained in the previously mentioned CBS Report, whereas the value of imports f.o.b. was until 2007 estimated on the basis of research studies of the CNB on the stratified sample of importers. The resulting value served as a basis for the estimate of the share of transportation and insurance services by which the original value of imports c.i.f., stated in the CBS Report, was reduced. In the 1993-2001 period, this share stood

a Preliminary data.

Table H3 Balance of payments – primary and secondary income in million EUR

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | 2024 |
|--|---------|----------|----------|----------|--------|----------|----------|
| | | | | | Q1* | Q2* | Q3ª |
| PRIMARY INCOME | 812.3 | -280.6 | -268.6 | -263.8 | 289.0 | -72.2 | -529.7 |
| 1 Compensation of employees | 1,569.5 | 1,814.8 | 2,132.2 | 2,169.5 | 495.7 | 599.8 | 544.1 |
| 1.1 Credit | 1,830.3 | 2,163.1 | 2,686.8 | 2,991.4 | 710.5 | 886.5 | 901.5 |
| 1.2 Debit | 260.8 | 348.2 | 554.6 | 821.9 | 214.8 | 286.8 | 357.5 |
| 2 Direct investment income | -751.3 | -2,219.8 | -2,667.7 | -3,410.9 | -465.1 | -1,093.6 | -1,341.1 |
| 2.1 Credit | 253.5 | 306.0 | 241.7 | 284.8 | 170.3 | 142.7 | 194.1 |
| Dividends and withdrawals from income of | | | | | | | |
| quasi-corporations | 46.3 | 176.0 | 127.2 | 65.3 | 0.0 | 168.9 | 11.1 |
| Reinvested earnings | 191.4 | 79.5 | 55.5 | 155.8 | 151.5 | -46.5 | 156.7 |
| Income on debt (interest) | 15.8 | 50.6 | 59.0 | 63.7 | 18.8 | 20.3 | 26.3 |
| 2.2 Debit | 1,004.8 | 2,525.8 | 2,909.4 | 3,695.8 | 635.3 | 1,236.3 | 1,535.2 |
| Dividends and withdrawals from income of | | | | | | | |
| quasi-corporations | 350.9 | 445.9 | 981.3 | 1,204.2 | 415.9 | 1,057.1 | 118.5 |
| Reinvested earnings | 539.4 | 1,968.7 | 1,788.4 | 2,252.5 | 151.5 | 106.5 | 1,347.6 |
| Income on debt (interest) | 114.5 | 111.3 | 139.7 | 239.1 | 68.0 | 72.7 | 69.0 |
| 3 Portfolio investment income | -544.4 | -485.8 | -424.0 | -77.1 | 9.6 | 48.9 | 42.9 |
| 3.1 Credit | 128.6 | 109.5 | 150.2 | 315.6 | 110.7 | 160.6 | 153.3 |
| 3.2 Debit | 673.0 | 595.3 | 574.3 | 392.6 | 101.1 | 111.7 | 110.4 |
| 4 Other investment income | -129.0 | -104.2 | -110.2 | 241.1 | 156.1 | 134.2 | 154.4 |
| 4.1 Credit | 3.7 | 3.1 | 48.7 | 804.1 | 313.6 | 294.6 | 310.3 |
| 4.2 Debit | 132.8 | 107.3 | 158.9 | 563.0 | 157.4 | 160.4 | 155.9 |
| 5 Reserve assets income | 105.3 | 83.4 | 139.5 | 72.9 | 34.6 | 19.0 | 16.7 |
| 5.1 Credit | 105.3 | 83.4 | 139.5 | 72.9 | 34.6 | 19.0 | 16.7 |
| 5.2 Debit | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 6 Other primary income | 562.2 | 631.0 | 661.6 | 740.7 | 58.0 | 219.7 | 53.3 |
| 6.1 Credit | 562.2 | 631.0 | 661.6 | 740.7 | 58.0 | 219.7 | 53.3 |
| 6.2 Debit | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| SECONDARY INCOME | 2,057.4 | 2,176.8 | 2,211.4 | 2,260.7 | 262.0 | 627.0 | 599.3 |
| 1 General government | -78.6 | -216.2 | -382.7 | -575.4 | -179.7 | -123.6 | -118.0 |
| 1.1 Credit | 838.1 | 839.6 | 706.9 | 704.6 | 136.6 | 179.2 | 187.8 |
| 1.2 Debit | 916.7 | 1,055.9 | 1,089.6 | 1,280.0 | 316.3 | 302.8 | 305.8 |
| 2 Other sectors | 2,136.0 | 2,393.0 | 2,594.1 | 2,836.1 | 441.7 | 750.6 | 717.3 |
| 2.1 Credit | 2,988.3 | 3,316.6 | 3,663.0 | 4,045.2 | 976.4 | 1,075.8 | 1,079.6 |
| 2.2 Debit | 852.3 | 923.5 | 1,068.9 | 1,209.1 | 534.7 | 325.2 | 362.2 |

^{*} Revised data

at 7.10% (estimated only on the basis of the largest and large importers), while from 2002 on it has amounted to 3.73%. The same research study, conducted by the CNB at the end of 2006 (comprising the imports in the previous year), showed that the share of transportation and insurance costs, after continuing to decrease, has reached 3.03%. This share was first applied in the calculation for the first quarter of 2007. For the sake of greater reliability, the c.i.f./f.o.b. coefficient as of 2011 started to be estimated based on the available CBS data on goods imports. The shares of transportation and insurance services have been calculated separately for each year, starting with 2008, based on the goods imported at f.o.b. parity and similar parities. The estimated coefficient amounted to 4.1% for 2008, 4.4% for 2009 and 4.7% for 2010. The figure is estimated again in the same manner for each following year. The treatment of fuel and other goods included in the supply of foreign transport equipment in Croatia or of domestic transport equipment abroad remains unchanged, i.e. within goods exports and imports. As from the second quarter of 2019, the goods imports data have been modified

by the data on the imports of used cars by natural persons from EU countries that are not covered by the Intrastat reporting system. The imports of goods has been revised starting from 2013.

Since 1999, based on the Survey on Consumption of Foreign Travellers in Croatia and Domestic Travellers Abroad, the item of goods exports has been modified by the estimated value of goods sold to foreign travellers and tourists and taken out of the Republic of Croatia. The item of goods imports is adjusted for the estimated value of goods imported personally by the Croatian citizens from the neighbouring countries (shopping expenditures). This treatment is also in compliance with BPM6.

Starting from 2014, imports and exports of goods for cross-border processing are monitored by the CNB under a special statistical research since, for the balance of payments purposes, the goods which do not involve a change in ownership are excluded from the CBS data on the foreign trade in goods of the Republic of Croatia. The results of this statistical research are compared and supplemented by the CBS data on imports and exports of goods for processing which do not involve a change in

Preliminary data.

Table H4 Balance of payments – direct and portfolio investments

in million EUR

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | 2024 |
|--|---------|----------|----------|----------|---------|--------|---------|
| | | | | | Q1* | Q2* | Q3ª |
| Direct investment | -919.3 | -3,347.0 | -4,108.2 | -1,823.5 | -584.3 | -197.3 | -705.2 |
| Net acquisition of financial assets | 386.2 | 980.8 | -381.0 | 1,264.8 | 348.5 | 619.4 | 771.4 |
| 1.1 Equity | 28.6 | -41.6 | -40.0 | 805.1 | 183.2 | -27.3 | 9.9 |
| 1.1.1 In direct investment enterprises | 28.2 | -43.1 | -42.7 | 804.0 | 182.8 | -26.5 | 8.6 |
| 1.1.2 In direct investor (reverse investment) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 1.1.3 Between fellow enterprises | 0.4 | 1.5 | 2.7 | 1.2 | 0.4 | -0.8 | 1.4 |
| 1.2 Reinvested earnings | 191.4 | 79.5 | 55.5 | 155.8 | 151.5 | -46.5 | 156.7 |
| 1.3 Debt instruments | 166.2 | 942.8 | -396.6 | 303.8 | 13.9 | 693.3 | 604.8 |
| 1.3.1 In direct investment enterprises | 56.0 | 773.3 | -242.4 | -180.8 | 23.5 | 19.3 | 130.5 |
| 1.3.2 In direct investor (reverse investment) | 110.2 | 185.3 | 5.4 | 28.4 | 51.6 | -29.4 | 218.3 |
| 1.3.3 Between fellow enterprises | -0.1 | -15.7 | -159.6 | 456.2 | -61.2 | 703.4 | 256.0 |
| Net incurrence of liabilities | 1,305.5 | 4,327.8 | 3,727.1 | 3,088.3 | 932.8 | 816.7 | 1,476.6 |
| 2.1 Equity | 720.2 | 1,619.1 | 1,056.3 | 1,474.5 | 281.1 | 260.9 | 191.9 |
| 2.1.1 In direct investment enterprises | 720.2 | 1,618.5 | 1,056.3 | 1,474.5 | 281.1 | 260.9 | 191.9 |
| 2.1.2 In direct investor (reverse investment) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 2.1.3 Between fellow enterprises | 0.0 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 2.2 Reinvested earnings | 539.4 | 1,968.7 | 1,788.4 | 2,252.5 | 151.5 | 106.5 | 1,347.6 |
| 2.3 Debt instruments | 45.9 | 740.0 | 882.4 | -638.7 | 500.2 | 449.3 | -63.0 |
| 2.3.1 In direct investment enterprises | 96.8 | 618.0 | 595.5 | -1,061.9 | 407.3 | 17.3 | -252.0 |
| 2.3.2 In direct investor (reverse investment) | 32.6 | -26.7 | -6.1 | 145.2 | -115.7 | 40.6 | -10.6 |
| 2.3.3 Between fellow enterprises | -83.4 | 148.8 | 293.0 | 278.0 | 208.6 | 391.4 | 199.6 |
| Portfolio investment | -66.0 | -68.4 | 1,792.8 | -674.2 | 1,002.7 | 316.7 | 529.1 |
| Net acquisition of financial assets | 622.0 | 1,156.4 | 653.5 | -949.1 | 1,674.2 | 176.9 | 655.3 |
| 1.1 Equity securities | 397.4 | 664.2 | -141.6 | 537.0 | 172.8 | -87.8 | 18.4 |
| 1.1.1 Central bank | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 1.1.2 General government | 5.1 | 17.8 | 4.5 | 0.4 | -0.0 | -0.1 | -0.0 |
| 1.1.3 Other monetary financial institutions | 3.8 | -20.3 | -7.7 | -12.5 | 0.0 | -0.3 | 0.7 |
| 1.1.4 Other sectors | 388.5 | 666.7 | -138.4 | 549.1 | 172.8 | -87.3 | 17.7 |
| 1.2 Debt securities | 224.6 | 492.2 | 795.0 | -1,486.1 | 1,501.4 | 264.6 | 636.9 |
| 1.2.1 Long-term | 223.6 | 359.2 | 916.9 | 857.1 | 1,101.8 | 544.1 | 508.0 |
| Central bank | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -1.094.2 | -122.8 | -198.0 | -296.8 |
| General government | 0.0 | 7.0 | 12.8 | 8.9 | 12.6 | 7.6 | -0.6 |
| Other monetary financial institutions | -104.7 | 152.0 | 380.4 | 128.3 | 433.9 | 41.2 | 130.7 |
| Other moretary imancial institutions Other sectors | | | | | | | |
| | 328.4 | 200.2 | 523.6 | 1,814.2 | 778.1 | 693.3 | 674.7 |
| 1.2.2 Short-term Central bank | 0.9 | 133.0 | -121.9 | -2,343.2 | 399.6 | -279.5 | 128.9 |
| | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -3,345.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| General government | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Other monetary financial institutions | 2.4 | 113.2 | -164.2 | 779.3 | 281.5 | -110.2 | -86.5 |
| Other sectors | -1.4 | 19.8 | 42.3 | 223.0 | 118.1 | -169.3 | 215.4 |
| Net incurrence of liabilities | 688.0 | 1,224.8 | -1,139.3 | -274.9 | 671.5 | -139.8 | 126.2 |
| 2.1 Equity securities | -132.6 | -8.0 | -30.2 | -18.7 | 37.9 | -14.0 | 22.6 |
| 2.1.1 Other monetary financial institutions | -2.1 | -1.2 | -0.8 | -0.2 | 0.7 | 4.3 | 0.3 |
| 2.1.2 Other sectors | -130.5 | -6.8 | -29.4 | -18.5 | 37.3 | -18.3 | 22.3 |
| 2.2 Debt securities | 820.7 | 1,232.8 | -1,109.1 | -256.2 | 633.6 | -125.8 | 103.6 |
| 2.2.1 Long-term | 792.8 | 1,028.9 | -885.0 | -258.3 | 617.1 | -129.3 | 102.4 |
| General government | 855.7 | 560.3 | -942.0 | -791.6 | -53.2 | -116.6 | -69.5 |
| Other monetary financial institutions | -0.2 | 518.2 | 275.6 | 234.5 | 671.6 | -15.0 | 172.6 |
| Other sectors | -62.7 | -49.5 | -218.6 | 298.8 | -1.2 | 2.3 | -0.7 |
| 2.2.2 Short-term | 27.9 | 203.9 | -224.1 | 2.1 | 16.4 | 3.5 | 1.2 |
| General government | 27.9 | 203.9 | -224.1 | 2.1 | 16.4 | 3.5 | 1.2 |
| Other monetary financial institutions | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Other sectors | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.0 | -0.0 | 0.0 |

^{*} Revised data.

Notes: Data also include the round tripping which increases direct investment in Croatia and direct investment abroad by the same amount. This type of direct investment was recorded in December 2008 (EUR 825.7m), August 2009 (EUR 666.5m), December 2010 (EUR –618.6m) and June 2014 (EUR 1,485.8m).

^a Preliminary data.

ownership. The value of goods which do not involve a change in ownership between residents and non-residents (quasi transit) is also excluded from the CBS data on the foreign trade in goods of the Republic of Croatia. In addition, imports and exports of goods include transactions between residents and non-residents, taking place in the territory of the Republic of Croatia.

BPM6 changes the treatment of personal property carried by persons who change residence. Such transfers of goods are not included in the BOP statistics in line with the criteria that the ownership of goods remains unchanged.

Goods under merchanting are recorded on a gross basis as a separate item in the Goods account. Merchanting includes the value of the goods that are traded without crossing the customs border of the merchant and are instead bought and then sold abroad. The acquisition of goods by merchants is shown as a negative export of the economy of the merchant, while the sale of goods is shown as a positive export of the economy of the merchant. It is possible that net exports of goods under merchanting are negative in a certain period. Merchanting is recorded at transaction prices, rather than f.o.b. values and only in the economy of the merchant. Starting from 1 January 2011, data on the net value and commissions and other income from merchanting are collected through a statistical research on revenue and expenditure on foreign trade in services. As BPM6 recommends reporting on a gross basis, the survey questionnaire used in the research has been adjusted to a gross basis starting from 2014.

Under BPM6 non-monetary gold is shown separately from other goods because of its special role in financial markets.

Transportation, travel and other services are reported separately under the services account. Revenues and expenditures on the basis of transportation, in the 1993-1998 period, were adopted from the ITRS. From 1999 on, revenues and expenditures arising from transportation of goods and passengers, as well as the value of accompanying services, which together constitute the total value of these services, are compiled on the basis of the results of the Statistical research on international transportation services, carried out by the CNB. Owing to an exceptionally large population of road carriers, revenues and expenditures on the basis of road freight transportation are not adopted from that research. They are compiled by using ITRS data. As of January 2011, due to the abolishment of the ITRS, this item has been complied on the basis of data from export customs declarations of the CBS and estimates of the Road Freight Transporters Association. Expenditures on the basis of road freight transportation equal transportation and insurance costs related to imports of goods which belong to non-residents and which are estimated by adjusting the value of imports at c.i.f. parity to the value of imports f.o.b.

Revenues from services rendered to foreign travellers and tourists, as well as expenditures incurred by domestic travellers and tourists abroad are shown under the positions Travel. In the 1993-1998 period, these positions were assessed by using various data sources. However, since the available sources for this period do not provide for a full coverage in accordance with the recommended methodology, for the 1999-2002 period, the Survey on Consumption of Foreign Travellers in Croatia and Domestic Travellers Abroad is used for these assessments, which the CNB has carried out since the second half of 1998. The data on the average consumption of travellers from this source, which is the result of the survey of travellers (stratified sample) at border crossings, have been combined with the Ministry of the Interior and Central Bureau of Statistics data on the number of foreign and domestic travellers, in order to assess the total consumption of foreign travellers in the RC and of domestic

travellers abroad in the mentioned period. For the following period, 2003–2012, the balance of payments data on revenues on the position Travel are not computed using the described standard methodological combination of volume indicators and estimated average consumption from the Survey on Consumption of Foreign Travellers, but for the sake of greater reliability of the estimate for this period on the revenues side an econometric estimation method is applied, developed by the CNB. The indicators of the Ministry of the Interior and the CBS, as well as other relevant variables, are used as input data for this econometric estimate. Finally, for the period from 2013 on, the data on revenues and expenditures on the positions Travel are recalculated as the multiple of the indicators of the number of travellers and the corresponding survey indicators of their average consumption. The Ministry of the Interior data and the results of the CNB's Survey on Consumption of Travellers serve as the main source of data for this calculation. Starting from 2020, as a result of aggravated conditions for the survey of travellers at border crossings due to the coronavirus pandemic, which have reduced the statistical reliability of computed average consumption, travel revenues are calculated by the method that uses data on card consumption by non-residents (foreigners and Croatian citizens living outside the RC) from the CNB's payment statistics and data on the use of cash and cards for payment transactions from the fiscalised consumption statistics of the Ministry of Finance -Tax Administration. The scope of the use of Tax Administration data is limited to fiscalised consumption statistics' data on only three divisions of NACE Rev. 2: retail trade, accommodation and food and beverage service activities.

Other services position is compiled by using different data sources: apart from revenues and expenditures related to insurance services and communication and construction services, which have been determined by the CNB special statistical research since 2001, the values of all other services were adopted from the ITRS until the end of 2010, when the reporting by transaction types was abolished. As of 2011, the uniform statistical survey is used for estimating the position of Other services, which encompasses 30 different types of services, the classification of which is prescribed by the IMF's Balance of Payments Manual, 6th edition. That survey also includes communication services, as a result of which a special survey on communication services was abolished, while insurance and construction services continued to be monitored through separate surveys.

With the transition to BPM6, the services account includes also manufacturing services on goods owned by others, the most important part of which is processing of goods. In addition, it also covers assembly, labelling, packing and similar services undertaken by entities that do not own the goods concerned. Under BPM6, the balance of payments includes only the net value of the service, including a fee related to finishing, and not the value of the goods themselves. Such services are monitored in the Survey on foreign trade in services (US-PB) starting from 2011. As of 2014, a separate statistical research was introduced to monitor imports and exports of goods for finishing and processing and the related services. CBS data on imports and exports of goods are used to identify enterprises that receive/provide processing services.

Starting from 2011, maintenance and repair services are monitored separately in the Statistical research on revenue and expenditure on foreign trade in services.

A novelty introduced under BPM6 with regard to financial services is the inclusion of financial intermediation services indirectly measured (FISIM), which means that a part of investment income is reclassified from Primary income to Services. It involves income of financial institutions which exceeds the

Table H5 Balance of payments – other investment

in million EUR

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | 2024 |
|---|--------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------|---------------|
| | | | | | Q1* | Q2* | Q3ª |
| Other investment (net) | 1,027.8 | -1,133.3 | -1,722.9 | 8,342.3 | -2,144.2 | -504.8 | 5,678.3 |
| 1 Assets | 1,307.4 | 2,585.6 | 1,918.0 | 20,342.1 | -1,683.2 | 109.2 | 4,820.8 |
| 1.1 Other equity 11.6 | 29.2 | 6.5 | 510.8 | 82.5 | 0.2 | 55.6 | |
| 1.2 Currency and deposits | 594.4 | 358.4 | 696.3 | 20,477.3 | -2,329.8 | -192.6 | 4,248.2 |
| 1.2.1 Central bank | 159.5 | 888.6 | 701.5 | 20,774.4 | -3,436.2 | -83.8 | 4,978.4 |
| 1.2.2 General government | -135.0 | 9.4 | 1.6 | 19.4 | 29.7 | -31.9 | 35.3 |
| 1.2.3 Other monetary financial institutions | 388.3 | -500.6 | -254.6 | -164.6 | 1,121.3 | -62.3 | -730.5 |
| 1.2.4 Other sectors | 181.6 | -39.0 | 247.8 | -151.8 | -44.6 | -14.6 | -35.0 |
| 1.3 Loans 17.3 839.9 | 494.9 | 698.4 | 606.0 | 451.7 | 224.2 | | |
| 1.3.1 Central bank | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -840.3 | -2.1 | 104.9 | -0.5 |
| Long-term | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Short-term | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -840.3 | -2.1 | 104.9 | -0.5 |
| 1.3.2 General government | 28.3 | 235.7 | 253.4 | -57.2 | -73.9 | -26.9 | -21.4 |
| Long-term | 14.1 | 235.7 | 253.4 | -57.2 | -73.9 | -26.9 | -21.4 |
| Short-term | 14.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 1.3.3 Other monetary financial institutions | 118.6 | 318.7 | 216.3 | 1,582.7 | 676.9 | 339.6 | 255.3 |
| Long-term | 55.3 | 42.6 | 59.8 | 29.6 | 133.5 | 20.7 | -3.6 |
| Short-term | 63.3 | 276.1 | 156.5 | 1,553.0 | 543.4 | 318.9 | 258.9 |
| 1.3.4 Other sectors | -129.5 | 285.5 | 25.2 | 13.2 | 5.1 | 34.1 | -9.2 |
| Long-term | -129.3 | 268.5 | 4.6 | -20.9 | 4.3 | 13.2 | -20.7 |
| Short-term | -0.2 | 17.0 | 20.6 | 34.1 | 0.9 | 20.9 | 11.5 |
| 1.4 Trade credit and advances | 11.9 | 438.5 | 241.4 | -305.9 | -3.0 | 191.4 | 418.8 |
| 1.4.1 General government | -0.6 | 0.7 | -1.5 | 0.0 | -0.0 | 0.1 | -0.1 |
| Long-term | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Short-term | -0.6 | 0.7 | -1.5 | 0.0 | -0.0 | 0.1 | -0.1 |
| 1.4.2 Other sectors | 12.6 -0.3 | 437.8 -4.0 | 242.9 –1.9 | -305.9 -0.3 | -3.0 -0.6 | 191.3 0.0 | 418.9 -0.6 |
| Long-term Short-term | 12.8 | -4.0 441.8 | 244.8 | -305.7 | -0.6 -2.4 | 191.2 | 419.5 |
| 1.5 Other assets 672.1 | 919.7 | 478.9 | -1,038.5 | -303.7 -38.9 | -2.4 -341.4 | -126.0 | 419.5 |
| 1.5.1 General government | 600.7 | 958.3 | 421.5 | -1,079.8 | -32.5 | -372.4 | -185.6 |
| 1.5.2 Other monetary financial institutions | 71.4 | -38.6 | 57.4 | 41.2 | -6.4 | 31.0 | 59.6 |
| 2 Liabilities | 279.6 | 3,718.9 | 3,640.9 | 11,999.8 | 461.0 | 614.0 | -857.6 |
| 2.1 Other equity 4.2 | 38.5 | 218.7 | -7.4 | 29.7 | -1.5 | 0.0 | 557.15 |
| 2.2 Currency and deposits | 185.7 | -597.5 | 293.4 | 4,724.5 | -790.0 | -532.7 | -658.8 |
| 2.2.1 Central bank | -17.2 | 23.9 | 57.7 | 5,090.4 | -717.9 | -653.1 | -735.2 |
| 2.2.2 General government | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 2.2.3 Other monetary financial institutions | 202.9 | -621.4 | 235.7 | -365.9 | -72.1 | 120.4 | 76.5 |
| 2.2.4 Other sectors | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 2.3 Loans -793.9 1,957.5 | 1,549.7 | 7,110.8 | 564.8 | 183.1 | 305.0 | | |
| 2.3.1 Central bank | -297.3 | 1,785.4 | 583.7 | 7,503.2 | -74.9 | -391.7 | 137.8 |
| 2.3.1.1 Long-term | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Drawings | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Repayments | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 2.3.1.2 Short-term | -297.3 | 1,785.4 | 583.7 | 7,503.2 | -74.9 | -391.7 | 137.8 |
| 2.3.2 General government | 204.1 | 587.5 | 531.7 | -106.7 | 531.0 | -37.4 | 360.7 |
| 2.3.2.1 Long-term | 121.1 | 615.0 | 517.0 | -93.0 | 551.6 | -64.4 | 354.7 |
| Drawings | 1,450.3 | 1,315.2 | 1,149.8 | 807.6 | 676.7 | 149.5 | 485.3 |
| Repayments | 1,329.3 | 700.2 | 632.8 | 900.6 | 125.1 | 213.8 | 130.6 |
| 2.3.2.2 Short-term | 83.0 | -27.5 | 14.7 | -13.7 | -20.6 | 27.0 | 6.1 |
| 2.3.3 Other monetary financial institutions | 4.8 | -63.0 | 599.1 | -451.7 | 66.9 | 103.7 | -8.6 |
| 2.3.3.1 Long-term | 9.9 | 26.1 | 47.3 | 92.6 | -4.5 | 120.0 | 40.8 |
| Drawings | 124.8 | 332.5 | 406.3 | 273.7 | 15.3 | 147.8 | 67.0 |
| Repayments | 114.9 | 306.3 | 359.0 | 181.1 | 19.8 | 27.9 | 26.2 |
| | | | | | | | |

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | 2024 |
|-------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------|-------|--------|
| | | | | | Q1* | Q2* | Q3ª |
| 2.3.4 Other sectors | -705.4 | -352.4 | -164.9 | 165.9 | 41.8 | 508.5 | -185.0 |
| 2.3.4.1 Long-term | -871.7 | -483.5 | -375.6 | 272.2 | 133.8 | 366.6 | -111.5 |
| Drawings | 2,688.0 | 2,287.8 | 2,289.2 | 2,648.7 | 617.9 | 842.3 | 595.8 |
| Repayments | 3,559.7 | 2,771.3 | 2,664.8 | 2,376.4 | 484.0 | 475.7 | 707.3 |
| 2.3.4.2 Short-term | 166.3 | 131.1 | 210.7 | -106.3 | -92.0 | 141.9 | -73.5 |
| 2.4 Trade credit and advances | -59.0 | 238.7 | 399.1 | 495.3 | 613.6 | 904.2 | -979.9 |
| 2.4.1 General government | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 2.4.1.1 Long-term | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 2.4.1.2 Short-term | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 2.4.2 Other sectors | -59.0 | 238.7 | 399.1 | 495.3 | 613.6 | 904.2 | -979.9 |
| 2.4.2.1 Long-term | -1.3 | 2.5 | -3.2 | 2.4 | -0.5 | -1.2 | 1.8 |
| 2.4.2.2 Short-term | -57.6 | 236.2 | 402.3 | 492.9 | 614.1 | 905.4 | -981.7 |
| 2.5 Other liabilities 942.6 | 1,251.2 | 1,180.1 | -323.3 | 42.8 | 60.8 | 422.2 | |
| 2.6 Special drawing rights | -0.0 | 830.4 | 0.0 | -0.0 | -0.0 | 0.0 | 54.0 |

^{*} Revised data.

Notes: After the Republic of Croatia joined the euro area, foreign assets increased by net claims related to the allocation of euro banknotes within the Eurosystem (intra-Eurosystem technical claims) that are the difference between the amount of the banknotes in circulation (the allocation to which the CNB is entitled according to the ECB's key) and actually issued banknotes in circulation. The differences in the balance of this position between two quarters are recorded as the increase/decrease in foreign assets in the financial account of the balance of payments (Other investment, Central bank sector, Deposits).

(Other investment, Central bank sector, Deposits).
This same amount (net exports of euro banknotes) is recorded on the foreign liabilities side. However, this amount is reduced by the estimate of the amount of euro banknotes in circulation in the territory of the Republic of Croatia issued under the ECB's key of other euro area countries. The differences in the balance of this position between two quarters are recorded as the increase/decrease in foreign liabilities in the financial account of the balance of payments (Other investment).

reference interest rate. The reference rate is the rate that contains no service element; the rate prevailing for interbank borrowing and lending is a suitable choice as a reference rate. FI-SIM for loans is the margin between lending rate and funding costs calculated on the basis of the reference rate. For deposits, FISIM is the margin between the interest rate calculated on the basis of the reference rate and the interest payable to depositors. BPM6 takes into account only FISIM of financial corporations and only on loans and deposits in their balance sheets (money market funds and investment funds do not produce FISIM). In our case, FISIM is calculated in full conformity with international methodology.

Transactions in the income account are classified into four main groups.

Compensation of employees item was compiled on the basis of the ITRS until the end of 2010, when the reporting by transaction types was abolished. As of 2011, this position on the revenues side is estimated by a model based on the aggregate data of banks on inflows of resident natural persons from non-residents. On the expenditures side, the existing surveys on services are used, containing a part which relates to compensation of employees paid to non-residents and a separate survey on income paid to non-residents for institutions not included in the survey sample.

Income from direct investment, portfolio investment and other investment is reported separately. Data on reinvested earnings are reported separately, under direct investment income, calculated on the basis of the CNB Statistical research on direct and other equity investment. In contrast to data on dividends, data on reinvested earnings are not available for the 1993–1996 period, since at that time they were not reported separately. From the first quarter of 2009 on, international standards are applied in the statistical monitoring of reinvested earnings, meaning that reinvested earnings are reported on a quarterly basis, i.e. in the period in which the profit is actually earned. Previously, reinvested earnings were reported in the month in which the decision on the distribution of the previous year's profit was adopted, meaning that they were based on the profit earned in the preceding year. On the basis of statistical

data on external debt relations, starting from 1997, income from direct investment includes data on interest arising from credit relations between residents and non-residents directly related through ownership. A novelty introduced by BPM6 is that it distinguishes three types of direct investment income:

- direct investor's investment in direct investment enterprise;
- reverse investment (refers to liabilities of direct investors to their direct investment enterprises and claims of direct investment enterprises on their direct investors); and
- investments between fellow enterprises (investment income flows between all fellow enterprises that belong to the same direct investor).

One should bear in mind that dividends, withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations, and interest can apply for any of these types of investment income. There are no reinvested earnings on reverse investments and investments between fellow enterprises because the 10% equity threshold has not been met.

BPM6 introduces a term of "superdividends". Superdividends are described as payments by corporations to their shareholders that are not a result of regular business activities over the business year for which regular dividends are paid out. By definition, superdividends are most similar to payments to shareholders based on reinvested earnings from the previous years. Such payments should be treated as withdrawals of equity, and should not be recorded in the primary income account. This principle has been applied for some time in Croatia so that the implementation of BPM6 has not led to changes in the statistical treatment of such payments.

Income from equity portfolio investment is compiled on the basis of the same survey, whereas data on debt portfolio investment income have been compiled since 1999, based on statistics on foreign credit relations, which also encompasses income related to debt securities owned by non-residents. Income from other investments includes the calculation of interest in accordance with the foreign credit relations statistics. The methodology for compiling the statistics on debt investment income was changed in 2007 to include the reporting of income on an accrual basis. This basically means that income

a Proliminary data

from debt investment and interest income are reported at the point in time when they accrue and not at the point in time when they mature or when they are paid. As a result, the historical data for the 1999–2006 period have been revised. Under the methodology, income on equity securities continues to include only dividends, while estimate of reinvested earnings for this type of income is not envisaged.

According to BPM6, interest is reported without FISIM, while the value of FISIM is presented within financial services. Secondary income is reported separately for the general government sector and other sectors.

The ITRS was used as the main data source on current transfers for both sectors until the end of 2010, when the reporting by transaction types was abolished. As of 2011, transfers of the general government sector are recorded on the basis of the data of the Ministry of Finance and the Croatian Pension Insurance Administration in the case of pensions paid out to non-residents. In addition to taxes and excise duties, pensions, gifts and donations, which are included in current transfers of both sectors, the general government sector also encompasses data on multilateral cooperation, whereas other sectors include data on workers' remittances. As of 2011, the position of workers' remittances and gifts and donations for other sectors is estimated through a model based on aggregate data of banks on inflows of resident natural persons from abroad and outflows of resident natural persons abroad. As from the second quarter of 2019, workers' remittances include the estimated share of workers' remittances that bypass the formal transfer channels, such as banking payment transactions and money transfer operators. For this informal part of workers' remittances (cash money transfers), the data time series starting from 2000 has been revised. Pensions from abroad are estimated on the basis of the available data of the Croatian Pension Insurance Administration. Furthermore, other sector transfers are supplemented by the data from the survey on trade in international services, containing a special part for possible transfers from and to foreign countries. Current transfers of the general government sector also include data on exports and imports of goods without a payment obligation, provided by the CBS. From 2002 on, inflows and outflows based on current transfers of other sectors are supplemented by the data of the CNB special statistical research on international transactions related to insurance services. Funds received from EU funds are reported in the current account or in the capital account in line with the type of transaction and on the basis of the data of the Ministry of Finance. BPM6 does not bring novelties in terms of content to this part of the balance of payments. In terms of presentation, workers' remittances are not compiled as a separate item, but become a part of personal transfers together with other personal transfers. Until the end of 2010, capital transfers in the capital account were based on the ITRS. From the beginning of 2011 onwards, the account of capital transfers is compiled on the basis of the data of the Ministry of Finance and the survey data on services trade and special transactions with foreign countries. Data on the potential debt forgiveness are also a constituent part of the capital account. Under BPM6, the results of research and development, such as patents and copyrights, are no longer treated as non-produced assets and their sale is no longer shown in the capital account, but as research and development services in the current account. Also, cross border movements of assets and liabilities of persons who change residence are no longer shown as transfers by migrants within capital transfers and are no longer balance of payments transactions. If assets involved are financial assets

they are made under the "other adjustments."

Foreign direct investments include equity capital, reinvested earnings and debt relations between ownership-related residents and non-residents. Direct investments are investments whereby a foreign owner acquires a minimum of 10% interest in equity capital of a company, regardless of whether a resident invests abroad or a non-resident invests in Croatian residents. The CNB Research on foreign direct investments started in 1997 when companies included in the survey also delivered data on direct investments for the 1993-1996 period. For the same period, no data are available on reinvested earnings and other capital under direct investment position, where all debt relations between related residents and non-residents are classified (excluding the banking sector). Such data actually became available only after the stated research had been launched. Since 1999, data on debt relations within direct investments have been collected on the basis of external debt relations statistics. A research on the purchase and sale of the real estate by non-residents on the territory of the Republic of Croatia has been carried out since 2007. Persons obliged to submit reports are the public notaries who learn about these transactions in the course of their business. Data on the purchase and sale of the real estate by Croatian residents abroad were compiled on the basis of the ITRS until its abolishment in late 2010. From 2011 on, data on the purchase and sale of the real estate by Croatian non-residents abroad are compiled on the basis of the Report on the real estate trade abroad. These purchase and sale transactions are also a constituent part of direct investments.

In addition, under BPM6, direct investment is further divided into:

- direct investment in direct investment enterprises;
- investment in direct investor (reverse investment); and
- investment between horizontally linked enterprises (fellow enterprises).

Reverse investment arises when a direct investment enterprise acquires equity in its investor, provided it does not own equity comprising 10% or more of the voting power in that direct investor, otherwise a new direct investment would arise. It also includes debt investment in the reverse direction. Investments between fellow enterprises are equity investments between enterprises which are linked by indirect ownership, also up to 10%, or debt investments between such enterprises. It should be noted for fellow enterprises that this type of investment has been reported within the external debt statistics since 2009. From 2014 on, it is possible to identify such investment also within the Research on direct and other equity investment.

According to BPM6 all debt relations between two affiliated financial intermediaries are treated in the same manner – outside direct investment, i.e. within other or portfolio investment.

BPM6 introduces the concept of "quasi-corporations", which refers to corporations producing goods and services in a foreign economy without being a separate legal entity in that economy. Types of quasi-corporations include: branches, notional resident units, multiterritory enterprises, joint ventures, partnerships, etc. In Croatia, branches have been monitored separately within direct investment as of 2005.

Data on equity portfolio investments are collected from the same data source as the data on direct equity investments. Debt portfolio investments include all investments in short-term and long-term debt securities that cannot be classified under direct investments. In the 1997–1998 period, these data were collected through the CNB Research on direct and portfolio investments, and since 1999 data on external debt relations and monetary statistics data for bank investment have been used. Starting from 2002 and 2004, this position has also been compiled

for investment funds and pension funds, respectively. Since 2009, these positions have been modified by the statistics on trade in equity and debt securities submitted by the Central Depository and Clearing Company, credit institutions and investment firms providing securities custody services. Portfolio investments are modified by these data in the parts not fully covered by the existing research. Data for the 2006–2009 period have also been revised. As a result, from 2006 on, the balance of payments includes data on debt securities issued by domestic issuers and traded by non-residents in the domestic market (portfolio investment, debt securities on the liabilities side). It should be noted that this approach is already applied in relation to securities issued by our residents abroad and that the amount of debt generated in this manner is reduced by the amount repurchased by residents.

From the first quarter of 2010, the balance of payments includes the transactions arising from the concluded contracts which have features of financial derivatives. Reporting institutions are commercial banks and other financial institutions. In addition, the reporting population has been extended as of the fourth quarter of 2012 to include non-financial institutions which enter into these transactions mainly to hedge against changing market conditions.

Other investment encompasses all other debt investments that have not been mentioned, apart from investment constituting reserve assets. Other investments are classified by instruments, maturity and sectors.

In addition, BPM6 defines a position of Other equity investment, which implies equity investments that do not meet the criteria for direct investment, portfolio investment or international reserve assets. Other equity investment is never in the form of securities, in contrast to portfolio investment. As the ownership of many international organisations is not in the form of securities, it is classified as other equity. In most cases, equity in quasi-corporations, such as branches or notional units for ownership of real estate and other natural resources is included in direct investment, but if the share accounts for less than 10% in the equity it is classified to other equity investment.

Currency and deposit position shows residents' claims on foreign countries for foreign cash and deposits with foreign banks, as well as obligations of the Croatian banks for deposits owned by non-residents. Monetary statistics represent a data source for the general government sector and other monetary financial institutions. Data on balance and currency structure of foreign assets and liabilities, contained in monetary statistics, are used to assess transactions from which the exchange rate effect was eliminated. In the 1993-1998 period, data on other sectors' claims under this position were compiled on the basis of the CNB estimate of a portion of net foreign currency inflows of the household sector which is not classified under current transfers. Since 1999, this position has included only the data based on the Bank for International Settlements quarterly data, while data in the fourth quarter of 2001 and in the first two quarters of 2002 also relate to the effect of the EMU countries' currencies changeover to the euro. Data for the fourth quarter of 2008 were modified by estimates of currency and deposit withdrawals from the financial system driven

by fears of the effects of the global financial crisis.

Credits granted by residents to non-residents and foreign loans utilised by residents and granted by non-residents, which cannot be classified into direct investments or trade credits, are classified by the institutional sector and maturity under the corresponding positions of other investment. The CNB foreign credit relations statistics represent the data source for these positions.

Trade credits in the 1996–2002 period included the CNB estimates of advance payment and deferred payments made on the basis of the sample of the largest and large importers and exporters. Data on advance payments have been estimated since 1996, while data on short-term deferred payments (first up to 90 days, then up to 150 days, and today from 8 days to 1 year) have been collected since 1999. In 2003, this research was replaced by a new one, where the selected companies, regardless of their size (stratified sample), are obliged to submit data. Data on deferred payments with the original maturity of more than one year are adopted from the CNB foreign credit relations statistics.

Item Other investment – Other claims and liabilities includes other claims and liabilities not included in trade credits and other financial instruments, among others, prepayments of premiums and reserves for outstanding claims for non-life insurance, entitlements of beneficiaries under life insurance policies and pension schemes and provisions for calls under standardised guarantees. This position is compiled on the basis of data submitted by insurance companies and includes changes in life insurance mathematical reserves.

The allocation of SDRs to IMF members is shown as the incurrence of a liability by the recipient and included in other investment (SDR position) with a corresponding increase of SDRs in reserve assets. Other acquisitions and disposals of SDRs are shown as transactions in reserve assets.

The sector classification of the portfolio and other investment involves the sector classification of residents according to ESA 2010 and SNA 2008 and is fully harmonised with the sector classification of the gross external debt by domestic sectors and the international investment position. The general government sector includes central government, social security funds and local government. The sector of the central bank includes the Croatian National Bank. The sector of other monetary financial institutions comprises credit institutions and money market funds. Other domestic sectors comprise all financial institutions and intermediaries except the central bank and other monetary financial institutions (including the Croatian Bank for Reconstruction and Development), private and public non-financial corporations, non-profit institutions and households, including craftsmen.

In the period from 1993 to 1998, the estimate of reserve assets transactions was made by converting the changes in the original currencies into the US dollars by applying the average monthly exchange rate of the currencies contained in the reserves. Since 1999, the changes in reserve assets balance have been calculated on the basis of the CNB accounting data.

From the first quarter of 2013, data on transactions carried out by the International Reserves and Foreign Exchange Liquidity Department of the Croatian National Bank represent the data source for this position.

Table H8 International Reserves and Foreign Currency Liquidity

end of period, million $\ensuremath{\mathsf{EUR}}$

| | | | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | 2024 | 2025 |
|----|--|------------------|--------------|---------------|----------|---------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|
| | | | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Mar. | Jun. | Sep. | Dec.* | Jan.ª |
| 1 | Official reserve assets and other foreign | currency assets | (approximate | e market valı | ne) | | | | • 1 | | |
| Α | Official reserve assets | | 18,944.8 | 25,021.6 | 27,876.9 | 2,879.6 | 2,715.5 | 2,923.9 | 2,932.7 | 3,210.7 | 3,539.3 |
| | (1) Foreign currency reserves | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (in convertible foreign currencies) | | 17,965.7 | 21,464.9 | 20,798.2 | 1,490.0 | 1,313.4 | 1,513.9 | 1,490.7 | 1,716.8 | 2,044.9 |
| | (a) Securities | | 11,713.6 | 12,247.1 | 17,770.0 | 1,353.4 | 1,279.7 | 1,468.5 | 1,447.5 | 1,668.7 | 1,999.8 |
| | of which: issuer headquartered in report located abroad | ing country but | _ | _ | | _ | _ | | _ | _ | |
| | (b) Total Currency and deposits with: | | 6,252.1 | 9,217.8 | 3,028.3 | 136.6 | 33.7 | 45.4 | 43.1 | 48.1 | 45.1 |
| | (i) other national central banks, BIS and | IME | 6,085.1 | 9,031.0 | 2,835.4 | 131.1 | 30.5 | 43.1 | 41.0 | 45.8 | 43.2 |
| | (ii) banks headquartered in the reporting | | 0,000.1 | 3,001.0 | 2,000.4 | 101.1 | - 50.5 | | 41.0 | | 40.2 |
| | of which: located abroad | Country | _ | | _ | _ | _ | | _ | _ | |
| | (iii) banks headquartered outside the rep | orting country | 166.9 | 186.8 | 192.9 | 5.6 | 3.2 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 1.9 |
| | of which: located in the reporting countr | | - | 100.0 | 132.3 | - | - | | | | 1.5 |
| | (2) IMF reserve position | , | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| | (3) SDRs | | 358.4 | 1,230.5 | 1,244.0 | 1,206.9 | 1,213.5 | 1,218.0 | 1,254.5 | 1,299.4 | 1,299.1 |
| | (4) Gold | | - | - | 106.0 | - | - 1,210.0 | - 1,210.0 | - | - | 1,200.1 |
| | (5) Other reserve assets | | 620.4 | 2,325.8 | 5,728.1 | 182.2 | 188.1 | 191.5 | 187.0 | 194.0 | 194.8 |
| | (i) Reverse repo | | 620.4 | 2,325.8 | 5,728.1 | 102.2 | 100.1 | 101.0 | 167.0 | 194.0 | 134.0 |
| | (ii) Loans to non-banks | | 020.4 | 2,020.0 | 5,726.1 | 182.2 | 188.1 | 191.5 | 187.0 | 194.0 | 194.8 |
| P | Other foreign currency assets | | | | _ | 102.2 | 100.1 | 131.3 | 107.0 | 134.0 | 134.0 |
| | (not included in Official reserve assets) | | - | _ | - | 489.3 | 414.6 | 465.4 | 426.6 | 584.8 | 662.0 |
| | (1) Securities | | - | _ | - | 234.3 | 220.9 | 242.6 | 203.9 | 384.7 | 479.8 |
| | (2) Deposits | | - | _ | - | 192.1 | 138.2 | 63.2 | 73.0 | 123.9 | 38.9 |
| | (3) Loans | | - | _ | - | 62.9 | 55.6 | 159.5 | 149.8 | 76.2 | 143.3 |
| С | Total (A+B) | | 18,944.8 | 25,021.6 | 27,876.9 | 3,369.0 | 3,130.1 | 3,389.3 | 3,359.3 | 3,795.5 | 4,201.3 |
| II | Predetermined short-term net drains on | foreign currency | assets (nom | inal value) | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Foreign currency loans, securities, and dep | osits | | | | | | | | | |
| | (total net drains up to one year) | | -1,867.1 | -2,338.9 | -4,627.8 | -5.4 | -5.4 | -5.4 | -5.2 | -5.3 | -5.3 |
| | (a) Croatian National Bank | | -38.3 | -63.3 | -119.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | Up to 1 month | Principal | -38.3 | -63.3 | -119.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | | Interest | - | _ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | More than 1 and up to 3 months | Principal | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | | Interest | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | More than 3 months and up to 1 year | Principal | - | _ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | | Interest | - | _ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | (b) Central government | | -1,828.8 | -2,275.7 | -4,508.3 | -5.4 | -5.4 | -5.4 | -5.2 | -5.3 | -5.3 |
| | Up to 1 month | Principal | -70.4 | -94.5 | -325.4 | -1.0 | -0.5 | -1.0 | -0.5 | -1.0 | -1.0 |
| | | Interest | -6.3 | -7.1 | -8.5 | -0.0 | 0.0 | -0.0 | 0.0 | -0.0 | -0.0 |
| | More than 1 and up to 3 months | Principal | -1,019.0 | -181.8 | -628.0 | -0.9 | -0.3 | -0.9 | -0.3 | -0.8 | -0.8 |
| | | Interest | -28.6 | -19.2 | -21.1 | -0.0 | -0.1 | -0.0 | -0.1 | -0.0 | -0.0 |
| | More than 3 months and up to 1 year | Principal | -571.1 | -1,836.2 | -3,370.5 | -2.8 | -4.1 | -2.9 | -4.0 | -2.9 | -2.9 |
| _ | | Interest | -133.5 | -136.8 | -154.8 | -0.6 | -0.4 | -0.6 | -0.4 | -0.6 | -0.6 |
| 2 | Aggregate short and long positions in forward futures in foreign currencies vis-a-vis the do | | | | | | | | | | |
| | currency (including the forward leg of curre | | - | - | - | - | _ | - | - | - | - |
| | (a) Short positions (-) | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | Up to 1 month | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | More than 1 and up to 3 months | | - | - | - | - | - | _ | - | - | - |
| | More than 3 months and up to 1 year | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | (b) Long positions (+) | | - | - | - | - | _ | - | - | - | - |
| | Up to 1 month | | - | - | - | - | - | _ | - | - | _ |
| | More than 1 and up to 3 months | | - | - | - | - | - | _ | - | - | _ |
| | More than 3 months and up to 1 year | | - | - | - | - | _ | - | - | - | _ |
| 3 | Other | | -498.4 | -2,290.3 | 2,872.7 | -255.0 | -190.0 | -220.0 | -222.0 | -197.0 | -181.0 |
| | outflows related to repos (-) | | -498.4 | -2,290.3 | 2,872.7 | -255.0 | -190.0 | -220.0 | -222.0 | -197.0 | -181.0 |
| | Up to 1 month | Principal | -498.4 | -2,290.3 | 2,872.7 | -255.0 | -190.0 | -220.0 | -222.0 | -197.0 | -181.0 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | 2024 | 2025 |
|--|------------------|-------------|----------|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Mar. | Jun. | Sep. | Dec.* | Jan.ª |
| | Interest | _ | - | _ | - | _ | _ | - | - | - |
| More than 1 and up to 3 months | Principal | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| · | Interest | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| More than 3 months and up to 1 year | Principal | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| , | Interest | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 4 Total predetermined short term net drains on | | | | | | | | | | |
| foreign currency assets (1+2+3) | | -2,365.5 | -4,629.2 | -1,755.2 | -260.4 | -195.4 | -225.4 | -227.2 | -202.3 | -186.3 |
| III Contingent short-term net drains on forei | gn currency asse | ts (nominal | value) | | | | | | | |
| 1 Contingent liabilities in foreign currency | | -62.6 | -61.7 | -25.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| (a) Collateral guarantees on debt falling due v | within 1 year | -62.6 | -61.7 | -25.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Croatian National Bank | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Central government | | -62.6 | -61.7 | -25.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Up to 1 month | | -1.4 | -1.5 | _ | _ | - | - | - | _ | - |
| More than 1 and up to 3 months | | -0.1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | _ |
| More than 3 months and up to 1 year | | -61.0 | -60.2 | -25.3 | _ | _ | - | _ | _ | - |
| (b) Other contingent liabilities | | _ | - | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | - |
| Croatian National Bank | | _ | - | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | - |
| Up to 1 month | | _ | - | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | - |
| More than 1 and up to 3 months | | _ | _ | _ | _ | - | _ | _ | _ | - |
| More than 3 months and up to 1 year | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | - |
| Central government | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | - |
| 2 Foreign currency securities issued with embedded options (puttable bonds) | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | |
| 3 Undrawn, unconditional credit lines provided | by: | | _ | _ | _ | | _ | _ | _ | |
| — BIS (+) | , | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| — IMF (+) | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | - |
| Aggregate short and long positions of options currencies vis-a-vis the domestic currency | s in foreign | _ | _ | | _ | | _ | _ | _ | |
| Total contingent short-term net drains on fore currency assets (1+2+3+4) | eign | -62.6 | -61.7 | -25.3 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | |
| V Memo items | | | | | | | | | | |
| (a) short-term domestic currency debt indexe | ed | | | | | | | | | |
| to the exchange rate | | - | - | - | - | - | _ | - | - | - |
| of which: central government | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| (b) financial instruments denominated in forei settled by other means (e.g., in domestic | | _ | _ | _ | _ | - | _ | _ | _ | - |
| (c) pledged assets | | - | - | - | - | - | - | _ | - | - |
| (d) securities lent and on repo | | _ | - | - | - | - | _ | _ | - | - |
| lent or repoed and included in Section | 1 | -455.1 | -2,180.4 | -3,038.8 | -257.9 | -198.9 | -231.7 | -228.5 | -205.9 | -240.3 |
| lent or repoed but not included in Sect | tion I | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | - |
| borrowed or acquired and included in | Section I | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | - |
| borrowed or acquired but not included | I in Section I | 587.1 | 2,327.5 | 6,173.9 | 312.2 | 226.1 | 332.3 | 256.6 | 225.3 | 323.3 |
| (e) financial derivative assets (net, marked to | market) | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | - |
| (f) currency composition of official reserves a | , | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | |
| currencies in SDR basket | | 18,941.6 | 25,011.7 | 27,872.6 | 2,877.7 | 2,714.5 | 2,922.5 | 2,931.4 | 3,209.9 | 3,538.6 |
| currencies not in SDR basket | | 3.2 | 10.0 | 4.3 | 1.9 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 0.8 | 0.7 |
| by individual currencies | USD | 2,471.3 | 2,520.1 | 2,794.9 | 1,532.3 | 1,445.7 | 1,635.6 | 1,585.4 | 1,779.7 | 2,054.5 |
| | EURO | 16,111.3 | 21,039.1 | 23,470.7 | - | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| | Other | 362.2 | 1,462.4 | 1,611.2 | 1,347.3 | 1,269.8 | 1,288.3 | 1,347.3 | 1,431.0 | 1,484.8 |

^{*} Revised data.

Preliminary data.
Note: Afrer joining the euro area, all assets in euros are not part of the reserve assets and foreign currency assets.

Table H8 International reserves and foreign currency liquidity • International reserves and foreign currency liquidity are shown in accordance with a Template on international reserves and foreign currency liquidity, drawn up by the IMF. A detailed explanation of the Template is given in "International Reserves and Foreign Currency Liquidity – Guidelines for a

Data Template, 2013".

The first part of the Template shows total assets of the Croatian National Bank in convertible foreign currency. Official reserve assets (IA) show those types of assets that are readily available to the CNB at any moment for bridging imbalances in international payments. Official international reserves

Preliminary data.

include: short-term foreign negotiable debt securities, foreign cash, foreign currency sight deposits, foreign currency time deposits which can be withdrawn before maturity, foreign currency time deposits with a remaining maturity of up to 1 year, reserve position with the IMF, special drawing rights, gold, and reverse repos with foreign negotiable debt securities.

The second part of the Template shows fixed predetermined foreign currency net liabilities of the Croatian National Bank and the central government that fall due in the next 12 months. Foreign currency loans, securities and deposits (II1) include future interest payments on banks' foreign currency reserve requirements with the CNB (only interest payments for the next month are included), payments of future maturities of foreign currency CNB bills, future principal and interest payments on loans from the IMF, and future principal and interest payments on the central government's foreign currency debts. Aggregate short and long positions in forwards and futures in foreign currencies (II2) include future collections (+) or payments (-) arising from currency swaps between the CNB and domestic banks (temporary sale or purchase of foreign currency). Item Other (II3) includes future payments arising from repo transactions with foreign negotiable debt securities.

The third part of the Template shows predetermined contingent foreign currency net liabilities of the Croatian National Bank and the central government, which fall due in the following 12 months. Contingent liabilities in foreign currency (III1) include future principal and interest payments on foreign loans guaranteed by the central government, and banks' foreign currency reserve requirements with the CNB. (The inclusion of reserve requirements in foreign currency is based on the assumption that there will be no changes in ratios or in the base of foreign currency reserve requirements, which comprises foreign currency sources of funds, including

ordinary foreign currency accounts, special foreign currency accounts, foreign currency accounts and foreign currency sight deposits, received foreign currency deposits and received foreign currency loans, as well as obligations arising from securities issued in foreign currency (excluding banks' equity securities) and hybrid and subordinated instruments). Undrawn credit lines show potential inflows (+) or outflows (-) which would arise from drawdowns under these credits.

The fourth part of the Template lists memo items. Short-term, domestic currency debt indexed to foreign currency (IV(a)) shows obligations arising from the Act on Converting Households' Foreign Currency Deposits into the Public Debt of the Republic of Croatia, which fall due in the next 12 months. Pledged assets (IV(c)) show time deposits in foreign currency with a maturity over 3 months listed in item IB which are also used as collateral. Repo transactions with securities show the value of collateral that is subject to repo and reverse repo transactions with securities as well as how these transactions are registered in the Template.

As of January 2023, after the Republic of Croatia joined the euro area, the national currency kuna was exchanged for the euro. Therefore, the first part of the Template shows total foreign currency assets of the CNB, i.e. the assets in a currency other than the euro. The foreign currency assets shown in the first part of the Template are divided into two sections. Section IA shows the total foreign currency assets of the CNB by non-euro area counterparties, accounting for international reserves. Section IB shows other foreign currency assets of the CNB, which include foreign currency claims towards euro area counterparties.

Also, from January 2023, the Template does not include the items related to the central government in accordance with the definition of the reserve assets of the euro area.

Table H11 Harmonised competitiveness indicators

indices Q1/1999 = 100

| Year | Month | Real harmonised competitive | veness indicators; deflator | | | |
|------|-----------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| | | competitiveness indicators | Consumer price index | Producer price index | Gross domestic product deflator | Unit labour costs |
| 2006 | December | 106.8 | 107.6 | 104.0 | 114.3 | 109.6 |
| 2007 | December | 108.5 | 110.9 | 107.6 | 118.0 | 114.6 |
| 2008 | December | 110.7 | 113.6 | 109.7 | 122.2 | 110.8 |
| 2009 | December | 111.0 | 114.0 | 111.5 | 124.2 | 115.1 |
| 2010 | December | 105.4 | 107.2 | 106.2 | 117.5 | 112.3 |
| 2011 | December | 104.3 | 105.1 | 106.0 | 115.1 | 107.5 |
| 2012 | December | 103.0 | 105.7 | 106.6 | 112.6 | 101.1 |
| 2013 | December | 104.5 | 105.8 | 106.0 | 111.8 | 97.6 |
| 2014 | December | 103.4 | 103.7 | 101.6 | 109.4 | 93.3 |
| 2015 | December | 102.1 | 101.0 | 97.5 | 107.2 | 90.4 |
| 2016 | December | 104.0 | 102.0 | 99.6 | 107.7 | 88.2 |
| 2017 | December | 106.2 | 103.3 | 99.8 | 109.0 | 88.3 |
| 2018 | December | 108.9 | 104.9 | 99.9 | 110.6 | 89.8 |
| 2019 | December | 107.7 | 102.8 | 99.5 | 111.1 | 85.8 |
| 2020 | December | 109.3 | 103.4 | 97.2 | 108.6 | 86.5 |
| 2021 | December | 108.8 | 102.6 | 93.6 | 107.2 | 83.1 |
| 2022 | December | 109.0 | 104.9 | 93.7 | 111.2 | 90.3 |
| 2023 | December | 110.6 | 107.8 | 94.9 | 115.9 | 97.0 |
| 2024 | January | 110.8 | 107.7 | 96.2 | | |
| | February | 110.8 | 107.7 | 95.6 | | |
| | March | 111.2 | 108.3 | 96.1 | 117.6 | 92.9 |
| | April | 111.1 | 108.3 | 96.5 | | |
| | May | 111.1 | 108.3 | 95.3 | | |
| | June | 111.1 | 108.5 | 94.9 | 117.9 | 100.5 |
| | July | 111.3 | 108.9 | 96.5 | | |
| | August | 111.5 | 109.1 | 95.3 | | |
| | September | 111.5 | 109.1 | 94.4 | 118.6 | 103.6 |
| | October | 111.3 | 109.5 | 95.3 | | |
| | November | 111.1 | 109.4 | 95.0 | | |
| | December | 110.9 | 109.2 | 94.8 | | |

Table H11 Indices of harmonised competitiveness indicators

• The HCIs are conceptually equivalent to the real EER of a currency. They are calculated on the basis of weighted averages of bilateral exchange rates vis-à-vis the currencies of the trading partners of each euro area country and are deflated by appropriate cost or price indices. The methodology is based on the following elements.

Trade basis

The weights are based on bilateral data on trade in manufactured goods, as defined in Sections 5 to 8 of the Standard International Trade Classification (i.e. excluding agricultural, raw material and energy products) and trade in services (Total EB-OPS Services) for the periods 1995-97, 1998-2000, 2001-03, 2004-06, 2007-09, 2010-12, 2013-15, 2016-18 and 2019-21.

Weighting method

The weights incorporate information on both exports and imports. Import weights are the simple shares of each partner country in the total imports. Exports are double-weighted in order to account for "third-market effects", i.e. to capture the competition faced in foreign markets from both domestic producers and exporters from third countries. The final overall weights of each partner country are obtained as the weighted average of the export and import weights.

Eight sets of weights are currently available, based on trade data for the periods 1995-97, 1998-2000, 2001-03, 2004-06,

2007-09, 2010-12, 2013-15, 2016-18 and 2019-21. The HCIs are chain-linked at the end of each three-year period. The weights are updated every three years in order to reflect recent developments in the pattern of international trade.

Trading partners

The HCIs of a euro area country based on consumer price indices, producer price indices, GDP deflators, and on unit labour costs are calculated against three groups of trading partners:

- vis-à-vis the other 19 euro area countries;
- vis-à-vis the other 19 euro area countries and the group of 12 trading partners which comprises Australia, Canada, Denmark, Hong Kong, Japan, Norway, Singapore, South Korea, Sweden, the United Kingdom, Switzerland and the United States:
- vis-à-vis the other 19 euro area countries and the group of 18 trading partners, which comprises the group of 12 plus Bulgaria, China, Czech Republic, Hungary, Poland and Romania.

The HCIs based on consumer prices and GDP deflators are additionally calculated:

 vis-à-vis the other 19 euro area countries and the group of 41 trading partners, which comprises the group of 18 plus Algeria, Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Israel, Malaysia, Mexico, Morocco, New Zealand, Peru, the Philippines, Russia, Saudi Arabia, South Africa, Taiwan, Thailand, Turkey, Ukraine and the United Arab Emirates.

Deflators

- consumer price indices: for European countries, the all-items Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices as published by Eurostat is used; for the other trading partners, all-item national consumer price indices are used;
- producer price indices: for European countries, the Producer Price Index domestic sales in the manufacturing sector, classified according to the NACE Rev.2 classification as published by Eurostat is used; for the other trading partners, these data are derived from data published by the BIS;
- GDP deflators: for European countries, GDP deflators are derived from their quarterly national accounts as published by Eurostat; for the other trading partners, they are derived from their national accounts as published by the BIS, OECD and IMF;
- unit labour costs in the total economy: the ratio of total compensation per employee to labour productivity, with labour productivity measured as GDP at constant prices divided by the total number of persons employed; for European countries, the available data are derived from their quarterly national accounts as published by Eurostat; for the other trading partners, these data are derived from their national accounts as published by the BIS, OECD and IMF.

Table H12 Gross external debt by domestic sectors

in million EUR

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | | 2024 |
|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Mar.* | Jun.* | Jul.* | Aug.* | Sep.* |
| 1 General government | 15,525.6 | 18,274.6 | 18,752.2 | 17,497.9 | 17,978.7 | 17,861.0 | 18,524.7 | 18,563.7 | 18,465.6 |
| 1.1 Short-term | 1,271.9 | 2,697.5 | 3,497.3 | 3,170.7 | 3,140.9 | 3,204.1 | 3,638.8 | 3,582.2 | 3,524.3 |
| Currency and deposits | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Debt securities | 27.9 | 230.9 | 7.5 | 9.6 | 26.1 | 29.6 | 29.7 | 29.8 | 30.7 |
| Loans | 83.0 | 55.5 | 70.2 | 56.6 | 36.0 | 63.0 | 31.0 | 45.1 | 69.1 |
| Trade credit and advances | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Other debt liabilities | 1,161.0 | 2,411.1 | 3,419.6 | 3,104.5 | 3,078.8 | 3,111.5 | 3,578.1 | 3,507.3 | 3,424.5 |
| 1.2 Long-term | 14,253.7 | 15,577.1 | 15,254.8 | 14,327.2 | 14,837.8 | 14,656.9 | 14,885.9 | 14,981.6 | 14,941.2 |
| Currency and deposits | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Debt securities | 8,644.3 | 9,350.8 | 8,510.0 | 7,676.5 | 7,635.1 | 7,518.5 | 7,390.7 | 7,445.6 | 7,449.0 |
| Loans | 5,609.4 | 6,226.3 | 6,744.8 | 6,650.7 | 7,202.6 | 7,138.4 | 7,495.2 | 7,535.9 | 7,492.2 |
| Trade credit and advances | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Other debt liabilities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 2 Central bank | 893.4 | 3,581.1 | 4,233.5 | 16,783.3 | 16,003.3 | 14,965.9 | 14,264.4 | 14,081.1 | 14,395.3 |
| 2.1 Short-term | 536.7 | 2,353.5 | 2,992.0 | 15,577.0 | 14,790.5 | 13,748.6 | 12,994.7 | 12,824.0 | 13,141.4 |
| Currency and deposits | 38.2 | 62.2 | 119.5 | 5,209.8 | 4,491.9 | 3,838.8 | 3,103.4 | 2,768.9 | 3,103.6 |
| Debt securities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Loans | 498.4 | 2,291.3 | 2,872.5 | 10,367.2 | 10,298.5 | 9,909.7 | 9,891.3 | 10,055.1 | 10,037.8 |
| Trade credit and advances | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Other debt liabilities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 2.2 Long-term | 356.7 | 1,227.6 | 1,241.5 | 1,206.3 | 1,212.8 | 1,217.4 | 1,269.7 | 1,257.1 | 1,253.8 |
| Special drawing rights (allocations) | 356.7 | 1,227.6 | 1,241.5 | 1,206.2 | 1,212.8 | 1,217.3 | 1,269.7 | 1,257.0 | 1,253.8 |
| Currency and deposits | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Debt securities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Loans | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Trade credit and advances | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Other debt liabilities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 3 Deposit-taking corporations, except the central bank | 4,141.0 | 3,959.9 | 5,211.1 | 4,555.5 | 5,241.3 | 5,472.0 | 5,572.1 | 5,727.2 | 5,799.3 |
| 3.1 Short-term | 2,460.4 | 1,933.2 | 2,947.4 | 2,040.4 | 2,040.0 | 2,183.8 | 2,290.1 | 2,385.9 | 2,303.6 |
| Currency and deposits | 2,276.8 | 1,844.4 | 2,177.1 | 1,883.4 | 1,792.4 | 1,933.7 | 1,997.8 | 2,081.3 | 2,011.0 |
| Debt securities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Loans | 122.4 | 37.2 | 592.3 | 48.0 | 119.4 | 103.3 | 51.8 | 39.5 | 54.0 |
| Trade credit and advances | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Other debt liabilities | 61.2 | 51.6 | 178.0 | 108.9 | 128.2 | 146.9 | 240.5 | 265.1 | 238.6 |
| 3.2 Long-term | 1,680.6 | 2,026.7 | 2,263.7 | 2,515.1 | 3,201.4 | 3,288.2 | 3,282.1 | 3,341.3 | 3,495.7 |
| Currency and deposits | 714.3 | 542.8 | 456.9 | 383.1 | 402.7 | 384.8 | 381.6 | 381.7 | 378.3 |
| Debt securities | 64.2 | 582.4 | 857.9 | 1,090.5 | 1,762.1 | 1,747.1 | 1,748.2 | 1,753.2 | 1,919.7 |
| Loans | 872.7 | 898.8 | 946.1 | 1,038.7 | 1,034.2 | 1,154.2 | 1,150.5 | 1,204.6 | 1,195.1 |
| Trade credit and advances | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Other debt liabilities | 29.5 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.6 |
| 4 Other sectors | 12,315.0 | 12,228.3 | 12,231.1 | 13,158.7 | 13,968.2 | 15,440.1 | 15,124.5 | 14,351.2 | 14,256.4 |
| 4.1 Short-term | 3,840.8 | 4,098.4 | 4,686.9 | 5,147.1 | 5,713.0 | 6,762.4 | 6,391.1 | 5,716.6 | 5,753.1 |
| Currency and deposits | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Debt securities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Loans | 244.1 | 170.5 | 332.6 | 207.6 | 111.0 | 253.3 | 260.8 | 274.7 | 208.3 |
| Trade credit and advances | 3,571.5 | 3,864.8 | 4,260.5 | 4,745.2 | 5,342.7 | 6,242.5 | 5,863.8 | 5,175.5 | 5,263.4 |
| Other debt liabilities | 25.2 | 63.1 | 93.8 | 194.4 | 259.2 | 266.5 | 266.6 | 266.4 | 281.4 |
| 4.2 Long-term | 8,474.2 | 8,129.9 | 7,544.2 | 8,011.6 | 8,255.2 | 8,677.8 | 8,733.4 | 8,634.6 | 8,503.4 |
| Currency and deposits | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Debt securities | 1,362.4 | 1,329.5 | 1,140.3 | 1,405.7 | 1,404.4 | 1,406.7 | 1,414.5 | 1,426.1 | 1,406.0 |
| Loans | 7,069.5 | 6,762.1 | 6,374.0 | 6,572.7 | 6,818.8 | 7,241.0 | 7,287.0 | 7,177.5 | 7,066.4 |
| Trade credit and advances | 9.7 | 6.3 | 3.1 | 5.5 | 5.1 | 3.9 | 5.7 | 4.8 | 4.8 |
| Other debt liabilities | 32.6 | 32.0 | 26.7 | 27.7 | 26.9 | 26.1 | 26.1 | 26.1 | 26.1 |
| 5 Direct investment: intercompany lending | 8,397.0 | 9,277.8 | 9,455.4 | 8,896.5 | 9,246.6 | 10,014.4 | 9,841.7 | 9,779.5 | 10,088.0 |

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | | 2024 |
|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Mar.* | Jun.* | Jul.* | Aug.* | Sep.* |
| Debt liabilities of direct investment enterprises to direct investors | 6,322.9 | 7,076.8 | 7,797.0 | 6,722.1 | 6,807.4 | 7,089.7 | 6,863.9 | 6,860.9 | 6,975.9 |
| Debt liabilities of direct investors to direct investment enterprises | 1,184.6 | 1,166.7 | 242.5 | 396.5 | 280.3 | 324.9 | 310.4 | 326.3 | 314.3 |
| Debt liabilities to fellow enterprises | 889.4 | 1,034.3 | 1,415.9 | 1,777.9 | 2,158.9 | 2,599.7 | 2,667.4 | 2,592.4 | 2,797.8 |
| GROSS EXTERNAL DEBT POSITION | 41,272.0 | 47,321.7 | 49,883.2 | 60,891.9 | 62,438.1 | 63,753.4 | 63,327.4 | 62,502.7 | 63,004.6 |
| Memo items: | | | | | | | | | |
| Principal and interest arrears by sector | 1,359.7 | 1,189.2 | 1,085.5 | 999.9 | 999.3 | 959.9 | 936.2 | 946.6 | 914.1 |
| General government | 48.3 | 48.3 | 48.3 | 48.3 | 48.3 | 48.3 | 48.3 | 48.3 | 48.3 |
| Central bank | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Deposit-taking corporations, except the central bank | 22.5 | 16.6 | 27.4 | 32.6 | 40.4 | 37.7 | 16.9 | 28.2 | 18.9 |
| Other sectors | 1,034.6 | 881.2 | 755.8 | 649.5 | 630.8 | 617.6 | 616.8 | 616.0 | 596.4 |
| Direct investment: intercompany lending | 254.3 | 243.1 | 254.0 | 269.5 | 279.8 | 256.3 | 254.2 | 254.1 | 250.5 |

Revised data

Notes: Notes: After the Republic of Croatia joined the euro area, gross external debt increased by the amount of liabilities associated with the allocation of the euro banknotes within the Eurosystem. This amount is the difference between the amount of banknotes in circulation (the allocation to which the CNB is entitled according to the ECB's key) and actually issued banknotes in circulation. In addition, this amount of liabilities is reduced by the estimated amount of euro banknotes in circulation in the territory of the Republic of Croatia that are issued under the ECB's key of other euro area countries.

Only the amount of the difference between the amount of banknotes in circulation (the allocation to which the CNB is entitled according to the ECB's key) and the actually issued banknotes in circulation (intra-Eurosystem technical claims) is recorded on the foreign claims side, so that the effect on the balance of inelihilities

Table H12 Gross external debt by domestic sectors • Gross external debt is defined as the external debt liabilities of residents on the basis of debt securities issued in the foreign markets (at nominal value), deposits of non-residents, credits (repo agreements included) and trade credits regardless of their contractual maturity and, from December 2005 on, non-resident investment in debt securities issued in the domestic market.

External debt is shown by domestic sectors, i.e. by debtor sectors, which implies the sector classification of residents according to ESA 2010 and SNA 2008 manuals. The general government sector includes central government, social security funds and local government. The sector of the central bank shows the debt of the Croatian National Bank. The sector of other monetary financial institutions shows the debt of credit institutions and money market funds. Item Other sectors shows the debt of all financial corporations except monetary financial institutions, private and public non-financial corporations, non-profit institutions serving households and households, including employers and self-employed persons. Item Direct investment shows borrower - lender transactions of other sectors that are interrelated by ownership, according to the directional principle. Each sector data (except direct investment) are further shown by contractual (short-term or long-term) maturity and by debt instrument. From the beginning of 2004, instruments included in item Currency and deposits (other monetary institutions) are reported in accordance with their maturity. Data for the previous periods are reported only on a long-term basis. Outstanding gross external debt includes future principal payments, accrued interest and principal and interest arrears. Outstanding debt data are shown at the CNB's midpoint exchange rate at the end of the period. Data are considered preliminary until after publication of the final BOP data for the reporting quarter.

Table H13 Public sector gross external debt and publicly guaranteed and non-publicly guaranteed private sector gross external debt in million EUR

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | | 202 |
|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------|
| | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Mar.* | Jun.* | Jul.* | Aug.* | Sep |
| Public sector external debt | 16,973.3 | 22,690.3 | 23,532.4 | 35,063.7 | 34,753.5 | 33,599.0 | 33,560.1 | 33,395.9 | 33,636 |
| 1.1 Other investment | 16,973.3 | 22,626.6 | 23,532.4 | 35,063.7 | 34,753.5 | 33,599.0 | 33,560.1 | 33,395.9 | 33,636 |
| 1.1.1 Short-term | 1,908.7 | 5,319.6 | 6,683.0 | 19,019.9 | 18,199.8 | 17,236.7 | 16,926.4 | 16,677.4 | 16,961 |
| Currency and deposits | 68.8 | 95.9 | 185.8 | 5,292.9 | 4,588.9 | 3,939.7 | 3,174.9 | 2,870.8 | 3,212 |
| Debt securities | 27.9 | 230.9 | 7.5 | 9.6 | 26.1 | 29.6 | 29.7 | 29.8 | 30 |
| Loans | 581.4 | 2,346.8 | 2,942.7 | 10,423.7 | 10,334.5 | 9,972.7 | 9,922.4 | 10,100.2 | 10,106 |
| Trade credit and advances | 67.2 | 233.9 | 125.6 | 188.3 | 170.6 | 182.6 | 220.6 | 168.6 | 185 |
| Other debt liabilities | 1,163.4 | 2,412.1 | 3,421.5 | 3,105.4 | 3,079.7 | 3,112.1 | 3,578.9 | 3,508.1 | 3,42 |
| 1.1.2 Long-term | 15,064.5 | 17,307.0 | 16,849.4 | 16,043.7 | 16,553.6 | 16,362.3 | 16,633.6 | 16,718.4 | 16,67 |
| Special drawing rights (allocations) | 356.7 | 1,227.6 | 1,241.5 | 1,206.2 | 1,212.8 | 1,217.3 | 1,269.7 | 1,257.0 | 1,25 |
| Currency and deposits | 9.3 | 7.4 | 20.9 | 9.9 | 9.5 | 5.2 | 4.9 | 4.9 | |
| Debt securities | 8,813.9 | 9,599.7 | 8,523.5 | 7,824.9 | 7,781.6 | 7,666.8 | 7,536.1 | 7,591.6 | 7,59 |
| Loans | 5,884.0 | 6,471.5 | 7,062.9 | 7,002.3 | 7,549.2 | 7,472.8 | 7,822.8 | 7,864.7 | 7,82 |
| Trade credit and advances | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Other debt liabilities | 0.6 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | |
| 1.2 Direct investment: intercompany lending | 0.0 | 63.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| 1.2.1 Short-term | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Currency and deposits | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Debt securities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Loans | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Trade credit and advances | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Other debt liabilities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| 1.2.2 Long-term | 0.0 | 63.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Currency and deposits | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Debt securities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Loans | 0.0 | 63.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Trade credit and advances | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Other debt liabilities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Publicly guaranteed private sector external debt | 30.0 | 31.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| 2.1 Other investment | 30.0 | 31.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| 2.1.1 Short-term | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Currency and deposits | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Debt securities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Loans | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Trade credit and advances | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Other debt liabilities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| 2.1.2 Long-term | 30.0 | 31.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Currency and deposits | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Debt securities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Loans | 30.0 | 31.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Trade credit and advances | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Other debt liabilities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| 2.2 Direct investment: intercompany lending | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| 2.2.1 Short-term | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Currency and deposits | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Debt securities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Loans | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Trade credit and advances | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Other debt liabilities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| 2.2.2 Long-term | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Currency and deposits | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Debt securities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Loans | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Loans | 0.0 | | | | | | | | |

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | | 2024 |
|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Mar.* | Jun.* | Jul.* | Aug.* | Sep.* |
| Other debt liabilities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 3 Non-publicly guaranteed private sector external debt | 24,268.7 | 24,599.9 | 26,350.8 | 25,828.2 | 27,684.6 | 30,154.4 | 29,767.3 | 29,106.9 | 29,367.7 |
| 3.1 Other investment | 15,871.8 | 15,385.8 | 16,895.4 | 16,931.7 | 18,438.0 | 20,140.0 | 19,925.6 | 19,327.3 | 19,279.6 |
| 3.1.1 Short-term | 6,201.0 | 5,763.1 | 7,440.6 | 6,915.2 | 7,484.5 | 8,662.1 | 8,388.2 | 7,831.2 | 7,761.3 |
| Currency and deposits | 2,246.2 | 1,810.7 | 2,110.9 | 1,800.3 | 1,695.4 | 1,832.9 | 1,926.2 | 1,979.5 | 1,902.1 |
| Debt securities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Loans | 366.5 | 207.7 | 924.9 | 255.6 | 230.5 | 356.6 | 312.6 | 314.2 | 262.3 |
| Trade credit and advances | 3,504.3 | 3,631.0 | 4,134.9 | 4,556.8 | 5,172.1 | 6,059.9 | 5,643.2 | 5,006.9 | 5,077.7 |
| Other debt liabilities | 84.0 | 113.7 | 269.9 | 302.4 | 386.5 | 412.7 | 506.3 | 530.6 | 519.2 |
| 3.1.2 Long-term | 9,670.8 | 9,622.8 | 9,454.8 | 10,016.5 | 10,953.6 | 11,478.0 | 11,537.4 | 11,496.1 | 11,518.3 |
| Currency and deposits | 705.1 | 535.4 | 436.1 | 373.3 | 393.2 | 379.6 | 376.7 | 376.9 | 373.6 |
| Debt securities | 1,257.0 | 1,662.9 | 1,984.8 | 2,347.9 | 3,020.0 | 3,005.5 | 3,017.3 | 3,033.3 | 3,179.1 |
| Loans | 7,637.6 | 7,384.2 | 7,002.1 | 7,259.8 | 7,506.5 | 8,060.9 | 8,109.9 | 8,053.3 | 7,932.2 |
| Trade credit and advances | 9.7 | 6.3 | 3.1 | 5.5 | 5.1 | 3.9 | 5.7 | 4.8 | 4.8 |
| Other debt liabilities | 61.5 | 34.0 | 28.7 | 30.0 | 28.8 | 28.1 | 27.8 | 27.8 | 28.6 |
| 3.2 Direct investment: intercompany lending | 8,397.0 | 9,214.0 | 9,455.4 | 8,896.5 | 9,246.6 | 10,014.4 | 9,841.7 | 9,779.5 | 10,088.0 |
| 3.2.1 Short-term | 749.3 | 1,046.0 | 1,173.6 | 1,284.2 | 1,317.6 | 1,782.8 | 1,734.4 | 1,648.7 | 1,902.8 |
| Currency and deposits | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Debt securities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Loans | 240.4 | 268.1 | 558.2 | 639.7 | 661.5 | 1,021.9 | 987.9 | 929.6 | 1,081.0 |
| Trade credit and advances | 508.9 | 777.8 | 615.3 | 644.6 | 656.1 | 760.9 | 746.5 | 719.1 | 821.9 |
| Other debt liabilities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 3.2.2 Long-term | 7,647.7 | 8,168.1 | 8,281.8 | 7,612.3 | 7,929.0 | 8,231.7 | 8,107.3 | 8,130.8 | 8,185.2 |
| Currency and deposits | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Debt securities | 47.2 | 49.0 | 45.4 | 32.3 | 32.9 | 33.5 | 33.7 | 34.4 | 33.9 |
| Loans | 7,592.1 | 8,113.6 | 8,229.3 | 7,572.3 | 7,888.4 | 8,190.4 | 8,067.4 | 8,090.3 | 8,145.8 |
| Trade credit and advances | 8.4 | 5.5 | 7.1 | 7.7 | 7.7 | 7.7 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 5.5 |
| Other debt liabilities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| GROSS EXTERNAL DEBT POSITION | 41,272.0 | 47,321.7 | 49,883.2 | 60,891.9 | 62,438.1 | 63,753.4 | 63,327.4 | 62,502.7 | 63,004.6 |
| Memo items: | | | | | | | | | |
| Principal and interest arrears | 1,359.7 | 1,189.2 | 1,085.5 | 999.9 | 999.3 | 959.9 | 936.2 | 946.6 | 914.1 |
| Public sector external debt | 48.3 | 48.3 | 48.3 | 48.3 | 48.3 | 48.3 | 48.3 | 48.3 | 48.3 |
| Publicly guaranteed private sector external debt | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Non-publicly guaranteed private sector external debt | 1,311.4 | 1,140.9 | 1,037.2 | 951.7 | 951.1 | 911.6 | 887.9 | 898.3 | 865.9 |

^{*} Revised data

Notes: After the Republic of Croatia joined the euro area, gross external debt increased by the amount of liabilities associated with the allocation of the euro banknotes within the Eurosystem. This amount is the difference between the amount of banknotes in circulation (the allocation to which the CNB is entitled according to the ECB's key) and actually issued banknotes in circulation. In addition, this amount of liabilities is reduced by the estimated amount of euro banknotes in circulation in the territory of the Republic of Croatia that are issued under the ECB's key of other euro area countries.

Only the amount of the difference between the amount of banknotes in circulation (the allocation to which the CNB is entitled according to the ECB's key) and the actually issued banknotes in circulation (intra-Eurosystem technical claims) is recorded on the foreign claims side, so that the effect on the balance of net external debt is favourable since the balance of assets is larger than the balance of liabilities.

Table H13 Public sector gross external debt and publicly guaranteed and non-publicly guaranteed private sector gross external debt • Gross external debt is defined as the external debt liabilities of residents on the basis of debt securities issued in the foreign markets (at nominal value), deposits of non-residents, credits (repo agreements included) and trade credits regardless of their contractual maturity and, from December 2005 on, non-resident investment in debt securities issued in the domestic market.

This table shows gross external debt structured with regard to the role of the public sector. Public sector includes

the general government, the central bank, public financial corporations, and public non-financial corporations. Publicly guaranteed private sector gross external debt is defined as the external debt liabilities of entities not covered by the definition of the public sector, the servicing of which is guaranteed by an entity from the public sector. Non-publicly guaranteed private sector gross external debt is defined as the external debt liabilities of entities not covered by the definition of the public sector, the servicing of which is not guaranteed by the public sector.

Items are valued in the same manner as in Table H12.

Table H14 Gross external debt by domestic sectors and projected future payments in million EUR

| | | Cross | Immediate | | | | | | | Р | roiected f | iuture ara | oss exteri | nal debt r | payments |
|--|--------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|---------|-------|----------|---------|-------|------------|------------|------------|------------|----------|
| Common government 18,465,6 48,13 12,924 17,824 19,823 43,924 | | Gross External Debt | Immediate /Arrears | 2024 | | | 2025 | 2024ª | 2025 | | | | | | |
| 1.1 Devision-the-mone 1.2 2. | | 30/09/2024 | | Q4ª | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | | | | | | | | |
| Charmony part desposits | 1 General government | 18,465.6 | 48.3 | 1,234.4 | 1,742.1 | 1,298.3 | 758.5 | 1,234.4 | 4,303.4 | 743.8 | 1,214.0 | 919.8 | 1,361.4 | 769.6 | 5,085.3 |
| Debt executises | 1.1 Short-term | 3,524.3 | 0.0 | 1,014.6 | 947.9 | 939.2 | 622.6 | 1,014.6 | 2,509.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Course C | Currency and deposits | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Produce contrained advances 0,0 | Debt securities | 30.7 | 0.0 | 11.6 | 13.9 | 5.2 | 0.0 | 11.6 | 19.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Chard ode liabilities 3,424.5 0,0 946.0 940.0 924.0 924.0 924.0 940. | Loans | 69.1 | 0.0 | 69.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 69.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 1 | Trade credit and advance | ces 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Cummyny and deposite 0.0 | Other debt liabilities | 3,424.5 | 0.0 | 934.0 | 934.0 | 934.0 | 622.6 | 934.0 | 2,490.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Debt sourtifes | 1.2 Long-term | 14,941.2 | 48.3 | 219.8 | 794.2 | 359.2 | 135.8 | 219.8 | 1,793.7 | 743.8 | 1,214.0 | 919.8 | 1,361.4 | 769.6 | 5,085.3 |
| Lourse cered and advances 7,482 48.8 20.4 14.2 35.8 20.8 12.8 20.8 11.0 71.4 20.8 57.8 3732 33.0 2,885.1 | Currency and deposits | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Trade cool and advances | Debt securities | 7,449.0 | 0.0 | 14.9 | 652.1 | 24.1 | 7.0 | 14.9 | 683.3 | 29.6 | 705.2 | 343.1 | 988.3 | 435.7 | 2,202.3 |
| Collect ideal taile limites 10, | Loans | 7,492.2 | 48.3 | 204.9 | 142.1 | 335.0 | 128.8 | 204.9 | 1,110.4 | 714.2 | 508.8 | 576.8 | 373.2 | 333.9 | 2,883.1 |
| 2 Central bank | Trade credit and advance | ces 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 2.1 Short-lerm 13,141,4 0.0 13,141,4 0.0 | Other debt liabilities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Currency and deposits 3,103.6 0.0 3,103.6 0.0 0. | 2 Central bank | 14,395.3 | 0.0 | 13,141.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 13,141.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1,253.8 |
| Debt securities 0.0 | 2.1 Short-term | 13,141.4 | 0.0 | 13,141.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 13,141.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Loans | Currency and deposits | 3,103.6 | 0.0 | 3,103.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3,103.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Trade credit and edvances 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0. | Debt securities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Other debt liabilities 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0. | Loans | 10,037.8 | 0.0 | 10,037.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 10,037.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 22 Long-term 1,253,8 0.0 | Trade credit and advance | ces 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Special drawing rights (allocations) 1,253,8 0.0 | Other debt liabilities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Commony and deposits 1,253.8 0.0 0 | 2.2 Long-term | 1,253.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1,253.8 |
| Debt securities 0.0 | | 1,253.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1,253.8 |
| Loans Color Colo | Currency and deposits | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Trade credit and advances 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0. | Debt securities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Other debt liabilities 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0. | Loans | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 3 Deposit-taking corporations, except the central bank 5,799,3 18,9 2,181.7 138.8 101.0 94.2 2,181.7 442.3 544.1 623.3 761.1 562.3 310.1 222.8 3.1 Short-term 2,303.6 17.9 2,120.1 77.0 44.3 44.3 2,120.1 165.6 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0 | Trade credit and advance | ces 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Except the central bank 5,799.3 18.9 2,181.7 138.8 101.0 94.2 2,181.7 442.3 544.1 623.3 761.1 562.3 310.1 222.8 | Other debt liabilities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 3.1 Short-term 2,303.6 17.9 2,120.1 77.0 44.3 44.3 2,120.1 165.6 0.0 <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>19.0</td><td>2 191 7</td><td>120.0</td><td>101.0</td><td>94.2</td><td>2 121 7</td><td>442.2</td><td>544.1</td><td>603.3</td><td>761.1</td><td>562.3</td><td>210.1</td><td>222.8</td></th<> | | | 19.0 | 2 191 7 | 120.0 | 101.0 | 94.2 | 2 121 7 | 442.2 | 544.1 | 603.3 | 761.1 | 562.3 | 210.1 | 222.8 |
| Currency and deposits 2,011.0 0.4 1,860.2 76.8 36.8 36.8 1,860.2 150.5 0.0 | · | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Debt securities 0.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Loans 54.0 0.1 39.0 0.0 7.5 7.5 39.0 14.9 0.0 | | · | | · | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Trade credit and advances 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other debt liabilities 238.6 17.4 221.0 0.2 0.0 0.0 221.0 0.2 0.0 0.0 221.0 0.0 22.8 1.919.7 0.0 5.1 16.2 7.5 0.7 5.1 24.3 204.8 249.2 531.4 382.5 280.0 200.0 1.0 1.0 1.195.1 0.1 22.8 14.9 14.5 14.5 22.8 72.4 205.4 361.1 224.9 175.7 27.9 20.9 Trade credit and advances 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0< | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3.2 Long-term 3,495.7 1.0 61.6 61.7 56.7 49.9 61.6 276.7 544.1 623.3 761.1 562.3 310.1 222.8 Currency and deposits 378.3 0.9 33.6 30.7 33.5 33.5 33.6 177.3 133.9 13.0 4.8 4.1 2.2 1.9 Debt securities 1,919.7 0.0 5.1 16.2 7.5 0.7 5.1 24.3 204.8 249.2 531.4 382.5 280.0 200.0 Loans 1,195.1 0.1 22.8 14.9 14.5 14.5 22.8 72.4 205.4 361.1 224.9 175.7 27.9 20.9 Trade credit and advances 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Currency and deposits 378.3 0.9 33.6 30.7 33.5 33.5 33.6 177.3 133.9 13.0 4.8 4.1 2.2 1.9 Debt securities 1,919.7 0.0 5.1 16.2 7.5 0.7 5.1 24.3 204.8 249.2 531.4 382.5 280.0 200.0 Loans 1,195.1 0.1 22.8 14.9 14.5 14.5 22.8 72.4 205.4 361.1 224.9 175.7 27.9 20.9 Trade credit and advances 0.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Debt securities 1,919.7 0.0 5.1 16.2 7.5 0.7 5.1 24.3 204.8 249.2 531.4 382.5 280.0 200.0 Loans 1,195.1 0.1 22.8 14.9 14.5 14.5 22.8 72.4 205.4 361.1 224.9 175.7 27.9 20.9 Trade credit and advances 0.0 | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Loans 1,195.1 0.1 22.8 14.9 14.5 14.5 22.8 72.4 205.4 361.1 224.9 175.7 27.9 20.9 Trade credit and advances 0.0 <td></td> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Trade credit and advances 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other debt liabilities 2.6 0.0 0.1 0.0 1.3 1.3 0.1 2.6 0.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 Other sectors 14,256.4 596.4 3,115.0 469.1 5,500.9 305.8 3,115.0 6,565.3 1,078.6 869.0 749.2 578.4 274.8 173.1 4.1 Short-term 5,753.1 3.2 526.5 64.8 5,104.9 53.6 526.5 5,223.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4.1 Short-term 5,753.1 3.2 526.5 64.8 5,104.9 53.6 526.5 5,223.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Currency and deposits 0.0 | | , | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Debt securities 0.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Loans 208.3 3.2 127.7 11.3 65.9 0.1 127.7 77.4 0.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Trade credit and advances 5,263.4 0.0 278.2 0.0 4,985.1 0.0 278.2 4,985.1 0.0 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other debt liabilities 281.4 0.0 120.6 53.5 53.9 53.5 120.6 160.8 0.0 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4.2 Long-term 8,503.4 593.2 2,588.5 404.3 396.0 252.2 2,588.5 1,342.0 1,078.6 869.0 749.2 578.4 274.8 173.1 Currency and deposits 0.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Currency and deposits 0.0 0. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Debt securities 1,406.0 0.3 1,210.8 1.7 0.0 1.5 1,210.8 11.8 3.1 12.1 145.1 3.0 0.0 0.0 Loans 7,066.4 592.6 1,375.7 402.6 391.9 250.7 1,375.7 1,325.3 1,071.3 853.7 600.8 572.2 271.5 173.1 | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Loans 7,066.4 592.6 1,375.7 402.6 391.9 250.7 1,375.7 1,325.3 1,071.3 853.7 600.8 572.2 271.5 173.1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | Gross | Immediate | | | | | | | Pı | ojected t | future gro | ss exteri | nal debt p | ayments |
|---|---------------|-----------|----------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|---------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|---------|
| | External Debt | /Arrears | 2024 | | | 2025 | 2024a | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | 2028 | 2029 | 2030 | Other |
| | 30/09/2024 | | Q4ª | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | | | | | | | | |
| Other debt liabilities | 26.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.3 | -0.0 |
| 5 Direct investment: intercompany lending | 10,088.0 | 250.5 | 2,714.9 | 668.9 | 1,078.1 | 209.4 | 2,714.9 | 2,686.7 | 1,146.4 | 724.0 | 415.6 | 287.0 | 891.6 | 304.9 |
| Debt liabilities of direct investment enterprises to direct investors | 6,975.9 | 219.3 | 1,431.4 | 514.3 | 1,021.5 | 71.9 | 1,431.4 | 2,133.7 | 983.2 | 601.4 | 306.3 | 194.6 | 435.0 | 242.7 |
| Debt liabilities of direct investors to direct investment enterprises | 314.3 | 7.6 | 115.0 | 25.8 | 10.4 | 5.2 | 115.0 | 54.6 | 21.2 | 13.0 | 14.9 | 6.6 | 2.6 | 25.0 |
| Debt liabilities to fellow enterprises | 2,797.8 | 23.7 | 1,168.5 | 128.8 | 46.3 | 132.3 | 1,168.5 | 498.4 | 141.9 | 109.6 | 94.4 | 85.8 | 454.0 | 37.2 |
| Gross external debt position | 63,004.6 | 914.1 | 22,387.5 | 3,018.9 | 7,978.4 | 1,367.8 | 22,387.5 | 13,997.7 | 3,512.9 | 3,430.4 | 2,845.7 | 2,789.2 | 2,246.1 | 7,040.0 |
| Memo item: Projected interes | st payments | | 134.0 | 179.6 | 194.0 | 120.7 | 134.0 | 663.7 | 691.9 | 581.7 | 502.7 | 413.6 | 351.1 | 559.4 |

^a Projected payments of gross external debt include projected payments of principal and accrued interest

Notes: Projected payments for this quarter and year refer to the period from the date of the gross debt position to the end of the stated quarter or year.

Table H14 Gross external debt by domestic sectors and projected future payments • The table shows outstanding gross external debt, projected gross debt payments and estimated interest payments according to the CNB's midpoint exchange rate at the end of the period. Gross external debt is defined as the external debt liabilities of residents on the basis of debt securities issued in the foreign markets (at nominal value), deposits of non-residents, credits (repo agreements included) and trade credits regardless of their contractual maturity and, from December 2005 on, non-resident investment in debt securities issued in the domestic market.

The structure of sectors, original maturity and instruments shown in this table follows the structure presented in Table H12.

Future principal and interest payments of monetary financial institutions are estimated on the basis of the available monetary statistics data on balances on remaining maturity and the schedule of interest payments. Future principal and interest payments of other sectors are estimated on the basis of the submitted debt-service payment schedule and the benchmark interest rate applicable on the reporting date. Projected payments of accrued interest, which are an integral part of the gross external debt, increase the projected principal payments in the period when the first instalment of interest falls due and, consequently, decrease the projected first interest payments.

Table H15 Gross external debt by other sectors

in million EUR

| | | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | | 2024 |
|-----------|--|---------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|----------|---------------|---------------|
| | | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Mar.* | Jun.* | Jul.* | Aug.* | Sep.* |
| | r public financial corporations except | 4.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| | etary financial institutions Short-term | 1.2 1.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 4.1.1 | Currency and deposits | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| | Debt securities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| | Loans | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| | Trade credit and advances | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| | Other debt liabilities | 1.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 4.1.2 | Long-term | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| | Currency and deposits | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| | Debt securities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| | Loans | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| | Trade credit and advances | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| | Other debt liabilities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| | r private financial corporations except | | | | | | | | | |
| | etary financial institutions | 2,461.7 | 2,312.0 | 2,507.7 | 2,995.1 | 3,123.7 | 3,511.1 | 3,511.8 | 3,492.9 | 3,480.0 |
| 4.2.1 | Short-term | 211.7 | 163.7 | 154.0 | 324.4 | 344.3 | 390.6 | 368.7 | 361.0 | 390.7 |
| | Currency and deposits | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| | Debt securities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| | Loans | 187.6 | 100.5 | 60.2 | 130.0 | 85.1 | 124.2 | 102.1 | 94.6 | 109.3 |
| | Trade credit and advances | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| | Other debt liabilities | 24.0 | 63.1 | 93.8 | 194.4 | 259.2 | 266.5 | 266.6 | 266.4 | 281.4 |
| 4.2.2 | Long-term | 2,250.0 | 2,148.4 | 2,353.6 | 2,670.7 | 2,779.3 | 3,120.5 | 3,143.1 | 3,131.9 | 3,089.4 |
| | Currency and deposits | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| | Debt securities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 3.4 |
| | Loans | 2,217.4 | 2,116.3 | 2,326.9 | 2,640.7 | 2,750.1 | 3,091.7 | 3,114.2 | 3,103.1 | 3,059.8 |
| | Trade credit and advances | 0.0 | 0.0 32.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 4.0. Dubl | Other debt liabilities | 32.6 495.2 | 714.9 | 26.7 412.4 | 27.7 600.6 | 26.9 575.6 | 26.1 579.1 | 26.1 | 26.1 556.3 | 26.1 574.6 |
| | c non-financial corporations Short-term | 495.2 67.2 | 233.9 | 125.6 | 188.3 | 170.6 | 182.6 | 220.6 | 168.6 | 185.7 |
| 4.5.1 | Currency and deposits | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| | Debt securities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| | Loans | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| | Trade credit and advances | 67.2 | 233.9 | 125.6 | 188.3 | 170.6 | 182.6 | 220.6 | 168.6 | 185.7 |
| | Other debt liabilities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 4.3.2 | Long-term | 428.0 | 481.0 | 286.9 | 412.3 | 405.0 | 396.4 | 386.4 | 387.6 | 388.9 |
| | Currency and deposits | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| | Debt securities | 169.6 | 248.9 | 13.5 | 148.3 | 146.5 | 148.3 | 145.4 | 146.0 | 146.6 |
| | Loans | 258.4 | 232.1 | 273.4 | 264.0 | 258.5 | 248.1 | 241.0 | 241.7 | 242.4 |
| | Trade credit and advances | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| | Other debt liabilities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 4.4 Priva | te non-financial corporations | 9,259.4 | 9,103.4 | 9,232.8 | 9,500.2 | 10,206.8 | 11,288.7 | 10,946.2 | 10,242.5 | 10,142.3 |
| 4.4.1 | Short-term | 3,560.8 | 3,700.9 | 4,407.3 | 4,634.4 | 5,198.0 | 6,189.1 | 5,801.8 | 5,187.0 | 5,176.7 |
| | Currency and deposits | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| | Debt securities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| | Loans | 56.5 | 69.9 | 272.4 | 77.6 | 26.0 | 129.2 | 158.6 | 180.1 | 99.0 |
| | Trade credit and advances | 3,504.3 | 3,631.0 | 4,134.9 | 4,556.8 | 5,172.1 | 6,059.9 | 5,643.2 | 5,006.9 | 5,077.7 |
| | Other debt liabilities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 4.4.2 | Long-term | 5,698.6 | 5,402.5 | 4,825.6 | 4,865.8 | 5,008.8 | 5,099.6 | 5,144.4 | 5,055.6 | 4,965.6 |
| | Currency and deposits | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| | Debt securities | 1,192.8 | 1,080.5 | 1,126.8 | 1,255.0 | 1,255.6 | 1,255.7 | 1,266.4 | 1,277.4 | 1,256.0 |
| | Loans | 4,496.1 | 4,315.7 | 3,695.6 | 3,605.2 | 3,748.1 | 3,840.0 | 3,872.3 | 3,773.3 | 3,704.8 |
| | Trade credit and advances | 9.7 | 6.3 | 3.1 | 5.5 | 5.1 | 3.9 | 5.7 | 4.8 | 4.8 |
| | Other debt liabilities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | | 2024 |
|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Mar.* | Jun.* | Jul.* | Aug.* | Sep.* |
| 4.5 Households | 91.2 | 92.1 | 73.8 | 61.2 | 60.5 | 59.7 | 57.9 | 57.9 | 57.8 |
| 4.5.1 Short-term | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Currency and deposits | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Debt securities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Loans | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Trade credit and advances | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Other debt liabilities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 4.5.2 Long-term | 91.2 | 92.1 | 73.8 | 61.2 | 60.5 | 59.7 | 57.9 | 57.9 | 57.8 |
| Currency and deposits | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Debt securities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Loans | 91.2 | 92.1 | 73.8 | 61.2 | 60.5 | 59.7 | 57.9 | 57.9 | 57.8 |
| Trade credit and advances | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Other debt liabilities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 4.6 Non-profit institutions serving households | 6.4 | 5.8 | 4.4 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 |
| 4.6.1 Short-term | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Currency and deposits | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Debt securities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Loans | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Trade credit and advances | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Other debt liabilities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 4.6.2 Long-term | 6.4 | 5.8 | 4.4 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 |
| Currency and deposits | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Debt securities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Loans | 6.4 | 5.8 | 4.4 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 |
| Trade credit and advances | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Other debt liabilities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Gross external debt of other sectors | 12,315.0 | 12,228.3 | 12,231.1 | 13,158.7 | 13,968.2 | 15,440.1 | 15,124.5 | 14,351.2 | 14,256.4 |
| Memo items: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 Principal and interest arrears by sector | 1,034.6 | 881.2 | 755.8 | 649.5 | 630.8 | 617.6 | 616.8 | 616.0 | 596.4 |
| Other public financial corporations except monetary financial institutions | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Other private financial corporations except | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| monetary financial institutions | 6.2 | 14.8 | 17.2 | 17.5 | 15.1 | 13.6 | 13.6 | 13.6 | 13.6 |
| Public non-financial corporations | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Private non-financial corporations | 1,028.3 | 866.4 | 738.6 | 632.0 | 615.7 | 604.0 | 603.2 | 602.4 | 582.8 |
| Households | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Non-profit institutions serving households | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Quasi-direct investment - included in item 4.2 Other private financial corporations except monetary financial institutions | 1,414.2 | 1,563.7 | 1,755.1 | 1,945.9 | 1,955.5 | 2,080.3 | 2,056.7 | 2,039.0 | 2,015.2 |
| other private iniancial corporations except monetary imancial institutions | 1,414.2 | 1,303.7 | 1,700.1 | 1,345.9 | 1,900.0 | 2,000.3 | 2,000.7 | 2,039.0 | 2,010.2 |

Revised data

Notes: As of CNB Bulletin No. 268, the gross external data series starting from 31 December 2000 includes data on trade credit debt with the original maturity of up to six months. Starting from the same issue of the Bulletin, in the entire series of data, port authorities are reclassified from Other sectors to the sector General government, without changes in the total debt stock. As from the first data release for 30 March 2021, gross external debt data have been revised as follows: starting from January 2009, a specific set of units is reclassified from the public to the private sector, without changes in the debt stock; starting from January 2010, because of the inclusion of changes due to improvements in the quality and the scope of data collected by regular surveys.

Table H15 Gross external debt by other sectors • Gross external debt of other sectors shows the external debt of all financial corporations except monetary financial institutions (including the Croatian Bank for Reconstruction and Development), public non-financial corporations, private

non-financial corporations, non-profit institutions serving households and households, including employers and self-employed persons. Each sector data are further shown by contractual (short-term or long-term) maturity and by debt instrument.

Table H16 International investment position – summary

in million EUR

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | 2024 |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | | | | | Q1* | Q2* | Q3ª |
| 1 International investment position (net) | -25,791.7 | -23,082.7 | -22,892.2 | -21,863.4 | -23,677.1 | -24,542.8 | -18,722.2 |
| 2 Assets | 43,764.9 | 56,205.4 | 60,925.0 | 80,420.2 | 80,933.1 | 82,234.1 | 88,693.2 |
| 2.1 Direct investment | 7,329.3 | 8,825.6 | 8,439.2 | 9,681.1 | 10,281.5 | 10,966.8 | 11,837.3 |
| 2.2 Portfolio investment | 6,792.3 | 8,826.4 | 8,665.5 | 24,703.1 | 26,874.1 | 27,192.1 | 27,959.6 |
| 2.2.1 Equity and investment fund shares | 3,495.8 | 5,073.6 | 4,457.4 | 5,534.6 | 6,193.9 | 6,264.5 | 6,297.0 |
| 2.2.2 Debt securities | 3,296.5 | 3,752.8 | 4,208.1 | 19,168.5 | 20,680.3 | 20,927.7 | 21,662.7 |
| Long-term | 3,140.2 | 3,462.8 | 3,772.9 | 17,597.4 | 18,710.8 | 19,237.4 | 19,852.9 |
| Short-term | 156.3 | 290.0 | 435.2 | 1,571.1 | 1,969.4 | 1,690.3 | 1,809.7 |
| 2.3 Financial derivatives | 364.4 | 464.2 | 928.8 | 599.8 | 266.7 | 232.0 | 303.8 |
| 2.4 Other investment | 10,334.2 | 13,067.7 | 15,014.6 | 42,738.7 | 40,983.4 | 41,110.7 | 45,846.8 |
| 2.4.1 Other equity | 262.0 | 269.6 | 275.4 | 787.6 | 767.8 | 771.0 | 826.5 |
| 2.4.2 Currency and deposits | 4,738.5 | 5,185.2 | 5,756.5 | 32,645.4 | 30,373.5 | 30,197.6 | 34,421.4 |
| 2.4.3 Loans | 1,050.1 | 1,897.3 | 2,531.4 | 4,137.4 | 4,710.5 | 5,162.1 | 5,353.5 |
| 2.4.4 Trade credit and advances | 2,609.7 | 3,114.6 | 3,376.1 | 3,101.3 | 3,103.4 | 3,293.3 | 3,684.8 |
| 2.4.5 Other accounts receivable | 1,673.9 | 2,601.0 | 3,075.3 | 2,067.0 | 2,028.1 | 1,686.7 | 1,560.6 |
| 2.5 Reserve assets | 18,944.8 | 25,021.6 | 27,876.9 | 2,697.5 | 2,527.4 | 2,732.4 | 2,745.7 |
| 3 Liabilities | 69,556.6 | 79,288.1 | 83,817.2 | 102,283.6 | 104,610.2 | 106,776.8 | 107,415.4 |
| 3.1 Direct investment | 35,970.7 | 40,587.9 | 42,534.2 | 49,365.2 | 50,427.1 | 52,096.3 | 53,440.4 |
| 3.2 Portfolio investment | 10,592.3 | 11,934.3 | 10,910.2 | 10,608.0 | 11,320.1 | 11,182.1 | 11,314.1 |
| 3.2.1 Equity and investment fund shares | 493.6 | 440.7 | 394.4 | 425.6 | 492.4 | 480.2 | 508.6 |
| 3.2.2 Debt securities | 10,098.7 | 11,493.5 | 10,515.8 | 10,182.3 | 10,827.7 | 10,701.9 | 10,805.4 |
| Long-term | 10,070.8 | 11,262.6 | 10,508.3 | 10,172.7 | 10,801.6 | 10,672.3 | 10,774.7 |
| Short-term | 27.9 | 230.9 | 7.5 | 9.6 | 26.1 | 29.6 | 30.7 |
| 3.3 Financial derivatives | 166.6 | 97.1 | 174.3 | 212.2 | 201.8 | 171.5 | 266.0 |
| 3.4 Other investment | 22,826.9 | 26,668.9 | 30,198.5 | 42,098.2 | 42,661.2 | 43,326.9 | 42,394.9 |
| 3.4.1 Other equity | 20.4 | 118.5 | 286.5 | 285.2 | 297.4 | 289.7 | 283.8 |
| 3.4.2 Currency and deposits | 3,029.4 | 2,449.4 | 2,753.6 | 7,476.4 | 6,687.0 | 6,157.4 | 5,493.0 |
| 3.4.3 Loans | 14,499.5 | 16,441.7 | 17,932.6 | 24,941.4 | 25,620.7 | 25,863.0 | 26,122.9 |
| 3.4.4 Trade credit and advances | 3,611.4 | 3,871.1 | 4,263.6 | 4,750.7 | 5,347.7 | 6,246.4 | 5,268.2 |
| 3.4.5 Other accounts payable | 1,309.5 | 2,560.6 | 3,720.8 | 3,438.2 | 3,495.6 | 3,553.0 | 3,973.2 |
| 3.4.6 Special drawing rights | 356.7 | 1,227.6 | 1,241.5 | 1,206.2 | 1,212.8 | 1,217.3 | 1,253.8 |

^{*} Revised data.

Notes: Data also include the round tripping which increases direct investment in Croatia and direct investment abroad by the same amount. This type of direct investment was recorded in December 2008 (EUR 825.7m), August 2009 (EUR 666.5m), December 2010 (EUR –618.6m) and June 2014 (EUR 1,485.8m). Since January 2023 when the Republic of Croatia joined the euro area, the external liabilities of the central bank sector have risen by the share of euro banknotes allocated according to the banknote allocation key of the European Central Bank, which have not been released for circulation (EUR 9.5bn). The external claims of the central bank sector associated with the allocation of euro banknotes within the Eurosystem have risen by the same amount, with the effect of the allocation on net international investment position remaining neutral. The said liabilities and claims of the central bank sector relating to the share of euro banknotes are shown in the position of other investment, under currency and deposits.

After the Republic of Croatia joined the euro area, foreign assets increased by net claims related to the allocation of euro banknotes within the Eurosystem (intra-Eurosystem technical claims) that are the difference between the amount of the banknotes in circulation (the allocation to which the CNB is entitled according to the ECB's key) and actually issued banknotes in circulation. This same amount (net exports of euro banknotes) is recorded on the foreign liabilities side. However, this amount is reduced by the estimate of the amount of euro banknotes in circulation in the territory of the Republic of Croatia issued under the ECB's key of other euro area countries.

Table H16 International investment position • The International investment position table is made in accordance with the methodology recommended by the International Monetary Fund in its Balance of Payments Manual. From 1993 until the end of 2013, the international investment position was compiled in accordance with the methodology recommended by the International Monetary Fund in the fifth edition of its Balance of Payments Manual (BPM5), while starting from 2014, the international investment position is compiled according to the sixth edition of that manual (BPM6). Also, with the beginning of the implementation of BPM6, the historical data for 1999-2013 have been revised in line with the new methodology. Data sources include: reports from banks, enterprises, the Croatian National Bank, and the Zagreb Stock Exchange (ZSE).

International investments of the Republic of Croatia and international investments into the Republic of Croatia are recorded in euros (EUR). The conversion of values from the original currencies

into the reporting currencies is performed by applying the midpoint exchange rate of the Croatian National Bank on the reporting date to balances

Data on foreign direct and portfolio equity investment are compiled on the basis of market prices, whenever available. Market prices on the last day of the reporting period taken from the Zagreb Stock Exchange are used in the part related to investment in the Republic of Croatia, while in the part related to investment abroad, the reporting units participating in the research on direct and portfolio equity investments are obliged to state the value at market prices of their equity investment abroad. When this is not possible, the book value of total equity held by direct or portfolio investors is used, regardless of whether investments are made in the Republic of Croatia or abroad (the own funds at book value method).

The sector classification of the portfolio and other investment involves the sector classification of residents according to ESA 2010

a Preliminary data.

and SNA 2008 and is fully harmonised with the sector classification of the gross external debt by domestic sectors and the balance of payments. The general government sector includes central government, social security funds and local government. The sector of the central bank includes the Croatian National Bank. The sector of other monetary financial institutions comprises credit institutions and money market funds. Other domestic sectors comprise all financial institutions and intermediaries except the central bank and other monetary financial institutions (including the Croatian Bank for Reconstruction and Development), private and public non-financial corporations, non-profit institutions and households, including craftsmen.

Item Portfolio debt investment – Assets and liabilities comprises data on investments of residents into debt securities issued by non-residents (assets) and investments of non-residents into debt securities issued by residents (liabilities). The source of data is the register of foreign credit relations kept by the Croatian National Bank and monetary statistics data.

Data on portfolio equity and debt investment are modified by the data submitted by the Central Depository and Clearing Company, credit institutions and investment firms providing securities custody services, particularly in the part Assets of other sectors.

From the first quarter of 2010, the balance of payments includes the balance of positions of the concluded contracts which have features of financial derivatives. Reporting institutions are credit institutions and other financial institutions. In addition, the reporting population has been extended as of the fourth quarter of 2012 to include non-financial corporations which enter into these transactions mainly to hedge against changing market conditions.

Within other investment, BPM6 defines a position of Other equity investment, which implies equity investments that do not meet the criteria for direct investment, portfolio investment or international reserve assets. This position also includes shares in ownership of international organisations.

Item Other investment – Currency and deposits – Assets shows the total liquid foreign currency assets of credit institutions authorised to do business abroad reduced by the amount of foreign currency deposited by credit institutions with the CNB in fulfilment of a part of their reserve requirements. In addition to credit institutions' foreign claims, foreign claims of the general government sector are also shown. The sources of data are reports from the government and credit institutions. The Bank for International Settlements quarterly data are used for other sectors. Item Other investment – Currency and deposits – Liabilities shows the total foreign currency and kuna liabilities of the said sectors abroad arising from current accounts, time and notice deposits, sight deposits and demand deposits. The sources of data for this item are reports from credit institutions.

Item Other investment – Loans – Assets and liabilities comprises data on loans granted and received between residents and non-residents classified according to institutional sectors. The source of data is the register of foreign credit relations kept by the Croatian National Bank

Item Other investment – Trade credits – Assets and liabilities comprises foreign claims and foreign liabilities of the said sectors arising from trade credits. The source of data is the register of foreign credit relations kept by the Croatian National Bank for loans over 12 months and the statistical survey on short-term trade credits for trade credits up to 12 months.

Item Other investment — Other equity investment comprises equity investment that is not in the form of securities. It comprises equity investment in quasi-corporations, international organisations etc.

Item Other investment – Other assets and liabilities includes other claims and liabilities not included in trade credits and other financial instruments

Position Other investment – Special drawing rights on the liability side shows the balance of allocated special drawing rights. The balance of this position was increased on the basis of the general allocation

Table H17 International investment position – direct investment in million FUR

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | 2024 |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | | | | | Q1* | Q2* | Q3ª |
| DIRECT INVESTMENT (NET) | -28,641.5 | -31,762.3 | -34,095.0 | -39,684.1 | -40,145.7 | -41,129.6 | -41,603.1 |
| 1 Assets | 7,329.3 | 8,825.6 | 8,439.2 | 9,681.1 | 10,281.5 | 10,966.8 | 11,837.3 |
| 1.1 Equity and investment fund shares | 5,667.4 | 6,083.6 | 6,251.5 | 7,145.8 | 7,671.3 | 7,653.5 | 7,861.1 |
| In direct investment enterprises | 5,665.8 | 6,080.3 | 6,244.9 | 7,137.3 | 7,661.7 | 7,644.9 | 7,850.9 |
| In direct investor (reverse investment) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Between fellow enterprises | 1.6 | 3.3 | 6.6 | 8.5 | 9.6 | 8.6 | 10.1 |
| 1.2 Debt instruments | 1,661.8 | 2,742.0 | 2,187.8 | 2,535.4 | 2,610.2 | 3,313.3 | 3,976.2 |
| In direct investment enterprises | 1,056.0 | 1,896.2 | 1,474.0 | 1,301.9 | 1,321.1 | 1,338.1 | 1,527.0 |
| In direct investor (reverse investment) | 285.8 | 529.5 | 465.6 | 526.2 | 603.0 | 580.4 | 798.5 |
| Between fellow enterprises | 320.1 | 316.2 | 248.2 | 707.3 | 686.1 | 1,394.8 | 1,650.7 |
| 2 Liabilities | 35,970.7 | 40,587.9 | 42,534.2 | 49,365.2 | 50,427.1 | 52,096.3 | 53,440.4 |
| 2.1 Equity and investment fund shares | 27,573.8 | 31,310.1 | 33,078.8 | 40,468.7 | 41,180.5 | 42,081.9 | 43,352.4 |
| In direct investment enterprises | 27,573.8 | 31,310.1 | 33,078.8 | 40,468.7 | 41,180.5 | 42,081.9 | 43,352.4 |
| In direct investor (reverse investment) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Between fellow enterprises | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 2.2 Debt instruments | 8,397.0 | 9,277.8 | 9,455.4 | 8,896.5 | 9,246.6 | 10,014.4 | 10,088.0 |
| In direct investment enterprises | 6,322.9 | 7,076.8 | 7,797.0 | 6,722.1 | 6,807.4 | 7,089.7 | 6,975.9 |
| In direct investor (reverse investment) | 1,184.6 | 1,166.7 | 242.5 | 396.5 | 280.3 | 324.9 | 314.3 |
| Between fellow enterprises | 889.4 | 1,034.3 | 1,415.9 | 1,777.9 | 2,158.9 | 2,599.7 | 2,797.8 |

^{*} Revised data.

Notes: Data also include the round tripping which increases direct investment in Croatia and direct investment abroad by the same amount. This type of direct investment was recorded in December 2008 (EUR 825.7m), August 2009 (EUR 666.5m), December 2010 (EUR –618.6m) and June 2014 (EUR 1,485.8m).

^a Preliminary data.

Table H18 International investment position – portfolio investment

in million EUR

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | 2024 |
|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | | | | | Q1* | Q2* | Q3ª |
| Portfolio investment (net) | -3,800.1 | -3,107.9 | -2,244.7 | 14,095.1 | 15,554.0 | 16,010.0 | 16,645.6 |
| 1 Assets | 6,792.3 | 8,826.4 | 8,665.5 | 24,703.1 | 26,874.1 | 27,192.1 | 27,959.6 |
| 1.1 Equity and investment fund shares | 3,495.8 | 5,073.6 | 4,457.4 | 5,534.6 | 6,193.9 | 6,264.5 | 6,297.0 |
| 1.1.1 Other monetary financial institutions | 65.4 | 48.4 | 44.9 | 38.5 | 41.0 | 39.5 | 40.6 |
| 1.1.2 Other sectors | 3,430.4 | 5,025.2 | 4,412.5 | 5,496.1 | 6,152.9 | 6,225.0 | 6,256.4 |
| 1.2 Debt securities | 3,296.5 | 3,752.8 | 4,208.1 | 19,168.5 | 20,680.3 | 20,927.7 | 21,662.7 |
| 2 Liabilities | 10,592.3 | 11,934.3 | 10,910.2 | 10,608.0 | 11,320.1 | 11,182.1 | 11,314.1 |
| 2.1 Equity and investment fund shares | 493.6 | 440.7 | 394.4 | 425.6 | 492.4 | 480.2 | 508.6 |
| 2.1.1 Other monetary financial institutions | 25.8 | 30.5 | 28.5 | 34.3 | 48.2 | 57.0 | 61.4 |
| 2.1.2 Other sectors | 467.8 | 410.3 | 365.9 | 391.3 | 444.1 | 423.2 | 447.2 |
| 2.2 Debt securities | 10,098.7 | 11,493.5 | 10,515.8 | 10,182.3 | 10,827.7 | 10,701.9 | 10,805.4 |
| 2.2.1 Long-term | 10,070.8 | 11,262.6 | 10,508.3 | 10,172.7 | 10,801.6 | 10,672.3 | 10,774.7 |
| General government | 8,644.3 | 9,350.8 | 8,510.0 | 7,676.5 | 7,635.1 | 7,518.5 | 7,449.0 |
| Other monetary financial institutions | 64.2 | 582.4 | 857.9 | 1,090.5 | 1,762.1 | 1,747.1 | 1,919.7 |
| Other sectors | 1,362.4 | 1,329.5 | 1,140.3 | 1,405.7 | 1,404.4 | 1,406.7 | 1,406.0 |
| 2.2.2 Short-term | 27.9 | 230.9 | 7.5 | 9.6 | 26.1 | 29.6 | 30.7 |
| General government | 27.9 | 230.9 | 7.5 | 9.6 | 26.1 | 29.6 | 30.7 |
| Other sectors | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

^{*} Revised data.

Table H19 International investment position - other investment

in million EUR

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | 2024 |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | | | | | Q1* | Q2* | Q3ª |
| Other investment (net) | -12,492.7 | -13,601.2 | -15,183.9 | 640.4 | -1,677.8 | -2,216.1 | 3,452.0 |
| 1 Assets | 10,334.2 | 13,067.7 | 15,014.6 | 42,738.7 | 40,983.4 | 41,110.7 | 45,846.8 |
| 1.1 Other equity | 262.0 | 269.6 | 275.4 | 787.6 | 767.8 | 771.0 | 826.5 |
| 1.2 Currency and deposits | 4,738.5 | 5,185.2 | 5,756.5 | 32,645.4 | 30,373.5 | 30,197.6 | 34,421.4 |
| 1.2.1 Central bank | 759.8 | 1,648.4 | 2,349.9 | 30,088.5 | 26,663.2 | 26,579.5 | 31,553.8 |
| 1.2.2 General government | 2.4 | 12.1 | 15.0 | 34.3 | 64.1 | 32.2 | 67.5 |
| 1.2.3 Other monetary financial institutions | 2,583.2 | 2,144.3 | 1,913.7 | 1,102.4 | 2,222.3 | 2,170.5 | 1,420.3 |
| 1.2.4 Other sectors | 1,393.1 | 1,380.4 | 1,477.8 | 1,420.3 | 1,423.9 | 1,415.5 | 1,379.8 |
| 1.3 Loans1,050.1 | 1,897.3 | 2,531.4 | 4,137.4 | 4,710.5 | 5,162.1 | 5,353.5 | |
| 1.3.1 Central Bank | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 62.9 | 55.6 | 159.5 | 149.8 |
| Long-term | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Short-term | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 62.9 | 55.6 | 159.5 | 149.8 |
| 1.3.2 General government | 133.3 | 371.6 | 625.9 | 568.7 | 494.8 | 467.9 | 446.4 |
| Long-term | 133.3 | 371.6 | 625.9 | 568.7 | 494.8 | 467.9 | 446.4 |
| Short-term | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 1.3.3 Other monetary financial institutions | 774.1 | 1,097.1 | 1,301.3 | 2,887.2 | 3,535.9 | 3,876.3 | 4,102.6 |
| Long-term | 320.6 | 365.4 | 427.9 | 456.4 | 590.3 | 611.2 | 606.9 |
| Short-term | 453.6 | 731.6 | 873.4 | 2,430.8 | 2,945.6 | 3,265.1 | 3,495.7 |
| 1.3.4 Other sectors | 142.7 | 428.7 | 604.2 | 618.6 | 624.3 | 658.4 | 654.7 |
| Long-term | 138.7 | 405.9 | 572.7 | 550.0 | 556.7 | 569.9 | 554.7 |
| Short-term | 3.9 | 22.8 | 31.6 | 68.6 | 67.6 | 88.5 | 100.0 |
| 1.4 Trade credit and advances | 2,609.7 | 3,114.6 | 3,376.1 | 3,101.3 | 3,103.4 | 3,293.3 | 3,684.8 |
| 1.4.1 General government | 1.4 | 2.1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.6 |
| Long-term | 1.4 | 2.1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.6 |
| 1.4.2 Other sectors | 2,608.2 | 3,112.5 | 3,375.5 | 3,100.6 | 3,102.8 | 3,292.6 | 3,684.2 |
| Long-term | 33.8 | 31.1 | 30.4 | 29.6 | 29.3 | 29.4 | 28.2 |
| Short-term | 2,574.4 | 3,081.4 | 3,345.2 | 3,071.0 | 3,073.5 | 3,263.2 | 3,656.0 |
| 1.5 Other accounts receivable | 1,673.9 | 2,601.0 | 3,075.3 | 2,067.0 | 2,028.1 | 1,686.7 | 1,560.6 |
| | | | | | | | |

^a Preliminary data.

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | 2024 |
|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | | | | | Q1* | Q2* | Q3ª |
| 1.5.1 General government | 1,470.3 | 2,436.6 | 2,854.2 | 1,774.4 | 1,741.9 | 1,369.5 | 1,183.9 |
| 1.5.2 Other monetary financial institutions | 203.6 | 164.4 | 221.1 | 292.5 | 286.2 | 317.2 | 376.7 |
| 2 Liabilities | 22,826.9 | 26,668.9 | 30,198.5 | 42,098.2 | 42,661.2 | 43,326.9 | 42,394.9 |
| 2.1 Other equity | 20.4 | 118.5 | 286.5 | 285.2 | 297.4 | 289.7 | 283.8 |
| 2.2 Currency and deposits | 3,029.4 | 2,449.4 | 2,753.6 | 7,476.4 | 6,687.0 | 6,157.4 | 5,493.0 |
| 2.2.1 Central Bank | 38.2 | 62.2 | 119.5 | 5,209.9 | 4,492.0 | 3,838.9 | 3,103.6 |
| 2.2.2 Other monetary financial institutions | 2,991.1 | 2,387.2 | 2,634.1 | 2,266.5 | 2,195.0 | 2,318.5 | 2,389.4 |
| 2.2.3 Other sectors | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 2.3 Loans 14,499.5 | 16,441.7 | 17,932.6 | 24,941.4 | 25,620.7 | 25,863.0 | 26,122.9 | |
| 2.3.1 Central Bank | 498.4 | 2,291.3 | 2,872.5 | 10,367.2 | 10,298.5 | 9,909.7 | 10,037.8 |
| Long-term | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Short-term | 498.4 | 2,291.3 | 2,872.5 | 10,367.2 | 10,298.5 | 9,909.7 | 10,037.8 |
| 2.3.2 General government | 5,692.4 | 6,281.8 | 6,815.1 | 6,707.2 | 7,238.6 | 7,201.4 | 7,561.3 |
| Long-term | 5,609.4 | 6,226.3 | 6,744.8 | 6,650.7 | 7,202.6 | 7,138.4 | 7,492.2 |
| Short-term | 83.0 | 55.5 | 70.2 | 56.6 | 36.0 | 63.0 | 69.1 |
| 2.3.3 Other monetary financial institutions | 995.1 | 936.1 | 1,538.4 | 1,086.8 | 1,153.7 | 1,257.5 | 1,249.1 |
| Long-term | 872.7 | 898.8 | 946.1 | 1,038.7 | 1,034.2 | 1,154.2 | 1,195.1 |
| Short-term | 122.4 | 37.2 | 592.3 | 48.0 | 119.4 | 103.3 | 54.0 |
| 2.3.4 Other sectors | 7,313.6 | 6,932.6 | 6,706.7 | 6,780.3 | 6,929.9 | 7,494.4 | 7,274.7 |
| Long-term | 7,069.5 | 6,762.1 | 6,374.0 | 6,572.7 | 6,818.8 | 7,241.0 | 7,066.4 |
| Short-term | 244.1 | 170.5 | 332.6 | 207.6 | 111.0 | 253.3 | 208.3 |
| 2.4 Trade credit and advances | 3,611.4 | 3,871.1 | 4,263.6 | 4,750.7 | 5,347.7 | 6,246.4 | 5,268.2 |
| 2.4.1 General government | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Long-term | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Short-term | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 2.4.2 Other sectors | 3,611.4 | 3,871.1 | 4,263.6 | 4,750.7 | 5,347.7 | 6,246.4 | 5,268.2 |
| Long-term | 9.7 | 6.3 | 3.1 | 5.5 | 5.1 | 3.9 | 4.8 |
| Short-term | 3,601.7 | 3,864.8 | 4,260.5 | 4,745.2 | 5,342.7 | 6,242.5 | 5,263.4 |
| 2.5 Other accounts payable | 1,309.5 | 2,560.6 | 3,720.8 | 3,438.2 | 3,495.6 | 3,553.0 | 3,973.2 |
| 2.6 Special drawing rights | 356.7 | 1,227.6 | 1,241.5 | 1,206.2 | 1,212.8 | 1,217.3 | 1,253.8 |

^{*} Revised data.

Notes: Since January 2023 when the Republic of Croatia joined the euro area, the external liabilities of the central bank sector have risen by the share of euro banknotes allocated according to the banknote allocation key of the European Central Bank, which have not been released for circulation (EUR 9.5bn). The external claims of the central bank sector associated with the allocation of euro banknotes within the Eurosystem have risen by the same amount, with the effect of the allocation on net international investment position remaining neutral. The said liabilities and claims of the central bank sector relating to the share of euro banknotes are shown in the position of other investment, under currency and deposits.

After the Republic of Croatia joined the euro area, foreign assets increased by net claims related to the allocation of euro banknotes within the Eurosystem (intra-Eurosystem technical claims) that are the difference between the amount of the banknotes in circulation (the allocation to which the CNB is entitled according to the ECB's key) and actually issued banknotes in circulation. This same amount (net exports of euro banknotes) is recorded on the foreign liabilities side. However, this amount is reduced by the estimate of the amount of euro banknotes in circulation in the territory of the Republic of Croatia issued under the ECB's key of other euro area countries.

of August 2009, when the Republic of Croatia was allocated SDR 270.652.208, and a special allocation in September of the same year, when it was allocated another SDR 32.848.735.

Item International reserves of the CNB is compiled on the basis of the CNB Accounting Department reports which contain data on their balances and changes.

a Preliminary data.

I Government finance – selected data

Table I1 Non-financial accounts of general government

in million EUR

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | 202 |
|---|----------|----------|----------|---------------------------------------|---------|----------|--------|
| | | | | | Q1* | Q2* | C |
| A) Consolidated general government | | | | | | | |
| 1 Total revenue (1.1+1.2) | 23,561.7 | 26,574.3 | 30,441.0 | 35,715.4 | 8,402.2 | 9,473.7 | 10,739 |
| 1.1 Total current revenue (1.1.1++1.1.5) | 22,689.2 | 25,650.6 | 29,369.2 | 33,768.4 | 8,226.3 | 9,179.6 | 10,443 |
| 1.1.1 Direct taxes | 3,502.2 | 3,568.0 | 4,928.1 | 5,696.7 | 1,600.9 | 1,343.9 | 1,667 |
| 1.1.2 Indirect taxes | 9,744.2 | 11,410.9 | 12,945.4 | 14,994.1 | 3,334.4 | 4,071.0 | 4,720 |
| 1.1.3 Social contributions | 5,860.8 | 6,485.9 | 7,314.8 | 8,371.1 | 2,266.2 | 2,474.7 | 2,536 |
| 1.1.4 Other current revenue | 1,827.6 | 2,136.8 | 1,917.5 | 2,318.1 | 544.3 | 669.7 | 777 |
| 1.1.5 Sales | 1,754.3 | 2,049.1 | 2,263.4 | 2,388.4 | 480.4 | 620.2 | 74 |
| 1.2 Total capital revenue | 872.4 | 923.7 | 1,071.7 | 1,946.9 | 175.9 | 294.2 | 29 |
| ? Total expenditure (2.1+2.2) | 27,231.9 | 28,063.0 | 30,346.3 | 36,382.8 | 8,616.0 | 10,049.8 | 10,01 |
| 2.1 Total current transfers (2.1.1++2.1.4) | 23,662.8 | 24,539.2 | 26,001.9 | 30,521.9 | 7,709.4 | 8,558.6 | 8,63 |
| 2.1.1 Current transfers (a)+b)+c)) | 11,464.6 | 11,519.6 | 12,185.3 | 14,307.5 | 3,680.8 | 3,849.8 | 4,00 |
| a) Social benefits | 8,581.6 | 8,875.2 | 9,507.3 | 10,922.7 | 2,928.9 | 3,060.5 | 3,24 |
| b) Subsidies | 1,715.5 | 1,272.7 | 1,306.0 | 1,582.0 | 326.9 | 356.7 | 35 |
| c) Other current transfers | 1,167.4 | 1,371.7 | 1,372.0 | 1,802.8 | 425.0 | 432.6 | 40 |
| 2.1.2 Interest | 1,004.4 | 895.9 | 929.5 | 1,293.9 | 336.6 | 339.0 | 33 |
| 2.1.3 Compensation of employees | 6,771.2 | 7,227.8 | 7,650.7 | 8,810.8 | 2,397.4 | 2,817.2 | 2,76 |
| 2.1.4 Intermediate consumption | 4,422.7 | 4,896.0 | 5,236.3 | 6,109.8 | 1,294.6 | 1,552.6 | 1,51 |
| 2.2 Total capital expenditure (2.2.1+2.2.2) | 3,569.1 | 3,523.8 | 4,344.5 | 5,860.8 | 906.6 | 1,491.1 | 1,38 |
| 2.2.1 Investment | 2,818.4 | 2,786.4 | 2,719.0 | 4,339.2 | 707.3 | 1,051.1 | 98 |
| 2.2.2 Other capital transfers | 750.7 | 737.4 | 1,625.5 | 1,521.6 | 199.3 | 440.1 | 39 |
| et lending (+) / borrowing (-) (1-2) | -3,670.2 | -1,488.7 | 94.6 | -667.4 | -213.8 | -576.0 | 72 |
|) Central government | | | | | | | |
| Total revenue (1.1+1.2) | 14,612.2 | 17,053.2 | 19,816.7 | 23,248.2 | | | |
| 1.1 Total current revenue (1.1.1++1.1.5) | 13,780.2 | 16,169.4 | 18,780.2 | 21,376.0 | | | |
| 1.1.1 Direct taxes | 1,464.2 | 1,593.9 | 2,537.2 | 2,666.2 | | | |
| 1.1.2 Indirect taxes | 9,128.7 | 10,700.3 | 12,118.5 | 14,108.2 | | | |
| 1.1.3 Social contributions | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | | |
| 1.1.4 Other current revenue | 2,050.7 | 2,537.3 | 2,647.8 | 3,053.8 | | | |
| 1.1.5 Sales | 1,136.7 | 1,337.9 | 1,476.7 | 1,547.9 | | | |
| 1.2 Total capital revenue | 832.0 | 883.8 | 1,036.5 | 1,872.2 | | | |
| Total expenditure (2.1+2.2) | 17,758.7 | 18,596.4 | 20,216.1 | 24,377.3 | | | |
| 2.1 Total current transfers (2.1.1++2.1.4) | 15,183.2 | 15,946.4 | 16,673.5 | 19,419.8 | | | |
| 2.1.1 Current transfers (a)+b)+c)) | 8,194.2 | 8,667.6 | 8,978.2 | 10,477.7 | | | |
| a) Social benefits | 804.7 | 838.1 | 951.0 | 1,196.6 | | | |
| b) Subsidies | 568.2 | 451.6 | 1,042.3 | 1,355.8 | | | |
| c) Other current transfers | 6,821.3 | 7,377.9 | 6,984.9 | 7,925.3 | | | |
| 2.1.2 Interest | 998.7 | 890.5 | 922.0 | 1,272.3 | | | |
| 2.1.3 Compensation of employees | 3,446.5 | 3,602.7 | 3,813.1 | 4,377.8 | | | |
| 2.1.4 Intermediate consumption | 2,543.8 | 2,785.6 | 2,960.2 | 3,291.9 | | | |
| 2.2 Total capital expenditure (2.2.1+2.2.2) | 2,575.5 | 2,650.0 | 3,542.7 | 4,957.5 | | | |
| 2.2.1 Investment | 1,468.7 | 1,584.2 | 1,530.8 | 2,537.1 | | | |
| 2.2.2 Other capital transfers | 1,106.8 | 1,065.8 | 2,011.8 | 2,420.3 | | | |
| et lending (+) / borrowing (-) (1-2) | -3,146.5 | -1,543.2 | -399.4 | -1,129.1 | | | |
|) Social security funds | · | <u> </u> | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | |
| Total revenue (1.1+1.2) | 10,688.3 | 11,295.3 | 11,300.3 | 12,892.7 | | | |
| 1.1 Total current revenue (1.1.1++1.1.5) | 10,686.3 | 11,293.8 | 11,297.8 | 12,886.8 | | | |
| 1.1.1 Direct taxes | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | | |
| 1.1.2 Indirect taxes | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | | |
| 1.1.3 Social contributions | 5,860.8 | 6,485.9 | 7,314.8 | 8,371.1 | | | |
| ooola oontiibutions | 3,000.0 | 3,403.3 | 7,014.0 | 0,071.1 | **** | | |

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | 2024 |
|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----|-----|------|
| | | | | | Q1* | Q2* | Q3 |
| 1.1.4 Other current revenue | 4,743.0 | 4,726.1 | 3,897.8 | 4,428.7 | | | |
| 1.1.5 Sales | 82.5 | 81.8 | 85.1 | 86.9 | | | |
| 1.2 Total capital revenue | 1.9 | 1.5 | 2.6 | 6.0 | | | |
| 2 Total expenditure (2.1+2.2) | 10,727.5 | 11,081.8 | 11,205.1 | 12,899.2 | | | |
| 2.1 Total current transfers (2.1.1++2.1.4) | 10,718.3 | 11,072.9 | 11,194.7 | 12,888.0 | | | |
| 2.1.1 Current transfers (a)+b)+c)) | 10,573.1 | 10,925.5 | 11,033.8 | 12,698.8 | | | |
| a) Social benefits | 7,501.7 | 7,730.4 | 8,231.1 | 9,389.1 | | | |
| b) Subsidies | 1,046.2 | 719.1 | 153.5 | 99.9 | | | |
| c) Other current transfers | 2,025.2 | 2,476.1 | 2,649.1 | 3,209.7 | | | |
| 2.1.2 Interest | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | | |
| 2.1.3 Compensation of employees | 109.9 | 114.4 | 121.6 | 145.2 | | | |
| 2.1.4 Intermediate consumption | 35.4 | 33.0 | 39.3 | 44.0 | | | |
| 2.2 Total capital expenditure (2.2.1+2.2.2) | 9.2 | 8.8 | 10.4 | 11.2 | | | |
| 2.2.1 Investment | 8.2 | 8.5 | 9.0 | 10.6 | | | |
| 2.2.2 Other capital transfers | 1.0 | 0.4 | 1.4 | 0.6 | | | |
| Net lending (+) / borrowing (-) (1-2) | -39.3 | 213.5 | 95.2 | -6.4 | | | |
| D) Local government | | | | | | | |
| 1 Total revenue (1.1+1.2) | 6,701.6 | 7,512.5 | 8,442.0 | 10,414.1 | | | |
| 1.1 Total current revenue (1.1.1++1.1.5) | 6,193.2 | 7,004.7 | 7,914.6 | 9,251.7 | | | |
| 1.1.1 Direct taxes | 2,038.0 | 1,974.1 | 2,390.8 | 3,030.5 | | | |
| 1.1.2 Indirect taxes | 615.5 | 710.6 | 826.9 | 885.9 | | | |
| 1.1.3 Social contributions | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | | |
| 1.1.4 Other current revenue | 3,004.5 | 3,690.7 | 3,995.4 | 4,581.7 | | | |
| 1.1.5 Sales | 535.2 | 629.4 | 701.5 | 753.6 | | | |
| 1.2 Total capital revenue | 508.5 | 507.8 | 527.3 | 1,162.4 | | | |
| 2 Total expenditure (2.1+2.2) | 7,186.1 | 7,671.6 | 8,043.2 | 9,946.0 | | | |
| 2.1 Total current transfers (2.1.1++2.1.4) | 5,731.8 | 6,337.2 | 6,757.1 | 7,960.2 | | | |
| 2.1.1 Current transfers (a)+b)+c)) | 664.6 | 740.1 | 793.7 | 874.4 | | | |
| a) Social benefits | 275.3 | 306.7 | 325.1 | 337.0 | | | |
| b) Subsidies | 101.2 | 102.1 | 110.2 | 126.3 | | | |
| c) Other current transfers | 288.2 | 331.3 | 358.4 | 411.2 | | | |
| 2.1.2 Interest | 8.9 | 9.0 | 10.6 | 24.2 | | | |
| 2.1.3 Compensation of employees | 3,214.8 | 3,510.7 | 3,716.0 | 4,287.7 | | | |
| 2.1.4 Intermediate consumption | 1,843.4 | 2,077.4 | 2,236.8 | 2,773.8 | | | |
| 2.2 Total capital expenditure (2.2.1+2.2.2) | 1,454.3 | 1,334.4 | 1,286.0 | 1,985.8 | | | |
| 2.2.1 Investment | 1,341.4 | 1,193.7 | 1,179.2 | 1,791.5 | | | |
| 2.2.2 Other capital transfers | 112.9 | 140.7 | 106.9 | 194.3 | | | |
| Net lending (+) / borrowing (-) (1-2) | -484.4 | -159.1 | 398.8 | 468.1 | | | |

^{*} Revised data.

Note: Methodology ESA2010.

Source: CBS.

Table I1 Non-financial accounts of general government •

Table I1 shows total revenue and expenditure and their most important components as well as net lending (+) / borrowing (-) by subsector and at the level of the entire general government sector.

Net lending (+) / borrowing (-) is defined as the difference between total revenue and expenditure, and its ratio to gross domestic product (GDP) at current prices represents the statistical indicator whose value determines whether an EU member state meets one of the four Maastricht Treaty convergence criteria (the general government deficit ceiling).

The source of data for the table on non-financial accounts of general government is the Croatian Bureau of Statistics (CBS). The methodological basis for data compilation is the European system of national and regional accounts in the European Union 2010 (ESA 2010) and the Manual on government debt and deficit (MGDD).

The scope of the general government institutional sector is defined in the Decision on the statistical classification of institutional sectors (OG 1/2015), which is officially adopted and published by the CBS, and which is based on the ESA 2010 methodology under which general government is divided into central government, social security funds and local government.

As one of the basic methodological principles, ESA 2010 defines the accounting principle for recording revenue and expenditure, where the time adjusted cash method is applied to certain tax revenues, while other tax revenues are recorded on a pure cash basis. Furthermore, this statistics implements the methodological adjustments defined under ESA 2010 and MGDD provisions, of which most important for the general government sector are the treatment and recording of investment, public-private partnerships and concessions, capital transfers in cases of statistical debt assumption, payments under guarantees, and capital injections as

Table I2 Main macro-aggregates of general government in ESA10 accounts

in million EUR

| | 2015* | 2016* | 2017* | 2018* | 2019* | 2020* | 2021* | 2022* | 2023.* |
|---|----------|----------|----------|----------------|----------|----------|----------------|----------|----------|
| CURRENT ACCOUNTS | | | | | | | | | |
| I PRODUCTION ACCOUNT | | | | | | | | | |
| RESOURCES | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 Output (1.1+1.2) | 10,719.1 | 10,983.2 | 11,362.8 | 12,015.9 | 12,844.8 | 13,125.5 | 14,184.1 | 15,104.9 | 17,381.7 |
| 1.1 Market output and output for own final use | 913.5 | 937.1 | 975.4 | 994.1 | 1,147.0 | 1,014.1 | 1,150.3 | 1,326.1 | 1,449.0 |
| 1.2 Non-market output | 9,805.6 | 10,046.1 | 10,387.5 | 11,021.9 | 11,697.7 | 12,111.4 | 13,033.8 | 13,778.8 | 15,932.7 |
| USES | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 Intermediate consumption | 3,814.2 | 3,912.6 | 4,046.6 | 4,214.8 | 4,613.0 | 4,422.7 | 4,896.0 | 5,236.3 | 6,109.8 |
| 3 Value added, gross (1–2) | 6,904.9 | 7,070.5 | 7,316.2 | 7,801.2 | 8,231.8 | 8,702.9 | 9,288.1 | 9,868.6 | 11,271.9 |
| 4 Consumption of fixed capital | 1,670.0 | 1,688.3 | 1,706.3 | 1,737.2 | 1,817.7 | 1,931.7 | 2,060.4 | 2,217.9 | 2,461.2 |
| 5 Value added, net (3-4) | 5,234.9 | 5,382.2 | 5,609.9 | 6,063.9 | 6,414.1 | 6,771.2 | 7,227.8 | 7,650.7 | 8,810.8 |
| II GENERATION OF INCOME ACCOUNT | | | | | | | | | |
| RESOURCES | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 Other subsidies on production, receivable | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| USES | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 Compensation of employees, payable | 5,234.8 | 5,382.1 | 5,609.8 | 6,063.9 | 6,414.1 | 6,771.2 | 7,227.8 | 7,650.7 | 8,810.8 |
| 8 Other taxes on production, payable | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 9 Operating surplus, net (5+6-7-8) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| III ALLOCATION OF PRIMARY INCOME ACCOUNT | | | | | | | | | |
| RESOURCES | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 Taxes on production and imports, receivable (10.1+10.2) | 8,923.0 | 9,310.9 | 9,829.0 | 10,551.3 | 11,174.0 | 9,744.2 | 11,410.9 | 12,945.4 | 14,994.1 |
| 10.1 Taxes on products, receivable | 8,128.6 | 8,492.0 | 9,023.0 | 9,707.8 | 10,242.3 | 8,890.0 | 10,593.7 | 12,041.3 | 13,967.0 |
| 10.2 Other taxes on production, receivable | 794.4 | 818.9 | 806.0 | 843.5 | 931.7 | 854.3 | 817.2 | 904.1 | 1,027.0 |
| 11 Subsidies, payable (11.1+11.2) | 621.7 | 622.5 | 659.7 | 595.3 | 649.4 | 1,715.5 | 1,272.7 | 1,306.0 | 1,582.0 |
| 11.1 Subsidies on products, payable | 201.4 | 237.8 | 266.0 | 189.4 | 143.6 | 140.2 | 97.4 | 762.4 | 1,064.3 |
| 11.2 Other subsidies on production, payable | 420.4 | 384.7 | 393.7 | 405.9 | 505.7 | 1,575.4 | 1,175.3 | 543.6 | 517.7 |
| 12 Property income, receivable (12.1+12.2) | 449.0 | 485.4 | 484.7 | 454.2 | 453.4 | 409.9 | 425.8 | 419.1 | 722.7 |
| 12.1 Interest, receivable | 143.7 | 113.8 | 115.0 | 124.3 | 93.3 | 97.6 | 80.6 | 104.1 | 280.3 |
| 12.2 Other property income, receivable | 305.4 | 371.6 | 369.7 | 329.9 | 360.1 | 312.3 | 345.3 | 315.0 | 442.4 |
| USES | 000.1 | 0, 1.0 | 000 | 020.0 | 000.1 | 0.2.0 | 0.0.0 | 0.0.0 | |
| 13 Property income, payable (13.1+13.2) | 1,564.0 | 1,459.7 | 1,311.0 | 1,197.2 | 1,203.9 | 1,005.5 | 896.7 | 930.4 | 1,294.6 |
| 13.1 Interest, payable | 1,563.9 | 1,458.2 | 1,308.9 | 1,195.2 | 1,202.2 | 1,004.4 | 895.9 | 929.5 | 1,293.9 |
| 13.2 Other property income, payable | 0.1 | 1.4 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 0.7 |
| 14 Balance of primary income, net (9+10-11+12-13) | 7,186.3 | 7,714.2 | 8,343.0 | 9,213.0 | 9,774.2 | 7,433.1 | 9,667.3 | 11,128.1 | 12,840.2 |
| IV SECONDARY DISTRIBUTION OF INCOME ACCOUNT | 7,100.0 | 7,717.2 | 0,040.0 | 3,210.0 | 3,114.2 | 7,400.1 | 3,007.5 | 11,120.1 | 12,040.2 |
| RESOURCES | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 Current taxes on income, wealth etc., receivable | 3,041.9 | 3,322.2 | 3,326.3 | 3,552.0 | 3,798.6 | 3,502.2 | 3,568.0 | 4,928.1 | 5,696.7 |
| 16 Net social contributions | 5,350.6 | 5,459.7 | 5,694.9 | 5,958.8 | 6,193.4 | 5,860.8 | 6,485.9 | 7,314.8 | 8,371.1 |
| 17 Other current transfers, receivable | 687.6 | 545.6 | 990.0 | 839.3 | 1,076.1 | 1,417.8 | 1,711.0 | 1,498.4 | 1,595.3 |
| USES | 007.0 | 343.0 | 550.0 | 000.0 | 1,070.1 | 1,417.0 | 1,711.0 | 1,450.4 | 1,000.0 |
| | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 18 Current taxes on income, wealth etc., payable | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 6.766.9 | 7.066.0 | 7 327 0 | 0.0 7 551 5 | 0.0 | |
| 19 Social benefits other than social transfers in kind, payable | 6,542.3 | 6,337.1 | 6,474.2 | 6,766.9 | 7,066.0 | 7,327.0 | 7,551.5 | 8,073.8 | 9,302.3 |
| 20 Social transfers in kind, payable | 1,121.4 | 1,098.8 | 1,115.7 | 1,126.7 | 1,189.0 | 1,254.6 | 1,323.6 | 1,433.5 | 1,620.4 |
| 21 Other current transfers, payable | 841.7 | 855.4 | 961.6 | 972.5 | 1,048.9 | 1,166.3 | 1,370.9 | 1,371.2 | 1,802.1 |
| 22 Disposable income, net (14+15+16+17-18-19-21) | 8,882.5 | 9,849.0 | 10,918.4 | 11,823.7 | 12,727.4 | 9,720.5 | 12,509.7 | 15,424.5 | 17,398.9 |
| V USE OF DISPOSABLE INCOME ACCOUNT | | | | | | | | | |
| USES | 40.005.0 | 10.410.0 | 40.044.4 | 44.047.5 | 44.644.5 | 40.005.0 | 40.450.7 | 44.075.0 | 40.040.5 |
| 23 Final consumption expenditure (23.1+23.2) | 10,325.9 | 10,449.3 | 10,841.4 | 11,317.5 | 11,911.5 | 12,625.8 | 13,458.7 | 14,275.0 | 16,613.6 |
| 23.1 Individual consumption expenditure | 5,290.8 | 5,356.1 | 5,532.1 | 5,793.9 | 6,079.1 | 6,648.0 | 7,014.7 | 7,407.1 | 8,624.5 |
| 23.2 Collective consumption expenditure | 5,035.0 | 5,093.2 | 5,309.3 | 5,523.6 | 5,832.5 | 5,977.8 | 6,443.9 | 6,867.9 | 7,989.1 |
| 24 Saving, net (22–23) | -1,443.4 | -600.3 | 76.9 | 506.3 | 815.8 | -2,905.2 | -949.0 | 1,149.5 | 785.3 |

| | 2015* | 2016* | 2017* | 2018* | 2019* | 2020* | 2021* | 2022* | 2023.* |
|--|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|---------|---------|
| CAPITAL ACCOUNT | | | | | | | | | |
| CHANGES IN ASSETS | | | | | | | | | |
| 25 Gross capital formation (25.1+25.2) | 1,579.7 | 1,491.0 | 1,291.9 | 1,822.0 | 2,374.1 | 2,882.9 | 2,851.6 | 3,148.0 | 4,282.6 |
| 25.1 Gross fixed capital formation | 1,576.7 | 1,487.9 | 1,295.9 | 1,809.5 | 2,356.8 | 2,818.4 | 2,786.4 | 2,719.0 | 4,339.2 |
| 25.2 Changes in inventories and acquisitions less disposals of valuables | 3.0 | 3.0 | -4.0 | 12.5 | 17.2 | 64.5 | 65.2 | 429.0 | -56.6 |
| 26 Acquisitions less disposals of non-financial non-produced assets | 29.5 | 36.3 | 8.9 | 18.9 | 26.6 | 36.4 | 34.0 | 22.8 | 109.9 |
| CHANGES IN LIABILITIES AND NET WORTH | | | | | | | | | |
| 27 Capital transfers, receivable | 288.8 | 563.4 | 322.9 | 344.1 | 723.9 | 872.4 | 923.7 | 1,071.7 | 1,946.9 |
| 28 Capital transfers, payable | 504.1 | 619.8 | 533.1 | 769.0 | 832.6 | 649.8 | 638.2 | 1,173.7 | 1,468.3 |
| 29 Net lending (+)/net borrowing (-) (24+4+27-28-25-26) | -1,597.8 | -495.6 | 272.1 | -22.4 | 124.2 | -3,670.2 | -1,488.7 | 94.6 | -667.4 |

* Revised data.

Methodology: ESA 2010.

Source: CBS

non-financial transactions. Also, this methodology includes specific guidance for recording revenues from greenhouse gas emission allowances, military equipment expenditure, proceeds from UMTS licenses, as well as for the revenue correction implemented under the super-dividend test and corrections associated with transactions with EU funds.

A detailed description of the methodology for compiling the Excessive Deficit Procedure Report and statistics of nonfinancial accounts of general government is posted on the CBS website in the document entitled EDP Inventory.

Quarterly non-financial accounts are reported only at the level of the entire general government sector, and not for its subsectors.

The sum of transactions in revenues and expenditures from quarterly non-financial accounts is equal to total revenue and expenditure in annual non-financial accounts. The first three quarters always show the best estimate of transactions based on available quarterly data sources and assessment methods.

Table I2 Main macro aggregates of general government in ESA 2010 accounts • The source of data for the compilation of Table I2 is the Croatian Bureau of Statistics (CBS) and the methodological basis for the compilation of macro aggregates of indicators in Table I2 is the same as for indicators in Table I1.

Table 12 shows the annual sequence of accounts of the general government sector according to ESA 2010, which describes the economic cycle from production and generation of income, through its distribution and redistribution, to use of disposable income for final consumption. The difference between disposable income and final consumption is the value of net saving that can be further used to accumulate non-financial or financial assets.

Non-financial accounts of the sector consist of current accounts and the capital account as the accumulation account. Current accounts include the production account, the generation of income account, the allocation of primary income account, the secondary distribution of income account and the use of disposable income account. Current accounts show resources, i.e. transactions that add to the economic value, and uses, i.e. transactions that reduce the economic value. The capital account shows changes in non-financial assets and liabilities and net worth of the sector. Aggregates that close out individual accounts are called balancing items and they can be presented on a gross or net basis. Gross value is the value before corrections for consumption of fixed capital.

The production account shows the total value of goods and services produced in a reference period. Total production for the government sector as a non-market producer is defined by means of production costs, i.e. it is equal to the sum of intermediate consumption, consumption of fixed capital, compensation of employees and taxes less subsidies on production. The difference between production and intermediate consumption is gross value added of the general government sector, while the sum of gross value added by all sectors in the economy is the value of gross domestic product according to the production approach.

The generation of income account is actually the first account of primary income allocation where the value added generated by production is distributed to production factors through compensation of employees and to the government through taxes and subsidies on production to generate a net operating surplus, which is according to ESA equal to zero for a non-market producer. The following account presents primary allocation of property income, i.e. interest, dividends and rent to owners of financial and non-financial non-produced assets, and taxes which the government receives on production and imports, as well as net subsidies as paid current transfers on production and products. The secondary distribution of income account shows revenues and expenditures from taxes on income and wealth and other current transfers. The resources side of the same account shows net social contributions, while the uses side shows social transfers in cash and in kind. Both accounts show effects of one of the basic government functions, that is the redistribution of income. The balancing item of the secondary distribution of income is disposable income which, reduced by final consumption expenditure (in ESA 2010, only general government, households and non-profit institutions serving households have final consumption expenditure) of the government in the next account (the use of disposable income account), shows saving of the general government sector. The capital account, which is the last in the sequence of non-financial accounts, records acquisitions and disposals of non-financial assets and capital transfers. The balancing item of the capital account is net lending/borrowing (the main surplus/deficit measure under ESA), where net lending represents the amount which the sector has available to lend to other sectors, while net borrowing represents the amount the sector must borrow from other sectors. This aggregate is the basic measure of government surplus/deficit under ESA 2010 and it is identical to that in Table I1.

Table I3 General government debt

| end of | period, | in | million | EUR |
|--------|---------|----|---------|-----|
| | | | | |

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | 2024 |
|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Dec. | Mar. | Jun. | Sep. | Oct. |
| 1 Domestic debt of general government ^a | 29,790.2 | 30,119.8 | 31,426.2 | 34,136.4 | 34,768.5 | 34,405.5 | 35,040.4 | 35,029.6 |
| 1.1 Domestic debt of central government | 28,795.7 | 28,973.2 | 30,382.5 | 33,096.9 | 33,848.0 | 33,523.2 | 34,172.0 | 34,150.3 |
| Currency and deposits | 45.5 | 46.7 | 47.6 | 53.8 | 58.1 | 62.1 | 59.9 | 61.1 |
| Short-term debt securities | 2,342.2 | 2,042.0 | 1,733.9 | 2,081.4 | 2,991.8 | 2,739.6 | 2,906.9 | 2,906.9 |
| Long-term debt securities | 20,062.5 | 20,708.7 | 21,967.8 | 24,565.1 | 24,570.7 | 24,646.7 | 25,271.7 | 25,275.6 |
| Short-term debt loans | 77.5 | 58.3 | 56.3 | 29.7 | 120.5 | 112.8 | 50.4 | 45.4 |
| Long-term debt loans | 6,267.9 | 6,117.5 | 6,576.8 | 6,366.9 | 6,106.9 | 5,962.0 | 5,883.1 | 5,861.3 |
| 1.2 Domestic debt of social security funds | 144.0 | 142.5 | 109.1 | 94.4 | 89.6 | 89.5 | 89.2 | 89.5 |
| Currency and deposits | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Short-term debt securities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Long-term debt securities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Short-term debt loans | 144.0 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.9 |
| Long-term debt loans | 0.0 | 141.3 | 107.6 | 92.5 | 87.5 | 87.5 | 87.5 | 87.5 |
| 1.3 Domestic debt of local government | 1,241.6 | 1,457.2 | 1,286.3 | 1,238.4 | 1,081.6 | 1,047.8 | 1,042.0 | 1,054.0 |
| Currency and deposits | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Short-term debt securities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Long-term debt securities | 0.0 | 8.9 | 8.9 | 8.9 | 8.9 | 8.9 | 8.9 | 8.9 |
| Short-term debt loans | 241.3 | 187.7 | 106.0 | 104.1 | 89.8 | 56.4 | 61.8 | 60.9 |
| Long-term debt loans | 1,000.2 | 1,260.6 | 1,171.4 | 1,125.4 | 982.9 | 982.4 | 971.3 | 984.3 |
| 2 External debt of general government | 14,091.8 | 15,509.1 | 14,921.1 | 14,126.0 | 14,821.4 | 14,712.4 | 14,938.1 | 14,894.5 |
| 2.1 External debt of central government | 14,041.8 | 15,459.8 | 14,822.8 | 14,080.5 | 14,775.9 | 14,666.9 | 14,892.6 | 14,849.0 |
| Currency and deposits | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Short-term debt securities | 27.9 | 230.3 | 7.5 | 9.9 | 26.8 | 30.2 | 31.1 | 31.1 |
| Long-term debt securities | 8,393.8 | 9,034.3 | 8,121.1 | 7,440.4 | 7,609.8 | 7,522.7 | 7,410.8 | 7,407.0 |
| Short-term debt loans | 83.0 | 55.4 | 20.0 | 56.5 | 36.0 | 63.0 | 69.0 | 64.0 |
| Long-term debt loans | 5,537.0 | 6,139.8 | 6,674.2 | 6,573.6 | 7,103.3 | 7,050.9 | 7,381.7 | 7,346.9 |
| 2.2 External debt of social security funds | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Currency and deposits | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Short-term debt securities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Long-term debt securities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Short-term debt loans | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Long-term debt loans | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 2.3 External debt of local government | 50.0 | 49.3 | 98.2 | 45.5 | 45.5 | 45.5 | 45.5 | 45.5 |
| Currency and deposits | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Short-term debt securities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Long-term debt securities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Short-term debt loans | 0.0 | 0.0 | 50.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Long-term debt loans | 50.0 | 49.3 | 48.2 | 45.5 | 45.5 | 45.5 | 45.5 | 45.5 |
| Total general government debt (1+2) | 43,881.9 | 45,628.9 | 46,347.3 | 48,262.4 | 49,589.8 | 49,117.9 | 49,978.5 | 49,924.1 |
| Supplement: General government guarantees | | | | | | | | |
| Domestic debt | 298.6 | 331.0 | 729.5 | 662.2 | 681.6 | 672.8 | 723.7 | 731.1 |
| o/w: Guarantees for CBRD loans | 229.6 | 248.6 | 349.9 | 469.3 | 436.7 | 421.0 | 408.9 | 425.5 |
| External debt | 324.7 | 349.1 | 302.7 | 280.7 | 281.5 | 271.4 | 272.1 | 272.4 |

 $^{\mathrm{a}}$ Domestic debt of general government = (1.1 + 1.2 + 1.3 - consolidation elements).

Table I3 General government debt (ESA 2010) • Table I3 shows the stock of general government debt in accordance with the European system of national and regional accounts 2010 (ESA 2010) and in line with the Eurostat Manual on Government Deficit and Debt.

As from 31 December 2010, a sector classification of institutional units in the Republic of Croatia is used, in accordance with the Decision on the statistical classification of institutional sectors officially adopted and published by the Croatian

Bureau of Statistics, which is based on the ESA 2010 methodology that divides the general government into the following subsectors: central government, social security funds and local government. Under the sector classification ESA 2010, the central government comprises, in addition to central government authorities, the Croatian Radiotelevision, the Croatian Bank for Reconstruction and Development (hereinafter: the CBRD), the State Agency for Deposit Insurance and Bank Resolution and public corporations that meet methodological

criteria, the most important of which are Croatian Railways Infrastructure, Rijeka – Zagreb Motorway and Croatian Motorways. According to the ESA 2010 methodology, social security funds include the Croatian Pension Insurance Administration, the Croatian Institute for Health Insurance and the Croatian Employment Service.

The source of primary data for domestic and external debt are general government units (the Ministry of Finance of the Republic of Croatia and other units of government authorities system, units of local and regional self-government, non-financial corporations allocated to the statistical definition of general government sector, etc.) in the part that relates to cash and deposits, treasury bills, bonds and foreign loans, and the Croatian National Bank in the part relating to loans of resident banks, the CBRD and the Croatian National Bank. Up to November 2010, data on resident bank loans were based on the reporting system in accordance with the Decision relating to the bank statistical report and from December 2010, the data are based on the reporting system in accordance with the Decision on statistical and supervisory reporting.

Data are divided by creditor to domestic and external debt and by instrument categories, in accordance with ESA 2010, to cash and deposits, short-term debt securities, long-term debt securities, and loans.

The stock of the category cash and deposits includes cash and deposits of other sectors of economy held by units of general government sector.

The stock of the category short-term debt securities includes short-term debt securities with original maturity up to and including one year, such as treasury bills of the Ministry of Finance (issued in kuna, with a currency clause or denominated in foreign currency), eurobills of the Ministry of Finance and other money market instruments.

The stock of the category long-term debt securities includes

long-term debt securities with original maturity of over one year, such as bonds issued on the domestic and foreign markets and long-term T-bills of the Ministry of Finance. Bonds issued abroad in one foreign currency and swapped into another foreign currency are treated as debt denominated in the currency of the swap transaction.

Starting from February 2002, debt securities issued abroad, owned by resident institutional units at the end of the reference period, were reclassified from external into domestic debt. Starting from December 2005, debt securities issued in the domestic market, owned by non-resident institutional units at the end of the reference period, were reclassified from domestic into external debt.

Loans include loans received from resident and non-resident creditors and, in accordance with the ESA 2010 methodology, assumed state-guaranteed loans given to institutional units whose guarantees were activated within a period of three years (the so-called third call criterion) or loans transferred by agreement from the original debtor to the state. In addition, harmonisation was carried out in conjunction with the methodology of the treatment of public-private partnerships and concessions.

The stock of T-bills regardless of original maturity is shown at nominal value, i.e. with the entire discount included. The stocks of bonds and loans include outstanding principal value, excluding accrued interest.

The stock of debt of a specific subsector of general government is consolidated within the subsector; the stock of domestic general government debt is also consolidated among the subsectors

Shown below is data on the total stock of general government guarantees issued, reduced by guarantees given to other general government units. The sources of data are identical to those for loans.

J Non-financial statistics - selected data

Table J1 Consumer price and industrial producer price indices

| Year | Month | | | | Basic indices | | Mon | thly rate of | change (in %) | | Anı | nual rate of o | change (in %) |
|------|-----------|-------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|-------|------------|--------------|---------------------------------|-------|-----------|----------------|---------------------------------|
| | | | Consu indices (2 | mer price 015=100) | Producer prices ^a | Cons | sumer pric | e indices | Producer prices ^a | Cons | umer pric | ce indices | Producer prices ^a |
| | | Total | Goods | Services | (2021=100)b | Total | Goods | Services | | Total | Goods | Services | |
| 2009 | December | 91.9 | 90.7 | 96.5 | | -0.6 | -0.7 | 0.2 | | 1.9 | 1.3 | 3.9 | |
| 2010 | December | 93.6 | 92.8 | 96.8 | 87.9 | 0.0 | 0.1 | -0.1 | | 1.8 | 2.2 | 0.3 | |
| 2011 | December | 95.6 | 95.5 | 95.8 | 92.9 | -0.4 | -0.4 | -0.4 | | 2.1 | 3.0 | -1.1 | |
| 2012 | December | 100.0 | 100.8 | 97.7 | 99.3 | -0.1 | -0.1 | -0.3 | | 4.7 | 5.5 | 2.0 | |
| 2013 | December | 100.3 | 101.0 | 98.1 | 96.7 | -0.2 | -0.2 | 0.0 | | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.4 | |
| 2014 | December | 99.8 | 99.8 | 99.9 | 93.5 | -0.9 | -1.1 | 0.0 | | -0.5 | -1.2 | 1.8 | |
| 2015 | December | 99.2 | 99.0 | 99.9 | 89.6 | -0.6 | -0.8 | 0.1 | | -0.6 | -0.8 | 0.0 | |
| 2016 | December | 99.4 | 99.3 | 99.8 | 89.7 | -0.2 | -0.3 | 0.2 | | 0.2 | 0.3 | -0.1 | |
| 2017 | December | 100.6 | 100.6 | 100.7 | 91.5 | -0.3 | -0.5 | 0.1 | -0.1 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.0 | |
| 2018 | December | 101.5 | 101.4 | 101.9 | 92.1 | -0.8 | -1.2 | 0.2 | -1.1 | 8.0 | 0.7 | 1.1 | 0.5 |
| 2019 | December | 102.9 | 102.7 | 103.4 | 93.5 | -0.1 | -0.2 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.4 |
| 2020 | December | 102.2 | 101.2 | 105.2 | 92.4 | -0.6 | -0.8 | 0.0 | 1.0 | -0.7 | -1.5 | 1.8 | -1.2 |
| 2021 | December | 107.8 | 108.0 | 107.0 | 110.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.8 | 5.5 | 6.7 | 1.7 | 19.6 |
| 2022 | December | 121.9 | 124.1 | 115.4 | 132.7 | -0.3 | -0.7 | 0.7 | -2.6 | 13.1 | 14.9 | 7.9 | 19.9 |
| 2023 | December | 127.4 | 128.9 | 122.7 | 133.5 | -0.5 | -0.7 | 0.1 | -0.6 | 4.5 | 3.9 | 6.3 | 0.7 |
| 2024 | January | 126.9 | 127.9 | 123.6 | 132.3 | -0.4 | -0.8 | 7.0 | -0.9 | 4.1 | 3.5 | 5.9 | -1.1 |
| | February | 127.1 | 128.0 | 124.2 | 132.4 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 4.1 | 3.3 | 6.4 | -1.7 |
| | March | 128.2 | 129.3 | 124.7 | 132.7 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 4.1 | 3.2 | 6.6 | -2.1 |
| | April | 129.1 | 130.2 | 125.6 | 130.2 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.7 | -1.9 | 3.7 | 2.9 | 6.3 | -2.2 |
| | May | 129.1 | 130.0 | 126.3 | 124.8 | 0.1 | -0.1 | 0.5 | -4.1 | 3.3 | 2.3 | 6.1 | -4.6 |
| | June | 129.2 | 129.8 | 127.0 | 125.9 | 0.0 | -0.2 | 0.6 | 0.9 | 2.4 | 1.3 | 5.5 | -4.9 |
| | July | 129.2 | 128.9 | 129.5 | 128.0 | 0.0 | -0.7 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 2.2 | 1.0 | 5.8 | -4.5 |
| | August | 129.2 | 128.6 | 130.5 | 127.4 | 0.0 | -0.3 | 0.8 | -0.5 | 1.8 | 0.3 | 5.9 | -5.7 |
| | September | 129.7 | 129.5 | 129.6 | 127.2 | 0.4 | 0.7 | -0.7 | -0.2 | 1.6 | 0.0 | 6.2 | -6.4 |
| | October | 131.1 | 131.7 | 128.9 | 127.7 | 1.1 | 1.7 | -0.5 | 0.4 | 2.2 | 1.2 | 5.1 | -4.9 |
| | November | 131.6 | 132.5 | 128.8 | 127.4 | 0.4 | 0.6 | -0.1 | -0.2 | 2.8 | 2.0 | 5.1 | -5.3 |
| | December | 131.8 | 132.4 | 129.5 | 130.5 | 0.1 | -0.1 | 0.6 | 2.4 | 3.4 | 2.7 | 5.6 | -2.3 |

^a On the domestic market.

Source: Croatian Bureau of Statistics

Table J1 Consumer price and industrial producer price indi-

ces • Consumer price index (CPI) is used as a general measure of inflation in the Republic of Croatia and reflects the changes in prices of goods and services acquired, used or paid over time by a reference population (private households) for consumption purposes. In addition, it is used to guarantee the value of contracts with index clauses (e.g. for indexing wages and salaries in collective agreements, for indexing pensions, etc.), as well as for the comparison of the price movements within a particular country between different economy sectors, it can serve as a basis for deflating individual categories of national accounts data and other statistical series, as well as for for analytical purposes. Industrial producer price index measures the changes of producer prices of manufactured goods produced in the Republic of Croatia and sold by producers on the domestic (Croatian) and/or the non-domestic (non-Croatian) market. Industrial producer price index on the domestic market measures the changes of producer prices of manufactured goods that are produced and sold by producers on the domestic (Croatian) market.

Table J1a Harmonised indices of consumer prices • Harmonised index of consumer prices (HICP) is a set of consumer price indices calculated according to a harmonised approach and a special set of definitions, which enable a comparable measure of inflation in the euro area, the European Union, the European Economic Area and in candidate countries.

CPI and HICP are calculated on the basis of the same representative basket of goods and services. The main difference is the coverage of the population (HICP includes the total consumption of institutional households and non-residents in the economic territory and this consumption is not included in the national consumer price index). While the consumer price index is most often applied as a general measure of inflation within the national framework, the harmonised index of consumer prices is a comparable measure of inflation among the countries of the European Union.

HICP-CT is the harmonised index of consumer prices where the rates of taxes on products are kept constant in the observation period compared to the reference period, i.e. through time. In the event of a tax rate change, the difference between the current HICP-CT and HICP would indicate the effect of the tax rate change on price changes assuming tax changes are passed on instantaneously and fully.

^b Data based on new year 2021=100 are available as of January 2010.

Table J1a Harmonised indices of consumer prices

| | | | | | a d | Dasic illuices (2013=100) | (001-010 | | | | NIOIIII) | Monthly rate of change | 11ge (III %) | | | | Annua | Annual rate ot cnange (in %) | inge (in 20) |
|------|-----------|-------|---|-----------------------|-------|---|---------------------------------------|-------------|---|-------------------------|----------|---|---|-------|--|---|-------|---|--|
| | | ö | Harmonised index of consumer prices (HICP) | d index of des (HICP) | nsuoo | Harmonised index of consumer prices at cnstant tax rate (HICP - CT) | d index of at cnstant ICP - CT) | 00 | Harmonised index of consumer prices (HICP) | d index of es (HICP) | consul | Harmonised index mer prices at cnsta tax rate (HICP - C | larmonised index of er prices at cnstant tax rate (HICP - CT) | 00 | Harmonised index of consumer prices (HICP) | Harmonised index of nsumer prices (HICP) | consc | Harmonised Imer prices a tax rate (HI | armonised index of er prices at cnstant tax rate (HICP - CT) |
| | | Total | Goods | Services | Total | Goods | Services | Total | Goods | Services | Total | Goods | Services | Total | Goods | Services | Total | Goods | Services |
| 2006 | December | 82.6 | 82.7 | 83.9 | 85.7 | 86.8 | 84.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 1.9 | 3.8 |
| 2007 | December | 87.1 | 87.8 | 86.1 | 90.5 | 92.5 | 86.5 | 6.0 | 1:1 | 0.2 | 0.0 | Ξ: | 0.2 | 5.4 | 6.3 | 2.7 | 5.6 | 6.5 | 2.7 |
| 2008 | December | 89.6 | 89.8 | 90.2 | 93.1 | 94.6 | 90.6 | -0.7 | 6.0- | 0.3 | 7.0- | 6.0 | 0.3 | 2.8 | 2.3 | 4.7 | 2.8 | 2.3 | 4.7 |
| 2009 | December | 91.2 | 91.0 | 93.5 | 93.5 | 94.3 | 93.4 | 9.0- | -0.9 | 0.1 | 9.0- | 6.0 | 0.1 | 1.8 | 1.3 | 3.7 | 0.5 | -0.3 | 3.2 |
| 2010 | December | 92.8 | 93.0 | 93.8 | 94.9 | 96.1 | 93.7 | -0.1 | 0.0 | -0.3 | -0.1 | 0.0 | -0.3 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 0.3 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 0.3 |
| 2011 | December | 94.8 | 95.7 | 93.4 | 97.0 | 0.66 | 93.3 | -0.4 | -0.4 | -0.4 | -0.4 | -0.4 | -0.3 | 2.1 | 2.9 | -0.4 | 2.2 | 3.0 | -0.4 |
| 2012 | December | 98.9 | 100.7 | 95.2 | 100.2 | 103.0 | 94.4 | -0.1 | -0.1 | -0.3 | -0.1 | 0.0 | -0.3 | 4.4 | 5.3 | 1.9 | 3.3 | 4.1 | 1.1 |
| 2013 | December | 99.4 | 101.2 | 95.7 | 100.1 | 102.0 | 96.3 | -0.3 | -0.4 | -0.3 | -0.3 | -0.4 | -0.3 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.5 | -0.1 | -1.0 | 2.0 |
| 2014 | December | 99.3 | 6.66 | 98.1 | 99.5 | 100.3 | 98.1 | -0.7 | -1.0 | 0.1 | 7.0- | -1.0 | 0.1 | -0.1 | -1.2 | 2.5 | 9.0- | -1.7 | 1.8 |
| 2015 | December | 0.66 | 99.1 | 98.7 | 98.9 | 98.9 | 98.7 | 9.0- | 6.0- | 0.0 | 9.0- | 6.0 | 0.0 | -0.3 | -0.8 | 0.7 | -0.7 | -1.3 | 0.7 |
| 2016 | December | 26.7 | 6.66 | 99.3 | 99.5 | 9.66 | 99.3 | 0.0 | -0.2 | 0.3 | -0.1 | 4.0 | 0.3 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.5 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 0.5 |
| 2017 | December | 101.0 | 101.1 | 100.6 | 100.7 | 101.3 | 99.5 | -0.3 | -0.5 | -0.1 | -0.4 | 9.0- | 1.0- | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.8 | 0.2 |
| 2018 | December | 102.0 | 101.9 | 102.1 | 101.5 | 101.7 | 100.9 | 9.0- | 1.1 | 0.3 | 6.0- | -1.5 | 0.3 | 1.0 | 0.7 | 1.5 | 0.8 | 0.3 | 1.5 |
| 2019 | December | 103.2 | 103.0 | 103.8 | 103.6 | 104.1 | 102.6 | -0.1 | -0.3 | 0.2 | -0.1 | -0.3 | 0.2 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 1.6 |
| 2020 | December | 103.0 | 101.8 | 105.2 | 103.5 | 102.4 | 105.5 | 4.0- | -0.6 | 0.0 | -0.4 | 9.0 | 0.0 | -0.3 | -1.2 | 1.4 | -0.1 | -1.6 | 2.8 |
| 2021 | December | 108.3 | 108.4 | 107.6 | 108.6 | 108.7 | 107.9 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 5.2 | 6.5 | 2.3 | 5.0 | 6.2 | 2.3 |
| 2022 | December | 122.0 | 123.5 | 118.3 | 124.2 | 126.5 | 118.7 | -0.1 L.0 | -0.5 | 0.8 | -0.1 | -0.5 | 0.8 | 12.7 | 13.9 | 6.6 | 14.3 | 16.3 | 10.0 |
| 2023 | December | 128.6 | 128.5 | 127.9 | 130.8 | 131.7 | 128.3 | -0.3 | 9.0- | 0.3 | -0.3 | 9.0- | 0.3 | 5.4 | 4.1 | 8.1 | 5.4 | 4.1 | 8.1 |
| 2024 | January | 128.2 | 127.7 | 128.5 | 130.4 | 130.8 | 129.0 | -0.3 | -0.7 | 0.5 | -0.3 | -0.7 | 0.5 | 4.8 | 3.6 | 7.4 | 4.8 | 3.6 | 7.4 |
| | February | 128.6 | 127.8 | 129.5 | 130.8 | 130.9 | 129.9 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.7 | 4.8 | 3.4 | 7.8 | 4.8 | 3.4 | 7.8 |
| | March | 129.7 | 128.9 | 130.6 | 132.0 | 132.1 | 131.1 | 6.0 | 0.9 | 6.0 | 6:0 | 0.9 | 6:0 | 4.9 | 3.4 | 8.0 | 4.9 | 3.4 | 8.1 |
| | April | 131.1 | 129.8 | 132.8 | 133.4 | 133.0 | 133.3 | 1.0 | 0.7 | 1.7 | 1.0 | 0.7 | 1.7 | 4.7 | 3.2 | 7.9 | 4.7 | 3.2 | 8.0 |
| | May | 131.3 | 129.7 | 133.8 | 133.6 | 132.9 | 134.3 | 0.2 | -0.1 | 0.8 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.8 | 4.3 | 2.7 | 7.8 | 4.3 | 2.7 | 7.8 |
| | June | 132.3 | 129.6 | 137.2 | 134.7 | 132.8 | 137.7 | 0.8 | -0.1 | 2.5 | 0.8 | 6.1 | 2.5 | 3.5 | 1.8 | 7.0 | 3.5 | 1.8 | 7.0 |
| | July | 133.7 | 129.0 | 142.7 | 135.9 | 131.9 | 143.2 | 1.0 | -0.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | -0.7 | 4.0 | 3.3 | 1.4 | 7.2 | 3.2 | 1.2 | 7.2 |
| | August | 133.8 | 128.7 | 143.9 | 136.0 | 131.6 | 144.4 | 0.1 | -0.3 | 0.8 | 0.1 | 9.3 | 0.8 | 3.0 | 0.7 | 7.6 | 2.8 | 0.5 | 7.6 |
| | September | 133.1 | 129.8 | 139.3 | 135.3 | 132.7 | 139.8 | -0.5 | 0.9 | -3.2 | 9.0- | 0.9 | -3.2 | 3.1 | 9.0 | 8.2 | 2.9 | 0.4 | 8.2 |
| | October | 134.1 | 131.9 | 138.1 | 136.3 | 134.8 | 138.6 | 0.8 | 1.6 | 6.0- | 0.8 | 1.6 | 6.0- | 3.6 | 1.7 | 7.5 | 3.4 | 1.5 | 7.5 |
| | November | 134.1 | 132.4 | 136.8 | 136.3 | 135.4 | 137.3 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 6.0- | 0.0 | 0.4 | 6.0- | 4.0 | 2.5 | 7.3 | 3.9 | 2.3 | 7.3 |
| | December | 134.3 | 132.4 | 137.7 | 136.6 | 135.3 | 138.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 9.0 | 4.5 | 3.0 | 7.7 | 4.4 | 2.8 | 7.7 |

Table J2 Core consumer price indices

| | Year | Month | | | | Index, 2015 = 100 | | | Monthly rates | Monthly rates of change (in %) | | | Annual rates | Annual rates of change (in %) |
|--|------|-----------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|-------|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| with classification of protein line of the | | | | Consumer price indices (CPI) | Har | monised index of ner prices (HICP) | O. | Consumer rice indices (CPI) | Har | monised index of ner prices (HICP) | O. | Consumer rice indices (CPI) | Harr | monised index of ner prices (HICP) |
| Description 940 846 627 -0.7 -1.2 | | | Overall index excluding energy | Φ | Overall index excluding energy ^b | Overall index excluding energy, food, alcohol and tobacoob |)vera | Overall index excluding energy, food, beverages and tobaccoal | Overall index excluding energy ^b | Overall index excluding energy, food, alcohol and tobacoo | Overall index excluding energy ^a | UOverall index excluding energy, food, beverages and tobaccoa | Overall index excluding energyb ^b | Overall index excluding energy, food, alcohol and tobacoob |
| December 946 946 946 -14 -04 -14 -04 -14 -0 | 2009 | December | 94.0 | | 92.7 | 96.2 | -0.7 | -1.3 | -0.7 | -1.2 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 1.3 |
| December 984 989 -0.4 < | 2010 | December | 94.6 | | 93.2 | 96.1 | -0.3 | 1.1 | 4.0- | -1.1 | 9.0 | -0.1 | 0.5 | 0.0 |
| Discussion 991 972 -02 -12 -01 -03 0.5 | 2011 | December | 96.4 | | 95.0 | 96.8 | -0.4 | -0.8 | -0.4 | -0.7 | 1.9 | 0.4 | 2.0 | 9.0 |
| Conservation 992 982 977 -04 -10 -05 <t< td=""><th>2012</th><td>December</td><td>99.1</td><td></td><td>7.76</td><td>97.9</td><td>-0.2</td><td>1.2</td><td>-0.1</td><td>-0.8</td><td>2.8</td><td>0.8</td><td>2.8</td><td>1.2</td></t<> | 2012 | December | 99.1 | | 7.76 | 97.9 | -0.2 | 1.2 | -0.1 | -0.8 | 2.8 | 0.8 | 2.8 | 1.2 |
| Operation 992 984 987 -047 -10 -045 -047 -049 04 </td <th>2013</th> <td>December</td> <td>3.66</td> <td></td> <td>98.2</td> <td>97.7</td> <td>-0.4</td> <td>1.0</td> <td>-0.5</td> <td>6.0-</td> <td>0.3</td> <td>-0.5</td> <td>0.6</td> <td>-0.2</td> | 2013 | December | 3.66 | | 98.2 | 97.7 | -0.4 | 1.0 | -0.5 | 6.0- | 0.3 | -0.5 | 0.6 | -0.2 |
| Description 997 1003 99.5 -0.6 -0.7 -0.5 -0.6 | 2014 | December | 3.66 | | 98.7 | 98.7 | -0.7 | 1.0 | -0.5 | -0.7 | -0.1 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 17 |
| bearing (01) (02) (02) (10) (10) (02) (10) | 2015 | December | 99.7 | | 99.3 | 99.5 | 9.0- | -0.7 | -0.5 | 9.0- | 0.4 | 0.5 | 9.0 | 0.8 |
| desembler (1) (1) | 2016 | December | 100.1 | | 100.2 | 100.2 | -0.4 | 1.0 | -0.2 | 9.0- | 0.5 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 0.7 |
| december 1024 1024 -0.4 -0.4 -0.2 -0.2 -0.5 | 2017 | December | 101.6 | | 101.5 | 101.2 | -0.5 | -0.7 | -0.4 | 9.0- | 1.1 | 6.0 | 1.3 | 1.1 |
| december 103 d 102 d 12 d | 2018 | December | 102.4 | | 102.6 | 102.3 | -0.4 | -0.8 | -0.2 | -0.5 | 0.8 | 9.0 | 1.1 | 1.0 |
| december (128) | 2019 | December | 103.4 | | 103.6 | 102.9 | -0.2 | <u></u> | -0.2 | 9.0- | 1.0 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 9.0 |
| december 163 164 0.6 0.7 0.7 0.2 0.3 4.4 2.4 4.1 4.2 4.1 4.2 4.1 4.2 4.2 4.1 4.2 5.2 4.2 4.2 4.2 5.2 5.2 4.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5. | 2020 | December | 103.8 | | 104.2 | 103.6 | -1.0 | -1.2 | -0.7 | -0.8 | 0.4 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 9.0 |
| Locamber 12.6 112.6 < | 2021 | December | 108.3 | | 108.6 | 106.2 | 0.1 | -0.7 | 0.2 | -0.3 | 4.4 | 2.4 | 4.1 | 2.5 |
| december 128 128 128 0.4 0.6 0.1 0.2 6.5 5.5 5.7 6.2 January 128.1 128.2 128.2 128.4 0.4 0.1 0.2 | 2022 | December | 121.8 | | 122.0 | 117.4 | 9.0 | 0.2 | 0.7 | 0.4 | 12.5 | 6.6 | 12.4 | 10.5 |
| January 1281 1202 1234 -04 -12 -03 -69 60 60 69 69 69 69 69 69 69 69 69 69 69 69 69 69 69 70 | 2023 | December | 128.6 | | 129.6 | 124.5 | -0.3 | 9.0- | -0.1 | -0.2 | 5.5 | 5.1 | 6.2 | 6.1 |
| y 1280 120 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.3 4.8 4.4 5.3 129.3 12.1 130.6 125.6 1.0 1.4 4.6 4.5 5.3 130.4 12.2 12.2 1.0 1.0 1.2 1.4 4.5 4.1 5.1 130.4 12.2 12.2 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.4 0.5 3.6 4.1 5.1 5.1 130.4 123.5 13.4 12.8 0.3 0.2 0.4 0.5 | 2024 | January | 128.1 | | 129.2 | 123.4 | 4.0- | 1.2 | -0.3 | 6.0- | 5.0 | 4.4 | 5.5 | 5.2 |
| 129.3 122.1 130.6 125.5 1.0 1.4 1.0 1.4 4.6 4.5 5.3 130.4 122.2 122.2 127.2 0.9 1.0 1.2 1.4 4.5 4.1 5.1 5.1 130.4 123.2 122.2 127.9 0.3 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.5 3.6 | | February | 128.0 | | 129.3 | 123.8 | -0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 4.8 | 4.4 | 5.3 | 5.3 |
| 130.4 123.2 132.2 127.2 6.9 1.0 1.2 1.4 4.2 4.1 5.1 130.8 123.7 132.8 127.9 0.3 0.3 0.4 0.5 3.6 4.5 4.5 4.5 131.1 123.2 134.1 129.6 0.2 0.6 0.9 1.2 2.9 3.5 3.5 3.5 130.7 123.2 135.3 131.1 0.3 0.6 0.3 0.2 2.8 3.2 3.5 3.5 131.0 123.2 135.8 130.3 0.7 1.0 0.4 0.8 3.2 3.5 3.5 3.5 131.2 135.4 136.1 130.9 1.0 1.0 0.4 0.8 3.5 | | March | 129.3 | | 130.6 | 125.5 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 5.3 | 5.4 |
| 1308 123.6 123.6 123.6 0.3 0.3 0.4 0.5 3.6 3.6 4.5 131.1 123.2 134.1 129.6 0.2 1.0 1.4 2.9 3.5 3.8 3.8 ber 130.7 123.2 135.3 131.1 -0.3 0.6 0.3 0.2 2.8 3.2 3.9 3.9 ber 131.2 135.2 130.3 0.7 1.0 0.4 0.8 3.3 3.4 4.5 r 133.3 125.7 136.1 130.9 1.0 0.1 0.4 0.6 3.5 2.9 4.7 ser 133.4 125.7 136.1 130.2 0.1 0.1 0.4 0.6 3.8 3.1 4.8 ser 133.4 125.4 136.2 130.2 0.1 0.2 0.6 3.8 3.1 4.8 | | April | 130.4 | | 132.2 | 127.2 | 6:0 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 5.1 | 5.2 |
| 131.1 123.2 134.1 129.6 0.2 0.2 1.0 1.4 2.9 3.5 3.8 130.7 123.2 135.3 131.1 -0.3 -0.6 0.9 1.2 2.7 3.2 3.7 ber 131.0 125.2 135.3 137.3 0.7 0.4 0.8 3.3 3.4 4.5 r 133.3 125.7 136.1 130.9 1.0 0.1 0.7 0.6 3.5 2.9 4.7 ser 133.4 125.7 136.1 130.2 0.1 0.1 0.4 0.6 3.4 2.7 4.5 ser 133.4 125.4 136.2 130.2 0.1 0.1 0.4 0.6 3.4 2.7 4.5 ser 133.4 125.4 136.2 130.2 0.0 0.2 0.6 3.8 3.1 4.8 | | May | 130.8 | | 132.8 | 127.9 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 4.5 | 4.9 |
| 1307 1232 135.8 131.1 -0.3 -0.6 0.9 1.2 2.7 3.2 3.7 ber 131.0 123.2 135.8 131.3 0.2 0.0 0.3 0.2 0.8 3.3 3.4 4.5 r 131.3 124.4 136.2 130.2 1.0 1.0 0.7 0.8 3.3 3.4 4.5 ser 133.4 125.7 136.6 130.2 0.1 0.1 0.4 0.6 3.4 2.7 4.5 ser 133.4 125.4 136.2 130.2 0.1 0.1 0.4 0.6 3.4 2.7 4.5 ser 133.4 135.6 130.2 0.0 -0.2 0.0 3.8 3.1 4.8 | | June | 131.1 | | 134.1 | 129.6 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 2.9 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 4.4 |
| ber 13.0 12.8 13.1 0.2 0.0 0.3 0.2 2.8 3.9 3.9 3.9 ber 13.1 13.2 | | July | 130.7 | | 135.3 | 131.1 | -0.3 | 9.0- | 0.0 | 1.2 | 2.7 | 3.2 | 3.7 | 4.3 |
| 131.9 124.4 136.2 130.3 0.7 1.0 -0.4 -0.8 3.3 3.4 4.5 133.3 125.7 136.1 130.9 1.0 1.0 0.7 0.5 3.5 2.9 4.7 133.4 125.4 136.8 130.2 0.0 -0.2 0.2 0.0 3.8 3.1 4.8 | | August | 131.0 | | 135.8 | 131.3 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 2.8 | 3.2 | 3.9 | 4.4 |
| 133.3 125.7 136.6 130.2 1.0 1.0 0.7 0.5 3.5 2.9 4.7 133.4 125.7 136.6 130.2 0.1 -0.1 -0.4 -0.6 3.4 2.7 4.5 133.4 125.4 136.8 130.2 0.0 -0.2 0.2 0.0 3.8 3.1 4.8 | | September | 131.9 | | 135.2 | 130.3 | 0.7 | 1.0 | -0.4 | -0.8 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 4.5 | 4.8 |
| . 133.4 125.7 135.6 130.2 0.1 -0.1 -0.4 -0.6 3.4 2.7 4.5 | | October | 133.5 | | 136.1 | 130.9 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 3.5 | 2.9 | 4.7 | 4.5 |
| 133.4 125.4 135.8 130.2 0.0 -0.2 0.2 0.0 3.8 3.1 4.8 | | November | 133.4 | | 135.6 | 130.2 | 0.1 | 1.0- | -0.4 | 9.0- | 3.4 | 2.7 | 4.5 | 4.3 |
| | | December | 133.4 | | 135.8 | 130.2 | 0.0 | -0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 3.8 | 3.1 | 4.8 | 4.6 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Table J2 Core consumer price indices • The index of consumer prices excluding energy is calculated by the Croatian Bureau of Statistics in such a manner that energy prices, whose share in the consumer price index basket in 2023 is 16,19%, are excluded from the overall consumer price index basket. The index of consumer prices excluding energy, food, beverages and tobacco, is calculated by the Croatian Bureau of Statistics in such a manner that the prices of energy, food, beverages and tobacco, whose share in the consumer price index basket in 2023 is 47,74%, are excluded from the overall consumer price index basket. The exclusion is carried out by assigning zero weights to these prices.

The harmonised index of consumer prices excluding energy is calculated by Eurostat in such a manner that energy prices, whose share in the harmonised consumer price index basket in 2023 is 12.87%, are excluded from the overall harmonised consumer price index basket. The harmonised index of consumer prices excluding energy, food, alcohol and tobacco, is calculated by Eurostat in such a manner that the prices of energy, food, alcohol and tobacco, whose share in the consumer price index basket in 2023 is 41.98%, are excluded from the overall consumer price index basket. The exclusion is carried out by assigning zero weights to these prices.

Table J3 House price indices • The house price index measures the change in the transactions of dwellings made by households independently of their previous owners and independently of their final use. Transaction prices include the value of land.

The house price index covers all available data on dwelling transactions (houses and flats/apartments) on the territory of the Republic of Croatia, expressed in euro, that are delivered by the Tax Administration of the Ministry of Finance according to predefined deadlines.

The main data source for calculating the weights is the value of dwelling transactions from the previous year. The weights were recalculated on the basis of changes in the prices of dwellings in the last quarter of the previous year.

Table J3 House price indices

| ³(‰ ui) ek | Other | 3.8 | 10.0 | 5.9 | 15.3 | | 3.5 | 7.5 | 8.7 | 13.4 | 9.0 | 8.9 | 5.9 | 5.4 | 8.2 | 4.1 | 14.4 | 15.2 | 13.9 | 17.5 | 16.6 | 17.7 | 16.5 | 14.4 | 10.8 | 9.2 | 16.8 |
|--|----------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----------|-------|-------|--------|----------|-------|-------|-------|----------|-------|-------|--------------|----------|-------|-----------|-------|----------|-------|-------|
| Annual rate of change (in %) ^b | Adriatic coast | 6.9 | 6.3 | 8.2 | 12.3 | | 5.2 | 0.9 | 5.7 | 5.9 | 7.5 | 0.9 | 5.9 | 6.4 | 8.9 | 11.7 | 10.9 | 12.8 | 12.8 | 12.9 | 13.2 | 12.8 | 8.2 | 11.3 | 8.9 | 10.6 | 15.9 |
| Annual ra | City of Zagreb | 13.2 | 8.1 | 7.2 | 17.9 | | 12.2 | 14.7 | 12.6 | 8.7 | 5.7 | 5.9 | 3.3 | 7.0 | 9.6 | 8.8 | 16.0 | 14.8 | 17.9 | 22.5 | 14.7 | 14.0 | 12.1 | 6.5 | 8.8 | 9.4 | 7.7 |
| | Existing dwelings | 9.1 | 8.5 | 7.2 | 14.5 | | 8.0 | 10.4 | 10.5 | 8.8 | 7.6 | 7.3 | 4.6 | 6.5 | 9.5 | 8.4 | 12.5 | 13.3 | 14.5 | 17.4 | 15.0 | 13.9 | 10.6 | 10.4 | 9.5 | 10.6 | 13.5 |
| | New Edwellings | 8.3 | 1.2 | 8.9 | 17.5 | | 8.2 | 6.9 | -1.2 | 4.5 | 1.6 | 0.2 | 5.3 | 6.7 | 8.5 | 15.0 | 20.3 | 15.9 | 17.4 | 16.5 | 7.7 | 12.4 | 12.3 | 3.7 | 6.2 | 5.4 | 4.4 |
| | Total dw | 0.6 | 7.7 | 7.3 | 14.8 | | 8.0 | 10.0 | 9.1 | 8.3 | 6.9 | 6.4 | 9.4 | 6.5 | 0.6 | 9.1 | 13.5 | 13.6 | 14.8 | 17.3 | 14.0 | 13.7 | 10.9 | 9.5 | 9.1 | 10.0 | 12.3 |
| | 욘 | | | | ÷ | | | ÷ | | | | | , | | | | ÷ | ÷ | ÷ | - | + | ÷ | ÷ | | | ÷ | ÷ |
| d(‰ (in %)₽ | Other | 1 | : | : | 1 | 16.3 | 1.7 | 5.4 | -0.3 | 6.0 | -2.2 | 5.4 | -3.1 | 5.6 | 0.4 | 1.4 | 6.4 | 6.4 | -0.8 | 4.7 | 5.5 | 7.5 | -1.9 | 2.8 | 2.2 | 5.9 | 5.0 |
| ite of chang | Adriatic coast | į | į | | : | 11.3 | -1.0 | 1.9 | 4.2 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 9.0 | 4.1 | 1.2 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 2.5 | 4:1- | 6.3 | 1.4 | 4.1 | 3.4 |
| Quarterly rate of change (in %) ^b | City of Zagreb | i | : | : | i | 11.7 | 1.8 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 1.2 | -1.0 | 3.1 | 0:0 | 6.4 | 1.3 | 2.4 | 6.5 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 6.4 | -0.3 | 3.2 | 2.4 | 1.1 | 1.8 | 3.9 | 0.8 |
| | Existing dwelings | ŧ | į | | ; | 12.4 | 0.4 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 1.6 | -0.7 | 3.1 | 0.5 | 3.5 | 1.8 | 2.3 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 2.9 | 5.0 | 2.2 | 3.2 | -0.1 | 4.7 | 1.4 | 4.2 | 2.5 |
| | | : | : | : | : | 9.0 | 2.4 | -0.5 | -0.7 | 3.4 | -0.5 | -2.0 | 4.3 | 4.8 | 1.3 | 3.9 | 9.2 | 6.0 | 2.6 | 3.1 | 6.0 | 5.3 | 2.5 | 4.8 | 3.3 | 4.5 | 1.5 |
| | dwel | | | | | _ | | _ | | | | | | | | | _ | | | | | | | _ | _ | | _ |
| | Total | ! | 1 | ! | : | 11.9 | 9.0 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 1.8 | 9.0- | 2.5 | 6.0 | 3.6 | 1.7 | 2.5 | 5.0 | 3.7 | 2.8 | 4.7 | 2.0 | 3.5 | 0.3 | 3.4 | 1.7 | 4.3 | 2.4 |
| $5 = 100^a$ | Other | 104.1 | 114.5 | 121.2 | 139.7 | 162.5 | 104.0 | 109.6 | 109.3 | 115.9 | 113.3 | 119.5 | 115.7 | 122.2 | 122.6 | 124.4 | 132.3 | 140.8 | 139.7 | 146.2 | 154.2 | 165.8 | 162.7 | 167.2 | 170.8 | 181.0 | 189.9 |
| Basic indices, $2015 = 100^a$ | Adriatic coast | 119.1 | 126.5 | 137.0 | 153.9 | 171.3 | 118.0 | 120.3 | 125.4 | 126.3 | 126.9 | 127.6 | 132.8 | 134.3 | 138.2 | 142.5 | 147.3 | 151.5 | 155.8 | 160.9 | 166.7 | 170.9 | 168.5 | 179.0 | 181.5 | 189.0 | 195.3 |
| Basici | City of Zagreb | 131.8 | 142.5 | 152.7 | 180.0 | 201.0 | 133.5 | 137.4 | 140.8 | 142.5 | 141.1 | 145.4 | 145.4 | 152.6 | 154.6 | 158.3 | 168.6 | 175.1 | 182.3 | 193.9 | 193.3 | 199.6 | 204.4 | 206.6 | 210.3 | 218.4 | 220.1 |
| | Existing dwelings | 123.7 | 134.3 | 143.9 | 164.8 | 185.2 | 123.9 | 128.1 | 132.1 | 134.2 | 133.3 | 137.4 | 138.2 | 143.0 | 145.6 | 149.0 | 155.5 | 162.0 | 166.7 | 174.9 | 178.8 | 184.6 | 184.4 | 193.1 | 195.8 | 204.1 | 209.3 |
| | New Edwellings dv | 108.3 | 109.6 | 119.4 | 140.2 | 152.8 | 109.1 | 108.5 | 107.7 | 111.3 | 110.8 | 108.7 | 113.4 | 118.8 | 120.3 | 125.0 | 136.4 | 137.7 | 141.2 | 145.7 | 146.9 | 154.7 | 158.6 | 151.1 | 156.0 | 163.1 | 165.6 |
| | | Ξ | 4.0 | 6.6 | 7.0 | 6.6 | 4. | 6.1 | 3.2 | 9.0 | 8.6 | 6.3 | 1.2 | 0.0 | 4. | 0.0 | 2.2 | 6. | 4.2 | Ε. | 3.6 | 9.6 | <u>-:</u> | 3.2 | 4.6 | .5 | 5.2 |
| | Total | 121.1 | 130.4 | 139.9 | 160.7 | 179.9 | 121.4 | 124.9 | 128.2 | 130.6 | 129.8 | 132.9 | 134.2 | 139.0 | 141.4 | 145.0 | 152.2 | 157.9 | 162.4 | 170.1 | 173.6 | 179.6 | 180.1 | 186.2 | 189.4 | 197.5 | 202.2 |
| Quarter | | | | | | | 03 | 4 | E | Ø | 03 | 4 | E | Ø | 03 | 4 | E | Ø | 03 | 4 | F | Ø | 03 | 4 | E | S | 9 |
| | | 6 | 0 | Ε. | 23 | g | Ø | Q | 03 Q1 | 02 | Ø | Q 4 | ra Od | 02 | Ø | Q | 22 Q1 | 02 | Ø | 9 | 23 Q1 | 02 | Ø | 9 | 24 Q1 | 02 | Q3 |
| Year | | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | 2020 | | | | 2021 | | | | 2022 | | | | 2023 | | | | 2024 | | |

a Indices (from first quarter 2017, a common index reference period for the house price index has been 2015 = 100).

Note: To meet user needs, the Croatian Bureau of Statistics and the Croatian National Bank cooperated in the calculation of an extended quarterly index series starting from the first quarter of 2002, when data of the Ministry of Finance (Tax Administration) have become available for the category "Total" and for three defined geographical areas – the City of Zagreb, the Adriatic Coast and the rest of Croatia ("Other"). b. According to the Eurostat practice, changes in the reference year caused revisions of previously published change rates due to the fact that change rates calculated from the 2015 = 100 series calculated from the 2010 = 100 series due to rounding of

Source: Croatian Bureau of Statistics.

Table J4 Average monthly net earnings

in current prices, in euro

| Year | Month | Nominal amount in euro | Chain indices | Annual monthly indices | Annual cumulative indices |
|------|-----------|---------------------------|------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| 2015 | December | 749.6 | | 104.3 | |
| 2016 | December | 774.8 | 100.6 | 103.4 | 101.6 |
| 2017 | December | 792.8 | 96.5 | 102.3 | 105.3 |
| 2018 | December | 831.1 | 99.9 | 104.8 | 104.3 |
| 2019 | December | 870.5 | 100.4 | 104.7 | 103.4 |
| 2020 | December | 928.9 | 102.0 | 105.0 | 102.7 |
| 2021 | December | 966.2 | 99.3 | 104.0 | 105.4 |
| 2022 | December | 1,045.6 | 99.5 | 108.2 | 107.4 |
| 2023 | December | 1,191.0 | 98.6 | 113.9 | 113.0 |
| 2024 | January | 1,239.0 | 104.0 | 113.3 | 113.3 |
| | February | 1,248.0 | 100.7 | 112.8 | 113.0 |
| | March | 1,326.0 | 106.3 | 117.3 | 114.5 |
| | April | 1,323.0 | 99.8 | 117.9 | 115.4 |
| | May | 1,324.0 | 100.1 | 116.9 | 115.8 |
| | June | 1,315.0 | 99.3 | 114.3 | 115.5 |
| | July | 1,315.0 | 100.0 | 115.2 | 115.4 |
| | August | 1,324.0 | 100.7 | 113.8 | 115.1 |
| | September | 1,322.0 | 99.8 | 114.4 | 115.2 |
| | October | 1,340.0 | 101.4 | 113.8 | 114.9 |
| | November | 1,366.0 | 101.9 | 113.1 | 114.9 |

Note: results from JOPPD forms. Source: Croatian Bureau of Statistics.

Table J4 Average monthly net earnings • Average monthly paid net earnings comprise income of a person in employment earned for work done during regular working hours as well as annual leave, paid leave, public holidays and day-offs as prescribed by law, sickness leave up to 42 days, absence for

continuing professional education, during lay-off and job stop caused against person's will and of no fault of his own and net pays on the basis of compensations, allowances and rewards in sums which are subject to contributions, taxes and surtaxes.

Table J5 Consumer confidence index, consumer expectations index and consumer sentiment index index points, original data

| Year | Month | | | Composite indices | | | | | Response | indices (I) |
|------|-----------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----------|-------------|
| | | Consumer confidence index | Consumer expectations index | Consumer sentiment index | I1 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 18 | 19 |
| 2010 | January | -38.6 | -35.2 | -47.9 | -39.5 | -26.4 | -64.8 | -43.9 | -39.5 | -44.5 |
| 2011 | January | -34.5 | -26.4 | -47.8 | -37.7 | -16.2 | -67.3 | -36.6 | -38.5 | -47.4 |
| 2012 | January | -19.7 | -5.9 | -39.1 | -26.8 | -2.8 | -54.7 | -9.0 | -35.7 | -40.0 |
| 2013 | January | -35.6 | -31.7 | -48.0 | -38.4 | -22.5 | -64.5 | -40.9 | -41.1 | -40.7 |
| 2014 | January | -27.1 | -20.1 | -41.1 | -30.5 | -13.3 | -56.5 | -26.9 | -36.3 | -37.8 |
| 2015 | January | -20.4 | -13.7 | -36.0 | -22.1 | -7.5 | -51.0 | -19.8 | -35.0 | -32.3 |
| 2016 | January | -9.7 | 0.1 | -20.2 | -10.7 | 2.5 | -19.6 | -2.2 | -30.1 | -28.5 |
| 2017 | January | -10.2 | -4.7 | -18.3 | -10.5 | -1.0 | -19.8 | -8.4 | -24.7 | -21.0 |
| 2018 | January | -6.4 | -1.2 | -15.2 | -4.7 | 3.3 | -20.0 | -5.6 | -21.0 | -18.7 |
| 2019 | January | -4.5 | -0.9 | -13.7 | -0.4 | 9.1 | -21.8 | -10.9 | -18.9 | -15.7 |
| 2020 | January | 1.3 | 7.1 | -6.5 | 2.6 | 12.6 | -12.2 | 1.6 | -10.0 | -11.5 |
| 2021 | January | -16.5 | -15.2 | -33.5 | -10.9 | 2.7 | -54.5 | -33.1 | -35.1 | -24.7 |
| 2022 | January | -14.0 | -14.9 | -26.2 | -6.7 | 0.6 | -49.5 | -30.5 | -22.5 | -19.3 |
| 2023 | January | -21.0 | -23.4 | -35.3 | -13.0 | -10.3 | -53.8 | -36.4 | -39.1 | -24.3 |
| 2024 | January | -10.2 | -7.5 | -28.6 | -7.4 | 3.5 | -46.5 | -18.6 | -31.9 | -18.2 |
| 2024 | February | -11.0 | -7.2 | -27.8 | -9.6 | 2.6 | -44.8 | -17.0 | -29.0 | -20.1 |
| | March | -9.9 | -6.3 | -25.3 | -7.5 | 3.7 | -41.8 | -16.3 | -26.7 | -19.7 |
| | April | -8.9 | -4.5 | -24.3 | -8.0 | 4.0 | -39.4 | -13.0 | -25.5 | -18.5 |
| | May | -5.9 | -3.2 | -20.7 | -1.9 | 6.9 | -37.0 | -13.4 | -23.1 | -15.3 |
| | June | -10.4 | -7.2 | -23.0 | -7.8 | 2.9 | -37.7 | -17.3 | -23.5 | -19.4 |
| | July | -11.0 | -7.9 | -23.5 | -5.6 | 1.7 | -39.8 | -17.6 | -25.1 | -22.7 |
| | August | -13.6 | -12.6 | -25.4 | -6.7 | -0.6 | -40.4 | -24.6 | -29.2 | -22.6 |
| | September | -15.2 | -12.9 | -27.6 | -7.5 | -0.7 | -46.3 | -25.0 | -29.0 | -27.6 |
| | October | -13.9 | -11.6 | -28.4 | -8.5 | 1.7 | -45.7 | -24.9 | -31.0 | -24.1 |
| | November | -12.3 | -11.9 | -26.9 | -4.9 | 1.8 | -48.8 | -25.7 | -27.1 | -20.3 |
| | December | -14.3 | -14.1 | -28.6 | -9.4 | -0.9 | -49.0 | -27.3 | -27.4 | -19.7 |
| | December | -15.4 | -16.2 | -25.3 | -8.1 | -4.8 | -44.0 | -27.6 | -23.8 | -20.9 |

Sources: Ipsos and CNB

Table J5 Consumer confidence index, consumer expectations index and consumer sentiment index • The Consumer Confidence Survey has been carried out regularly since April 1999 in accordance with the methodology of the European Commission, the Joint Harmonised EU Programme of Business and Consumer Surveys. Until April 2005, the survey was conducted once a quarter (in January, April, July and October). As of May 2005, the survey is carried out in monthly frequency in cooperation with the European Commission, using its technical and financial assistance.

The questionnaire contains 23 questions, examining consumer perception of the changes as regards every-day economic issues. The value of the response index is determined in line with the set methodology, based on the responses to the questions from the Consumer Confidence Survey. The movements of three composite indices, consumer confidence index (CCI), consumer sentiment index (CSI) and consumer expectations index (CEI), are calculated and monitored based on the value of the response indices. Each of the said composite indices is calculated as the arithmetic average of the response indices (I), i.e. as the average of previously quantified responses to individual questions from the survey:

$$I_i = \sum_{i=1}^{k} r_i \cdot w_i$$

where: r is the value of the response, w is the share of respondents opting for a particular response (weight), i question from

the questionnaire, z is the offered/chosen response, k is the number of offered responses to a particular question. The value of the said indices ranges $-100 < I_i < 100$. Higher index values than those recorded over the previous period point to an increase in expectations (optimism) as regards the specific segment covered by the particular question.

The table shows the values of chosen response indices for the following questions:

- I1: How has the financial situation of your household changed over the last 12 months?
- I2: How do you expect the financial position of your household to change over the next 12 months?
- I3: How do you think the general economic situation in Croatia has changed over the past 12 months?
- I4: How do you expect the general economic situation in Croatia to develop over the next 12 months?
- I8: In view of the general economic situation, do you think now is the right moment for people to make major purchases such as furniture, electrical/electronic devices, etc.?
- 19: How do you expect the consumption of durable goods to change over the next 12 months, compared to the previous 12 months?

The components of composite indices are as follows:

CCI: I1, I2, I4, I9

CEI: I2, I4

CSI: I1, I3, I8.

List of banks and savings banks

1 February 2025

Authorised banks¹

| Ordinal no. | Personal ID number | Identification number | Name of bank |
|----------------|--------------------|-----------------------|---|
| 1. | 14036333877 | 01198947 | Addiko Bank d.d., Zagreb |
| 2. | 70663193635 | 00560286 | Agram banka d.d., Zagreb |
| 3. | 33039197637 | 01326287 | Banka Kovanica d.d., Varaždin |
| 4. | 32247795989 | 03467988 | Croatia banka d.d., Zagreb |
| 5. | 23057039320 | 03337367 | Erste&Steiermärkische Bank d.d., Rijeka |
| 6. | 87939104217 | 03777928 | Hrvatska poštanska banka d. d., Zagreb |
| 7. | 99326633206 | 00971359 | Imex banka d.d., Split |
| 8. | 65723536010 | 03463958 | Istarska kreditna banka Umag d.d., Umag |
| 9. | 38182927268 | 00675539 | J&T banka d.d., Varaždin |
| 10. | 08106331075 | 03123014 | Karlovačka banka d.d., Karlovac |
| 11. | 73656725926 | 01263986 | KentBank d.d., Zagreb |
| 12. | 52508873833 | 03141721 | OTP banka d.d., Split |
| 13. | 71221608291 | 03726177 | Partner banka d.d., Zagreb |
| 14. | 97326283154 | 03015904 | Podravska banka d.d., Koprivnica |
| 15. | 02535697732 | 03269841 | Privredna banka Zagreb d.d., Zagreb |
| 16. | 53056966535 | 00901717 | Raiffeisenbank Austria d.d., Zagreb |
| 17. | 13806526186 | 03113680 | Samoborska banka d.d., Samobor |
| 18. | 42252496579 | 03999092 | Slatinska banka d.d., Slatina |
| 19. | 92963223473 | 03234495 | Zagrebačka banka d.d., Zagreb |
| | | | |

Authorised housing savings banks²

| Ordinal no. | Personal ID number | Identification number | Name of savings bank |
|----------------|--------------------|--------------------------|--|
| 1. | 07942675532 | 01393685 | Wüstenrot stambena štedionica d.d., Zagreb |

Other institutions

Directive 2013/36/EU on access to the activity of credit institutions and the prudential supervision of credit institutions (Capital Requirements Directive, CRD) does not apply to the following institutions in Croatia:

- 1. credit unions, operating in accordance with the Credit Unions Act (OG 141/2006, 25/2009 and 90/2011), which are subject to supervision by the Croatian National Bank;
- the Croatian Bank for Reconstruction and Development, Zagreb, operating in accordance with the Act on the Croatian Bank for Reconstruction and Development (OG 138/2006 and 25/2013), which is not subject to supervision by the Croatian National Bank.

Banks and savings banks undergoing bankruptcy proceedings

| Ordinal no. | Name of bank/savings bank | Date of bankruptcy proceedings opening |
|-------------|--|--|
| 1. | Alpe Jadran banka d.d., Split | 15/5/2002 |
| 2. | Banka splitsko-dalmatinska d.d., Split | 1/7/2016 |
| 3. | Centar banka d.d., Zagreb | 30/9/2013 |
| 4. | Credo banka d.d., Split | 16/1/2012 |
| 5. | Nava banka d.d., Zagreb | 1/12/2014 |
| 6. | Trgovačko-turistička banka d.d., Split | 8/9/2000 |

¹ The personal identification number (OIB) assigned to them by the Tax Authority of the Ministry of Finance and the identification number assigned to them by the Croatian Bureau of Statistics are listed for authorised credit institutions. Information for the purpose of creating qualified certificates for electronic seals pursuant to Article 34 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2018/389 of 27 November 2017 supplementing Directive (EU) 2015/2366 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards for strong customer authentication and common and secure open standards of communication: all of the abovementioned banks are authorised to provide all payment services.

² The personal identification number (OIB) assigned to them by the Tax Authority of the Ministry of Finance and the identification number assigned to them by the Croatian Bureau of Statistics are listed for authorised credit institutions.

Banks and savings banks undergoing winding-up proceedings

Ordinal Name of bank/savings bank no.

Date of winding-up proceedings initiation

1. Križevačka banka d.d., Križevci (sada Internet Mobile Bank d.d., Bjelovar)

3/1/2005

Representative offices of foreign banks

In accordance with Article 95 of the Credit Institutions Act (OG 159/2013, 19/2015 and 102/2015), the Croatian National Bank keeps a register of representative offices of credit institutions in the Republic of Croatia. Representative offices of third-country credit institutions in the Republic of Croatia are established following an authorisation obtained from the Croatian National Bank. There are currently no representative offices of third-country credit institutions established in the Republic of Croatia. No registration requirement exists for representative offices of EU credit institutions.

Branches of foreign credit institutions²

| | Personal ID number | | Name of branch | Date of entry in the register |
|-----|--------------------|----------|---|-------------------------------|
| no. | | number | | of companies |
| 1. | 02138784111 | 04604369 | BKS Bank AG, Glavna podružnica Hrvatska | 26/9/2016 |

Management of the Croatian National Bank

1 February 2025

Members of the Council of the Croatian National Bank

Chairman of the Council Boris Vujčić

Members of the Council Michael Faulend

Bojan Fras Tomislav Ćorić Ivana Jakir-Bajo Maroje Lang Sandra Švaljek

Management of the CNB

Governor Boris Vujčić
Deputy Governor Vicegovernor Vicegovernor Vicegovernor Vicegovernor Vicegovernor Vicegovernor Vicegovernor Vicegovernor Vicegovernor Maroje Lang

Abbreviations and symbols

| Abbreviations | | n.e.c. | - not elsewhere classified | | |
|---------------|--|---------|---|--|--|
| | | OECD | Organisation for Economic Co-Operation and | | |
| BIS | Bank for International Settlements | | Development | | |
| bn | – billion | OG | Official Gazette | | |
| b.p. | basis points | R | – Republic | | |
| BOP | balance of payments | o/w | – of which | | |
| c.i.f. | cost, insurance and freight | PPI | producer price index | | |
| CBRD | - Croatian Bank for Reconstruction and Development | RTGS | Real-Time Gross Settlement | | |
| CBS | Croatian Bureau of Statistics | Q | – quarterly | | |
| CCI | consumer confidence index | RR | reserve requirement | | |
| CDCC | Central Depository and Clearing Company Inc. | SDR | special drawing rights | | |
| CDS | - credit default swap | SITC | Standard International Trade Classification | | |
| CEE | - Central and Eastern European | SGP | Stability and Growth Pact | | |
| CEFTA | - | VAT | – value added tax | | |
| CEI | consumer expectations index | WTO | World Trade Organization | | |
| CES | - Croatian Employment Service | ZMM | – Zagreb Money Market | | |
| CHIF | Croatian Health Insurance Fund | ZSE | - Zagreb Stock Exchange | | |
| CLVPS | - Croatian Large Value Payment System | LUL | Zagros Stock Exchange | | |
| CM | - Croatian Motorways | Three-I | nree-letter currency codes | | |
| CNB | - Croatian National Bank | 1111001 | etter currency codes | | |
| CPF | - Croatian Privatisation Fund | ATS | – Austrian schilling | | |
| CPF | | CHF | - Austrian schining - Swiss franc | | |
| | consumer price index Croatian Pension Insurance Institute | | | | |
| CPII | | CNY | – Yuan Renminbi | | |
| CR | - Croatian Roads | DEM | – German mark | | |
| CSI | - consumer sentiment index | EUR | – euro | | |
| DAB | State Agency for Deposit Insurance and Bank | FRF | - French franc | | |
| | Resolution | GBP | pound sterling | | |
| dep. | – deposit | HRK | – Croatian kuna | | |
| DVP | delivery versus payment | ITL | – Italian lira | | |
| EC | European Commission | JPY | Japanese yen | | |
| ECB | European Central Bank | TRY | – Turkish lira | | |
| EFTA | European Free Trade Association | USD | – US dollar | | |
| EMU | Economic and Monetary Union | | | | |
| ESI | economic sentiment index | Two-let | ter country codes | | |
| EU | European Union | | | | |
| excl. | - excluding | BG | – Bulgaria | | |
| f/c | – foreign currency | CZ | - Czech R. | | |
| FDI | foreign direct investment | EE | – Estonia | | |
| Fed | – Federal Reserve System | HR | – Croatia | | |
| FINA | - Financial Agency | HU | - Hungary | | |
| FISIM | - financial intermediation services indirectly measured | LV | – Latvia | | |
| f.o.b. | – free on board | LT | – Lithuania | | |
| GDP | – gross domestic product | PL | – Poland | | |
| GVA | – gross value added | RO | – Romania | | |
| | - Croatian Financial Services Supervisory Agency | SK | – Slovak R. | | |
| HICP | harmonised index of consumer prices | SI | – Slovania | | |
| ILO | International Labour Organization | 51 | - Slovelila | | |
| IMF | International Labour Organization International Monetary Fund | Symbo | lo | | |
| | | Syllibo | 15 | | |
| incl. | - including | | a continu | | |
| IPO | - initial public offering | _ | - no entry | | |
| m | – million | | - data not available | | |
| MIGs | – main industrial groupings | 0 | – value is less than 0.5 of the unit of measure being | | |
| MM | – monthly maturity | ~ | used | | |
| MoF | - Ministry of Finance | Ø. | – average | | |
| NCA | National Classification of Activities | | . – indicates a note beneath the table and figure | | |
| NCB | – national central bank | * | - corrected data | | |
| NCS | National Clearing System | () | - incomplete or insufficiently verified data | | |
| | | | | | |

